Avon Pension Fund Annual Report 2022/23



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1. Chair's Foreword

Welcome to the 2022-23 Annual Report of the Avon Pension Fund. It has been a year of encouraging progress and development.

We completed a triennial actuarial valuation which showed the Fund to be in robust financial health, with a 97%¹ funding level. This has enabled us to achieve stability in employer contributions while funding a 10.1% rise in pension payments from April 2023.

We completed Phase-1 of an investment review, setting out the appropriate asset mix to generate returns required to meet future pension commitments. This review confirmed the Fund's diversified investment strategy with assets spread across equities, infrastructure, property, and bonds.

We have also been active in responsible investing and our equity investment portfolio is 20% more carbon efficient than the wider market. However we need to do more on climate and Phase-2 of the investment review focuses on more ambitious climate targets. This review will complete before the end of the 2023-24 financial year and we are encouraging active involvement from scheme members, trades unions, councillors, and other stakeholders.

Administration has been challenging over 2020-23, with remote working exacerbated by high staff turnover. The pensions team returned to the office in September 2022, since when we have made progress improving service experience. We are equipped to work remotely and in the office, which is helping develop staff and enabling teams to work more effectively together.

The Avon Pension Fund Committee has approved a plan to digitalise the service over 2023-25, to drive improvements in member experience and greater operational efficiency. This includes a new website and broader capability for member self-service through My Pension Online. Work continues in preparation for planned legislative changes such as the McCloud (age discrimination) remedy and the pensions dashboard.

The Fund was pleased to appoint Nick Dixon as its new Head of Pensions in October 2022, to lead us through the next phase of the Fund's development.

I would like to thank all staff of the Avon Pension Fund for providing good service in the face of difficult challenges, and to the Committee for their wholehearted support for the Fund's officers.

Councillor Paul Crossley

Chair of the Avon Pension Fund Committee

¹ Provisional based on high level work. The most recent actuarial review relates to March 2022.

2. Highlights of the year 2022-23

Finance & Investments

Investment Strategy & Funding

The Avon Pension Fund's (the Fund's) overriding investment objective is to meet future pension payments to members, in the context of affordability for employers and addressing climate change.

The Fund's value on 31 March 2023 was £5.4 billion, representing a robust financial position with 97% funding. Despite rising inflation which has raised future pension payments, the funding position improved on the back of higher interest rates.

The 2023 investment review concluded that current asset allocation achieves the right balance of risk and return to meet funding needs. Assets are broadly diversified across equities, infrastructure, renewables, property, and fixed income.

The only new investment agreed was a 3% allocation to Local Impact portfolios, expected to deliver positive social and environmental impact primarily in the South West region which will be implemented over 2024-26.

Responsible Investment

The Fund's approach to Responsible Investment is guided by its core investment beliefs:- long-term investments to drive returns, diversified portfolio to manage risk, seeking to make a positive contribution to society and the environment.

This year the Fund renewed its status as a signatory of the UK Stewardship Code, which encourages investors to use financial capital to create long-term value for pension members alongside environmental, social and governance (ESG) objectives.

APF supports active engagement with the companies it invests in. Engagement is undertaken through Federated Hermes, the voting and engagement adviser to Brunel Pension Partnership (Brunel). Hermes engaged 466 companies on the Fund's behalf during 2022-23, across a broad range of ESG issues. Environmental topics featured in 25% of engagements with c.70% of these relating to climate change.

APF participates in several industry initiatives. These aim to improve disclosures, such as reporting on carbon metrics, and build meaningful engagement with companies. Two key initiatives are the Climate Action 100+ and the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC).

In 2022 the Fund achieved a 49% reduction in the carbon intensity of its equities vs the 2019 baseline. The Fund currently has a target to become net zero by 2050, consistent with the IIGCC Asset Owners Net Zero Framework, with interim targets to reduce absolute carbon emissions in its listed equity portfolios by 69% by 2030.

However there is keen appetite to accelerate progress towards net zero, and the investment review continues into 2023-24 with a robust assessment of APF's climate objectives. We plan to confirm fresh climate targets before the end of March 2024.

Pooling of Assets

In 2018 APF joined the Brunel pool, a collaboration of 10 Local Government Pension Schemes (LGPS). Pooling achieves lower investment costs and provides more efficient management to enhance returns. Brunel now manages 86% of APF assets. In 2022-23 APF achieved annual fee savings of £8.6 million* and cumulative fee saving to date are £20.3 million*.

Funding Strategy

The last actuarial valuation in 2022 confirmed a funding level of 96%, showing the proportion of APF liabilities covered by assets. This review informs employer contribution rates and deficit payment plans for 2023-26. This funding level was an improvement on the 94% level in 2019, with the deficit declining in monetary terms from £284m in 2019 to £238m in 2022.

The funding level varies over time as the value of assets and liabilities change with market prices. It is worth highlighting that since March 2022, higher interest rates have more than offset rising inflation and the funding level is estimated to have improved further to 97% in March 2023.

Read more in the investments section

Pensions Administration

Since Covid, APF has adopted a hybrid model of office and home-working. Staff returned to Keynsham Civic Centre in September 2022, in a space which accommodates 60% of staff. Full-time staff are now office based at least two days a week, with average office participation of c.3 days per week.

While service levels materially improved during 2022, performance in aggregate remains well below required levels and just five out of nineteen service measures were completed within target timescales. This is a result of staff vacancy rates of c.13%, increased data from employers reflecting higher churn of members and regulatory change.

To address these challenges, the Fund is driving three core actions:

- Backlogs: the Fund is working to reduce service backlogs and prioritise those services most critical to members. This includes paying pensions on time and processing new retirement and death cases.
- Performance insight: the Fund is developing the range and insight of management information, to embed this in day-to-day decision making.
- Project portfolio: the Fund is developing a portfolio of transformational change project which will digitise administration, to improve members'

service experience and drive operational efficiency.

Collaboration between APF teams and employers ensured the Fund continued to meet its statutory obligations throughout 2022-23. This included sending members their Annual Benefit Statements and Pensions Savings Statements on time. The Fund appointed Legal & General as its Additional Voluntary Contribution (AVC) provider and successfully transferred members from Aviva and Utmost Life. And the Fund expects to transfer administration of the Avon Fire & Rescue pension scheme to an alternative supplier before 31 March 2024.

There are a number of projects underway to implement regulations such as those related to McCloud / Sargeant age discrimination and pensions dashboards.

Read more in the pensions administration section

Employer Contribution Rates

In 2022-23 there were 444 employers in the APF covering a broad range of organisations linked to the public sector including:

- Four local authorities: Bath & North East Somerset, Bristol, North Somerset, South Gloucestershire
- The West of England Combined Authority (WECA)
- Universities, colleges, and academies
- Town & parish councils
- Charities, Housing Associations, and other organisations

The employers contributed just under £152 million to the scheme in 2022-23. APF's funding strategy is prudent and seeks to enable stable employer contribution rates over time. The current average employer contribution is 18.6% of salaries.

Read more in the employer contribution rates section

Governance

APF reviewed its governance arrangements in 2022 and implemented a Conflicts of Interest Policy, Representation Policy, and Training Policy. The Fund also adopted the Hyman's LGPS Online Learning Academy to complement training offered to APF Committee and Board members.

The Fund will further review its arrangements when the Good Governance Review and The Pension Regulator's (TPR) new Code of Practice have been published. APF's Local Pension Board focused on members' service experience and continued to raise concerns about the Fund's service performance. The Board regularly reviewed improvement plans which are considered vital to ensure that APF delivers

good service to members and employers.

In December 2022 the Board was presented with external and internal audit findings, and was reassured to note that the audits did not find any significant issues and all internal audits received a 'substantial' assurance rating.

Looking ahead the Board will continue to support the Fund. It will receive updates on the Fund's service improvements plans at every meeting and Board members have also requested additional engagement with APF officers between Board meetings.

Read more in the governance section.

3. Governance and Management Structure (as at 31 March 2023)

| Administering Authority: | Bath and North East Somerset Council | https://beta.bathnes.gov.uk/ |
|---|---|---|
| | | |
| Members of the Avon F | Pension Fund Committee: | https://democracy.bathnes. gov.uk/mgCommitteeDetail s.aspx?ID=212 |
| | | avonpensionfund@bathnes |
| Councillor Paul Crossley (Chair) | Bath and North East Somerset Council | |
| Councillor Shaun Stephenson-McGall (Vice-Chair) | Bath and North East Somerset Council | |
| Councillor Chris Dando | Bath and North East Somerset Council | |
| Councillor Paul May | Bath and North East Somerset Council | |
| Councillor Bruce Shearn | Bath and North East Somerset Council | |
| Councillor Steve Pearce | Bristol City Council | |
| Councillor John Cato | North Somerset Council | |
| Councillor Toby Savage | South Gloucestershire Council | |
| William Liew | Higher and Further Education Representative | |
| Charles Gerrish | Academies Representative | |
| Wendy Weston | GMB | |
| Shirley Marsh-Hughes | Independent Member | Left 30 June 2022 |
| Pauline Gordon | Independent Member | |
| John Finch | Independent Member | |
| Jackie Peel | Independent Member | Joined 1 July 2022 |
| Non-voting Members: | | |
| Councillor John Goddard | Parish and Town Councils | Resigned 30 September 2022 |
| Mike Rumph | Unite | |
| Richard Orton | Unison | |

| Members of the Local | https://democracy.bathnes. gov.uk/mgCommitteeDetail s.aspx?ID=563 | |
|----------------------|---|---|
| Nick Weaver | Independent Chair | |
| Steve Harman | Employer Representative | |
| Tony Whitlock | Employer Representative | |
| Stuart Anstead | Employer Representative | |
| David Yorath | Member Representative | |
| Helen Ball | Member Representative | |
| Alison Wyatt | Member Representative | |
| | | |
| Council Officers: | | www.avonpensionfund.org. uk avonpensionfund@bathnes .gov.uk |
| Andy Rothery | Chief Finance Officer (S151) | |
| Jeff Wring | Director – One West | |
| Nick Dixon | Head of Pensions | |
| Liz Woodyard | Group Manager – Funding, Investment and Risk | |
| Geoff Cleak | Pensions Manager | |
| Michael Hewitt | Head of Legal and Democratic Services | |
| | | |
| External Auditor | Grant Thornton | www.grantthornton.co.uk |
| Asset Pool | Brunel Pension Partnership | www.brunelpensionpartner ship.org info@brunelpp.org |

Investment Managers:















Actuary:

Legal Advisor:

Bankers:

AVC Providers:

External Auditor:











Investment Consultant:

Global Custodian:





| Contact Details | | |
|------------------------|----------------|--|
| BlackRock | Investment | https://www.blackrock.com/uk |
| | Managers | |
| IFM | Investment | https://www.ifminvestors.com/ |
| | Managers | |
| J P Morgan | Investment | https://www.jpmorgan.com/ |
| | Managers | |
| Record | Investment | https://www.recordcm.com/ |
| | Managers | |
| Partners Group | Investment | https://www.partnersgroup.com/en/ |
| | Managers | |
| Schroders | Investment | https://www.schroders.com/ |
| | Managers | |
| Mercer | Actuary | https://www.mercer.com/ |
| Osborne Clarke | Legal Advisors | https://www.osborneclarke.com/locations/uk/bristol |
| Nat West | Bankers | https://www.natwest.com/ |
| Legal and General | AVC Provider | https://www.legalandgeneral.com/ |
| Mercer | Investment | https://www.mercer.com/ |
| | Consultant | |
| State Street | Global | https://www.statestreet.com/home.html |
| | Custodian | |
| Grant Thornton | External | https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/ |
| | Auditor | |

4. Fund Governance

Avon Pension Fund Committee

As administering authority, Bath and North East Somerset Council (the Council), has legal responsibility for the Avon Pension Fund (the Fund) as set out in the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) Regulations.

The Council has delegated responsibility for the Fund to the Avon Pension Fund Committee (the Committee) which is the formal decision-making body. The Committee's role is strategic in nature, setting policy framework and monitoring implementation and compliance within that framework. Due to the wide scope of the Committee's remit, it is supported by the Investment Panel (the Panel) which considers the investment strategy and investment performance in greater depth. The Committee has delegated authority to the Panel for specific investment decisions.

The Terms of Reference, agreed by the Council, for the Committee and the Panel are set out in Appendix B.

The Committee meets formally each quarter. In some circumstances hybrid meetings continued to be held, for example to avoid travel disruption caused by train strikes. This ensured all members had the opportunity to take part in debate and put forward recommendations. A minimum of five voting members attended meetings in person to ensure meetings were quorate.

A couple of workshops took place during the year. The Fund's Actuary, Mercer, presented a Valuation Results workshop to both the Committee and the Pension Board (the Board). Mercer also helped officers facilitate a Strategic Review Workshop to the Committee in their role as the Fund's investment advisor.

The governance in respect of the dual accountability of Brunel Pension Partnership (to the Council as Shareholder and the Fund as client) is managed by a subgroup of the Committee overseeing this important relationship. It met as needed during the year to discuss specific shareholder and client matters.

Table 4(a): Committee structure

| Voting members (14): | Five elected members from Bath and North East Somerset Council |
|-------------------------|--|
| | One elected member nominated from each of Bristol City Council, North Somerset Council and South Gloucestershire Council |
| | Three independent members |
| | One nominated from the higher/further education bodies |
| | One nominated from academy bodies |
| | One nominated by the trade unions |
| Non-voting members (3): | One nominated from the town and parish councils |
| | Two nominated from the trade unions |

Investment Panel

The Committee is supported by an Investment Panel (the Panel) which considers the investment strategy and investment performance in greater depth. The Committee has delegated authority to the Panel for specific investment decisions; strategic issues are referred to the Committee. The Panel consists of up to six voting members of the Committee. The Panel met formally four times during the year.

The Committee is supported by several external advisors; Mercer Limited advised on all actuarial and investment aspects of the Fund (under separate contracts) and Osborne Clarke provided legal advice on investment and funding issues.

The Committee, officers, external advisors, managers and administrators all operate in accordance with the relevant regulations namely the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013, the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016, CIPFA Codes and the Pensions Regulator Codes of Practice.

Table 4(b): Committee and Panel membership and attendance record (as at 31 March 2023)

Includes virtual ('V') and in-person attendance

| | Committee Meetings | | | Panel Meetings | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Jun-22 | Sep-22 | Dec-22 | Mar-23 | May-22 | Sep-22 | Nov-22 | Mar-23 |
| John Cato | V | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | | |
| Paul Crossley | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Chris Dando | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No |
| John Finch | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| John Goddard | No | No | No | No | | | | |
| Pauline Gordon | V | Yes | V | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| William Liew | V | Yes | V | Yes | | | | |
| Shirley Marsh-Hughes | V | | | | | | | |
| Paul May | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | | |
| Richard Orton | Yes | Yes | V | Yes | | | | |
| Steve Pearce | V | No | V | V | | | | |
| Mike Rumph | No | No | No | No | | | | |
| Toby Savage | No | No | V | V | | | | |
| Bruce Shearn | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | | |
| Shaun Stephenson- | | | | | | | | |
| McGall | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Wendy Weston | V | No | V | Yes | | | | |
| Jackie Peel | V | Yes | V | Yes | | Yes | Yes | No |
| Charles Gerrish | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | | |

Local Pension Board (LPB)

The Pension Board (the Board) was established in 2015 arising from the Public Sector Pension Act 2013 and Local Government Pension Scheme (Governance) Regulations 2015.

The purpose of the Board is to assist the administering authority of the Avon Pension Fund to secure compliance with the LGPS regulations and requirements of the Pensions Regulator (TPR) and ensure efficient and effective governance and administration of the fund.

The Board met formally three times throughout the year. A workshop was delivered in March to replace the fourth meeting. Officers delivered a workshop to the Board to deliver key administration, funding and investment updates.

The Terms of Reference for the LPB are set out in Appendix C.

Table 4(c): Avon Pension Board membership and attendance record (as at 31 March 2023)

| | Board Meetings | | |
|----------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| | Jun-22 | Oct-22 | Dec-22 |
| Nick Weaver | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Steve Harman | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Tony Whitlock | Yes | Yes | No |
| Alison Wyatt | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| David Yorath | Yes | No | Yes |
| Helen Ball | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Stuart Anstead | No | No | Yes |

Training

The administering authority recognises the importance of training, both for Committee members, Local Pension Board, and officers responsible for financial management and decision making within the fund. Training is provided to ensure Pension Committee members, Board members and officers possess an appropriate level of knowledge, skill and understanding to carry out their duties.

Specifically, the administering authority must ensure:

- That decisions are taken by persons or organisations with the skills, knowledge, advice and resources necessary to make them effectively monitor implementation
- Those persons or organisations have sufficient expertise to be able to evaluate and challenge the advice they receive and manage conflicts of interest

The Fund has in place a formal training policy which is based on CIPFA's (Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accounting) Knowledge and Skills Framework for LGPS funds. This framework is used to assess the training needs and to prepare the annual training plan.

The Fund has adopted Hymans Robertson's LGPS Online Learning Academy, following the additional knowledge and skills requirements introduced in the Scheme Advisory Board's (SAB) Good Governance Review. The completion of modules is mandatory for the Committee and Board members as set out in the Fund's training policy. The training is also recommended for senior officers. A training plan has been agreed to complete the modules in preparation for upcoming meeting agenda items.

Committee training

Committee training is delivered in a variety of formats, reflecting the strategic importance of the subject matter to the Committee's agenda and the differing level of knowledge and understanding across the Committee. Much of the training is delivered through detailed reports and workshops where the topic is explored in greater detail.

In addition, Committee members and officers are encouraged to attend seminars and conferences which broaden their understanding of investments and topics of relevance to the LGPS. New Committee members are encouraged to attend the Fundamentals Training Courses offered by the Local Government Association (LGA) and induction sessions arranged and delivered by officers. New members have to complete The Pension Regulator's (TPR) public sector 'Pension Online Toolkit' and eight modules contained within the Hymans Robertson's LGPS Online Learning Academy. Officers' annual performance reviews identify any training needs as well as monitoring individual performance against objectives.

Table 4(d): Training provided in 2022/23

| Topic | Delivered by: |
|--|--|
| Governance | |
| Legal responsibility of Committee and Officers Governance and assurance framework Administration Strategy Investment Regulations | Committee reports monitoring administration performance of Fund and employers Committee reports for audited accounts and governance Committee reports detailing strategy External online conferences/training courses Brunel Investor Day Committee reports on Investment Strategy Statement and pooling of investments Quarterly Committee reports updating on law and consultations Hymans Robertson LGPS Online Academy |
| Employer and Funding risks | |
| Admitted bodies | Committee reports provide funding position |
| Employer risks | update |

| Funding level/solvency | Hymans LGPS Online Academy Valuation Results Workshop |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Investment Strategy | |
| Asset Allocation | Strategic Review Workshop |
| Performance monitoring | Quarterly Committee and Panel reports review |
| Investment manager monitoring | Investment strategy and performance |
| Stewardship activities | Quarterly Investment Panel Risk Management |
| Responsible investing policy | report |
| | Annual report on Responsible Investing and voting activity |
| | Statement of compliance with FRC |
| | Stewardship code |
| | External online conferences and seminars |
| | Manager meetings with the Investment Panel |
| | Hymans Robertson LGPS Online Academy |

Table 4(e): Training provided externally 2022/23

| Training | Attendees |
|---------------------------|--|
| | John Cato, Paul Crossley, John Finch, |
| Brund Investor Day | Charles Gerrish, Pauline Gordon, William |
| Brunel Investor Day | Liew, Richard Orton, Shaun Stephenson- |
| | McGall and Wendy Weston |
| LGA Governance Conference | Paul Crossley |
| PLSA Conference | Charles Gerrish, John Cato |
| LGC Investment Seminar | John Cato, Pauline Gordon |

Local Pension Board Training

During the year, on-going technical training was provided to LPB members by officers or advisors to the Fund on a full range of topics covering the LGPS framework and TPR requirements.

The LPB training plan is a topic at each board meeting and there is a plan in place for all members to complete the Hymans LGPS Online Training modules. All members also complete the TPR Public Sector Pension Toolkit.

Over the last year, the Board Chair attended the Local Government Association's Governance Conference, and one member attended the three-day Fundamentals training course remotely.

Governance Compliance Statement

Regulations require the Fund to publish a Governance Compliance Statement which demonstrates the extent to which the Fund complies with best practices in pension fund governance. The Fund's latest statement was approved by the Committee in

June 2022. The statement shows a high level of compliance with best practice and is summarised below.

The full Governance Compliance Statement is included as <u>Appendix D</u> and can also be found on the Fund's website <u>www.avonpensionfund.org.uk</u> (search Governance Compliance Statement).

Table 4(f): Governance compliance

| Principle | Compliance status | Comment |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Governance structure | Compliant | The decision-making structure is clearly defined. It includes the Committee, Investment Panel, Pension Board and the Fund's representation on the Brunel Pension Partnership Oversight Board. |
| Representation | Partial Compliance | There is broad representation of employers and scheme members on the Committee. However, admitted bodies are not represented as it is difficult to have meaningful representation from such a diverse group of employers. Full details are set out in the Fund's Representation Policy. |
| Selection / Role of lay members | Compliant | The roles and responsibilities of all members are set out in a Job Description. |
| Voting | Compliant | There is a clear policy on voting rights which has been extended to employer and member representatives. |
| Training / Facility time / Expenses | Compliant | There is a clear policy on training. The Fund pays all approved training costs for all members. The training plan reflects the needs of the committee agenda. A training log is maintained. |
| Meetings | Compliant | Formal meetings are held quarterly and lay members are included in the formal arrangements. |
| Access | Compliant | All members have equal access to meeting papers and advice. |
| Scope | Compliant | The terms of reference include all aspects of investments, funding, benefits administration and admissions to the Fund. |
| Publicity | Compliant | All statutory documents are made available to the public. |

Conflicts of Interest

Conflicts of interest are managed through the Fund's conflicts of interest policy. This policy sets out how Bath and North East Somerset Council will identify, manage and mitigate potential conflicts of interest that may arise in carrying out its role as the administering authority for the Fund.

The Council recognises that its dual role as both an employer participating in the Fund and the body legally tasked with its management can produce the potential for conflicts of interest. Furthermore, those individuals involved in managing, overseeing or advising the Fund may, from time to time, find that they face competing incentives, financial or otherwise, as a result of their professional or personal circumstances.

Members of the committee who are a representative of an employer or stakeholder group may also have conflicts of interest between their role as committee member and the view or stance of their employer/ stakeholder group they represent.

It is important, therefore, that these potential conflicts are managed in order to ensure that no actual or perceived conflict of interest arises and that all the Fund's employers and scheme members are treated fairly and equitably.

5. Risk Management

The Avon Pension Fund Committee (the Committee) must ensure robust risk management is in place, to enable compliance with regulations and manage risks faced by the Avon Pension Fund (the Fund). The Investment Panel (the Panel) strengthens risk management regarding investment issues.

The Fund's approach to risk management is to manage risk rather than eliminate it entirely as set out in the Fund's Risk Management Policy. Risk is identified and managed as follows:

1 The Risk Register: The Fund's Risk Register identifies risks which could have material impact on the Fund in terms of service, value, reputation, or compliance. It sets out scores pre and post mitigant application and mitigating actions that have been implemented.

There is a process in place to identify, evaluate and implement processes or controls to mitigate risks and record them on the risk register. The register is reviewed quarterly by the management team and is also reported to the Committee and Pension Board (the Board) on a quarterly basis. Risks are also reviewed when there has been a material change. Risks fall into the following categories, owned by the relevant member of the Fund's management team:

| Category of Risk | Risk Owner |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| Administration | Pension Operations Manager |
| Regulatory | Technical & Compliance Advisor |
| Governance | Governance & Risk Advisor |
| Employers (Funding) | Funding & Valuation Manager |
| Employers (Data) | Employer Services Manager |
| Investments | Investments Manager |
| Finance | Finance & Systems Manager |

The Head of Pensions is responsible for overseeing the work of risk owners and ultimately agreeing any changes to the risk register whilst the Governance & Risk Advisor ensures the risk register is accurately updated, with reports prepared for the Committee & the Board.

The Committee is responsible for ensuring risks are effectively managed. It reviews the risk register at each quarterly meeting. The Panel focuses on investment risks and makes recommendations to the Committee and risk owners. The Board has an independent oversight role, to ensure the overall risk framework is robust and compliant with regulations.

Table 5 shows a summary of the top ten material risks from the Risk Register.

2 Internal Control Framework: Internal controls and processes are in place to manage administration, financial and other operational risks. The Council's Internal Audit annually assesses the processes in place within the Fund to provide independent assurance that adequate controls are in place. The findings of all internal audits are reported to the Committee.

During the year Internal Audit completed three audits of the Fund's internal processes as follows:

| Audit | Assurance level |
|--|-----------------------------|
| APF System Access Audit – February 2023 | 2 = Limited Assurance |
| APF Cyber Security – User Education & Awareness | 3 = Reasonable Assurance |
| TPR Code of Practice 14 – Maintaining Contributions & Member Information – July 2022 | 4 = Good |

All internal audits are finalised with a detailed action plan with recommended steps agreed and actioned by the relevant manager. Timescales and implementations of changes are agreed at the time of finalising the report and actions are diligently monitored throughout the year.

The Internal Control Report of the investment managers and custodian are reviewed annually to ensure their operational control environment is adequate, the results of which are reported to Committee. Where the Fund invests in a pooled investment fund, the audited accounts of the fund are also reviewed annually.

3 Financial Management Risk: The Fund operates within the Council's financial framework with segregation of duties to ensure an effective control structure. A key financial risk is the maturing of the cashflow profile. The Finance Team monitor and provide a forecast of the cashflow monthly and the Fund has a prudent cash buffer, along with investments in tradeable assets that can be swiftly sold when/if necessary.

The Fund has a separate bank account from the Council's to ensure transparency and accountability of the banking arrangements. Management of the Fund's cash balance is delegated to the Council's Treasury Management Team who manage the cash separately from the Council's cash. The Fund has its own Treasury Management Policy.

4 Investment Risk: The investment decision-making process, supported by expert advice, is designed to ensure investment risks are kept to the minimum necessary to

achieve the Fund's long-term investment objectives. The Investment Strategy Statement sets out the investment strategy and how investment risks are considered and managed. The Statement of Accounts includes a disclosure on Financial Risk Management with particular reference to the investment strategy.

Investments by their very nature expose the Fund to varying degrees of risk, including market, interest rate, foreign currency, credit and liquidity risks. The Fund also considers environmental, social and governance (ESG) issues including the considerable risk of climate change. Such risks are managed through the diversification of assets and managers. The Investment Strategy is reviewed periodically after the triennial valuation with the next formal review in 2025/26.

In between strategic reviews, the Committee and Panel monitor the performance of the investment strategy, providing flexibility to alter the strategy if required.

The provision of expert advice is a key element of the risk management process. The Fund has appointed investment consultants to provide strategic investment advice as well as advising on managers' performance and risk management. Other expert or specialist advice, such as tax or legal advice, is commissioned as required.

The investment management process is outsourced to investment managers, mainly Brunel Pension Partnership (see below) and the global custodian. This arrangement provides a clear segregation of duties within the Fund, with the in-house Investments Team closely monitoring performance and compliance with regulations and portfolio mandates. In addition, the audited internal control reports for each of the investment managers are reviewed annually.

The Fund is a member of Brunel Pension Partnership (Brunel) to pool its investment assets. An FCA authorised company, Brunel manages the assets within the pool. The strategic decisions such as asset allocation remain with the Committee; Brunel implements the Fund's strategy. Brunel's control environment is monitored by the Fund and other Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) funds participating in the pool.

Periodically events such as the pandemic or geo-political risks such as the Ukraine war increase investment risk, either for the immediate future or over the longer term. Such events are managed in the same way as other investment risks, through careful monitoring and consideration of the financial impact over the long-term. As a pension fund with a long-term horizon, the Fund can withstand volatility in investment markets over shorter time frames due to its diverse investment strategy. The strategy will be adjusted if the long-term investment objective is at risk of not being achieved through the current asset allocation.

5 Funding Risk: The Funding Strategy Statement sets out the funding strategy and policies for the Fund and it is reviewed at least every three years as it forms the basis for the actuarial valuation.

The potential insolvency of scheme employers, leaving outstanding liabilities in the Fund, is a significant financial risk. The regulations now require all bodies that wish to be admitted to the Fund to be guaranteed by a scheme employer(s) or to provide a bond to protect the Fund in the event of insolvency. The Fund monitors the financial sustainability of the scheme employers and takes this into account when setting contribution rates and funding plans. Policies on employer financial stability are set out in the Funding Strategy Statement and Investment Strategy Statement.

A key risk for employers is the potential lack of compliance with regulatory responsibilities which could mean that contribution rates are incorrectly calculated for example. Significant internal resources are spent on data cleansing to ensure there is good quality of data. Processes for management of employers is set out in the Administration Strategy and Memorandum of Understanding. Employers are engaged in regular training and key performance indicators are recorded, monitored and compared with The Pension Regulator's (TPR) standards.

The Fund has a captive insurance arrangement within the scheme to reduce the risk of a significant increase in liabilities for smaller employing bodies that arise when early retirements are awarded under the ill-health regulations.

Some funding risks such as interest rates and inflation can be mitigated by the investment strategy. The Fund has implemented a liability management framework which increases the liability "protection" within the investment strategy.

6 Benefits Administration Risk: The main risk relates to the inability of the Fund to deliver service to the agreed standards and so potentially not meeting its obligations and paying benefits accurately and on time as agreed with employers or under statute. This could lead to adverse publicity, loss of reputation and ultimately statutory fines. In addition, the recruitment and retention of staff has continued to be challenging with several roles remaining vacant especially within the member servicing teams. Support from advisors has been commissioned to mitigate the risk and an improvement plan spanning two years is in place to address service levels.

7 Training: As the body responsible for the Fund, Committee members are required to attain a level of knowledge about pensions, investment and funding strategies sufficient to carry out their duties effectively. Specifically, they must be able to challenge and understand the advice provided when making decisions or scrutinising processes. To facilitate this, training is provided to members based on the Committee's workplan. The Committee and officers are advised by an Investment Consultant on all strategic issues prior to decisions being taken.

The legal requirement for the Local Pension Board (LPB) is that members must be conversant with the rules of the LGPS and any document recording policy about the administration of the Fund. This is implied as a working knowledge so that members are aware of which legislation/policies to refer to when carrying out their role. During the year on-going technical training is provided to LPB members by officers or advisors to the Fund on a full range of topics covering the LGPS framework and TPR requirements.

To help mitigate the risk of insufficient knowledge The Fund has also introduced the Hymans LGPS Online Learning Academy for all members of the Committee, Board and senior officers. The modules are based on the CIPFA Knowledge & Skills Framework.

8 Business Continuity: A Business Continuity Plan is in place primarily to deal with 'disaster recovery' and includes contingency measures. The plan identifies critical activities whose failure would lead to an unacceptable loss of service and member records. It sets out measures to minimise the risk of disruption to service and

specifies what 'triggers' the contingency measures coming into effect. The Disaster Recovery process is tested annually.

9 Data Protection & Cyber Security. Failure to securely manage data in accordance with data protection regulations is a significant risk to the Fund.

The Fund's Privacy Notice and Data Retention Policy are published on the Fund website, then reviewed and amended on an annual basis or as required. In addition, a Record of Processing Activities (ROPA) is maintained internally and reviewed annually or following process changes. The published Memorandum of Understanding clearly sets out the data sharing arrangements and expectations regarding data use by the Fund's employers.

The Fund has robust processes in place to manage Freedom of Information Requests (FOI) and Subject Access Requests (SAR) in a timely manner and works with the Council's Data Protection Officer to ensure responses comply with data protection legislation. Data breaches are recognised, reported, and remedial actions are implemented in line with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) guidance.

Regular data protection and cyber security training is completed by all officers using Bath & North East Somerset Council's online e-learning and refresher courses. This is supplemented by further internal training in the form of presentations, workshops and reminder emails.

05 Table 5 Summary of Risk Register 2023

| | | | | Pre Mitigants | | | | Post Mitigants | | | |
|--------|-------------|--|--|---------------|-------------------|-------|---|----------------|------------|-------|---------------|
| Number | Function | Risk | Impact | Impact | Likelihood | Score | Mitigating Actions / Control Framework | Impact | Likelihood | Score | Trend |
| NR01 | Admin | Ability to deliver service to agreed standards | Poor member outcomes and/or breach of regulations. | Critical | Almost Certain | 25 | - KPIs & complaints monitored and acted on - plan to digitise will improve self-serve & ops efficiency - actions to improve staff recruitment & retention | High | Likely | 16 | ↓ |
| NR12 | Investments | Failure to achieve decarbonisation targets | Government climate policies not moving fast enough or sufficiently enforced Significant reputational and financial risks to value of investments | Critical | Almost Certain | 25 | ISS/RI Policy embedded by the Fund Brunel's climate change policy and approach to investing use of professional advice IIGCC developing investment framework for climate risk policy advocacy | High | Likely | 16 | ↓ |
| NR05 | Governance | Failure to manage personal data per regulations | Personal data corrupted, compromised or illegally shared Fines and reputational damage. | Critical | Almost Certain | 25 | One West is Data Protection Officer for Fund and advises re. data protection record of processing and privacy notice set out how data is managed processes in place re. data breaches and protection regular officer training. | High | Possible | 12 | \rightarrow |
| NR10 | Investments | Failure to earn investment returns | Scheme cannot meet liabilities and employer contributions could rise. | Critical | Likely | 20 | - diversified asset allocation - professional and independent investment advice - risk management strategy supports funding strategy - FRMG & Investment Panel monitor performance and risk - periodic strategic investment review - periodic strategic inv | High | Possible | 12 | ↑ |
| NR14 | Investments | LDI leverage | Managers withdraw from the market LDI strategy may have to be unwound Inability to raise hedge ratio. | High | Likely | 16 | maintain collateral at prudent level with materia buffer vs risks set hedge ratio at level that can be adeqautely collateralised | High | Possible | 12 | ↑ |
| NR11 | Investments | Brunel fails to deliver client objectives re. service delivery | Affects Fund's ability to achieve investment objectives | Critical | Possible | 15 | - Brunel governance framework - robust performance reporting - Avon-Brunel working group | High | Possible | 12 | \rightarrow |
| NR06 | Governance | Cyber attack | Fund is unable to operate Members do not receive pension payment on time. | Critical | Almost Certain | 25 | disaster recovery plan in place business continuity plan B&NES cyber security policy and system defence | Critical | Unlikely | 10 | ↓ |
| NR08 | Funding | Employers unable to meet financial obligations to Fund | Financial cost to other employers in the Fund. | High | Possible | 12 | policies on employer financial stability set out in FSS & ISS covenant framework quarterly review and mitigating action | Medium | Possible | 9 | ↑ |
| NR07 | Funding | Employers not comply with regulatory responsibilities | Poor member data Fines and greather scrutiny by TPR. Employer liabilities incorrect if data is incorrect. | Critical | Likely | 20 | management of employers set out in admin strategy/MOU employer KPIs recorded and monitored vs TPR standards employer training | Medium | Possible | 9 | \rightarrow |
| NR09 | Investments | Operational risks of investment managers, custodian and other investment suppliers | Loss of assets Inability to trade is assets inaccessible | High | Possible | 12 | - duediligence and audits of partners - controls embedded in investment management agreements - diversification across different asset managers - quarterly service & risk review with Brunel and suppliers | Medium | Possible | 9 | <u> </u> |

6. Pensions administration and communications

This section covers:

- How the fund delivers it service to members and employers
- The purpose of the Pensions Administration Strategy
- The Fund's plans for a digitalised future for members and employers

How the service is delivered

The administration of the Avon Pension Fund (the Fund) is provided by Bath & North East Somerset Council. The Fund is split into two broad management areas: Pension Administration and Finance & Investments.

The **Pension Administration** team focuses on providing:

- pension calculations for members
- timely payment of benefits to its members
- accurate information about the fund
- management and processing of membership data from scheme employers
- support and training to employer organisations in the scheme

The **Finance and Investments** team focuses on:

- the investment, actuarial and financial aspects of the Fund
- implementing and monitoring compliance with the Fund's Investment Strategy
- managing the triennial actuarial valuation and liaising with employers on actuarial issues and outsourcing of services
- managing the Fund's accounts

The administration team also provides **members** with:

- An annual pension statement, outlining their current pension benefits, sent by 31 August (for 'active' and 'deferred' members)
- If applicable, a pension savings statement detailing any potential member tax charges
- Regular newsletters (often sent with the annual pension statement to save costs) outlining pension topics and any law/regulation changes (at least once a year, and within three months of any regulation changes)
- A member website and secure online portal *my pension online* so that members can access their pension account online at any time
- A secure digital member tracing and identity checking facility mitigating the requirement for certificates to be sent by post
- Telephone, email and web enquiry access

These are all outlined in detail within the Communications Policy Statement set out in appendix E.

Pensions Administration Strategy

The Fund's administration strategy sets out how the administering authority and scheme employers work together to provide an improving quality level of service to Fund members. The strategy ensures the Fund can continue to deliver a high-quality

pension service at a time when the operating environment is becoming more complex.

The latest strategy was updated in March 2019 and in force from November 2019.

The key objectives of this strategy are to ensure that:

- The Fund and employers are aware of and understand their respective roles and responsibilities under the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) Regulations and in the delivery of administrative functions
- The Fund operates in accordance with LGPS regulations and is aligned with The Pension Regulator (TPR) in demonstrating compliance and scheme governance
- New or prospective scheme employers receive information and support before entering into an outsourcing or TUPE arrangement, factsheets are available on our main website
- Communication processes are in place to enable both the Fund and employers to proactively and responsively engage with each other and other partners
- Accurate records are maintained for the purpose of calculating pensions entitlements and employer liabilities, ensuring all information and data is communicated accurately, timely and in a secure and compliant manner
- The Fund and scheme employers have appropriate skills, and that guidance/training is in place to deliver a high-quality service and effectively contribute to the changing pensions agenda
- Standards are set and monitored for the delivery of specified activities in accordance with Regulations and minimum standards as set out in the administration strategy
- In accordance with the strategy employers are fined for late payment of contributions as well as inaccurate or late year end returns and disproportionate work for the Fund
- Administrative services are developed and delivered digitally as outlined in the ICT Strategy, in order to streamline processes and maximise efficient use of resources

The Pensions Administration Strategy is attached in <u>appendix E</u> and is also available on the website <u>www.avonpensionfund.org.uk</u>

Greater use of digital technology

The Fund uses digital processes to improve the accuracy and flow of data across all aspects of the Fund and to improve communications with members and employers. One of the Fund's key objectives is for all data to be received and sent electronically between the Fund and employers.

Electronic communications delivery to members: The Fund is moving towards digital delivery of communications to members as a significant cost benefit over

traditional postal delivery of hard-copy documents (annual pension statements, newsletters etc).

Self-service facilities: *My pension online* is a member self-service portal which allows members access to their personal pension information, perform 'what if' calculations, amend their contact details and update their expression of wish details. The Fund has ongoing development working with its supplier to expand the platform to allow greater use as a communication channel between the Fund and members.

Electronic employer data submission (i-Connect): Following a project in 2022 to sign up all remaining employers to use i-Connect, 96% of scheme employers now submit membership data on a monthly basis. From April 2023 any employer not using the i-Connect facility will receive penalty fines for disproportionate work. In 2022 the portal was further developed to support employers with two new functions, to be able to calculate employer strain cost estimates and to be able to submit forms including leaver forms.

Websites: The Fund has two websites - one for members (www.avonpensionfund.org.uk) and one for employers (www.apfemployers.org.uk). Both are key access points for information and for self-service facilities. The Fund will be replacing both websites in 2023/24.

Newsletters and employer bulletins

Depending on their communication preference newsletters and annual pension statements for active and deferred members are either posted or sent by email. Sending newsletters and annual pension statements digitally now presents a significant cost saving for the Fund as well as a reduction in its carbon footprint.

In 2022 for the first-time, annual pension statements were made available online for active members.

Newsletters, wage slips and P60s for pensioner members are still currently all posted out.

Employers are kept up to date with Fund and national pensions-related issues through emailed bulletins, usually monthly.

Pension communications

The Fund's communication aims are to:

- provide clear, relevant, accurate, accessible and timely information to all our audiences and stakeholders
- listen and respond appropriately to feedback we receive
- use plain language and avoid unnecessary jargon
- use communication channels which best fit the audience and the information being passed on
- be a more electronic communication-based Fund, utilising new communication technology (web, email and where appropriate social media)

- support members to enable them to make informed decisions about their pensions by making information available
- be compliant with all legislative requirements with regard to communicating with members, such as TPR and the Pensions Board (the Board)

The Communications Policy outlines the communications we provide to various audiences (our stakeholders, audiences and interested parties). The Fund's Communications Policy was updated in 2019 and is included in appendix F.

Chartered Institute of Public Finance & Accountancy (CIPFA) Benchmarking (Benefits Administration)

The Fund participates in the annual CIPFA Pensions Administration Benchmarking Club, which compares administration costs and performance indicators against other LGPS funds and against a group of funds of similar size. The results identify areas for improvement in the Service Plan, to understand the specific service pressures that the Fund faces and to help the Fund operate as efficiently and effectively as possible. It also provides an indication of relative operational costs.

The latest available report is for 2021/22 and details are highlighted in the tables below.

The Fund's own performance targets are set out in the Service Level Agreement (SLA) it has in place with employers, in many cases the Fund's own SLA targets are more challenging than the statutory legal deadlines. Regular SLA review meetings are held with the unitary authorities and with other employing bodies as required.

Value for money statement

The Fund is committed to achieving and enhancing value for money and to make the administration of the scheme as efficient and cost effective as possible.

The CIPFA benchmarking data from 2021/22 (the latest available) highlights the Fund's comparative performance in key cost areas, as shown below. All demonstrate the Fund's positive cost performance when compared with national averages.

Table 9: Costs and financial indicators (2021/22) LGPS Costs

| Costs per Full time equivalent (FTE) | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Net admin cost per FTE £'000 | 55.7 | 47.8 | 44.7 |
| National Average | 69.4 | 70.7 | 77.5 |

| £'000 | | | |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Members per FTE | 2,306 | 2,006 | 2,006 |
| National Average | 2,781 | 3,038 | 3,219 |

| Costs per member | 2019/20 | 2020/21 | 2021/22 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | |
| Investment | | | |
| Management | | | |
| Expenses | | | |
| Total Cost £'000 | 26,943 | 19,388 | 32,257 |
| Cost per member | 221.66 | 154.85 | 248.68 |
| National Average £ | 232.11 | 268.63 | 297.98 |
| Administration | | | |
| Costs | | | |
| Total Cost £'000 | 2,408 | 2,456 | 2,746 |
| Cost per member | 19.81 | 19.62 | 21.17 |
| National Average £ | 20.16 | 31.90 | 36.01 |
| Oversight & | | | |
| governance costs | | | |
| Total cost £'000 | 1,752 | 1,840 | 1,944 |
| Cost per member | 14.41 | 14.70 | 14.99 |
| National Average £ | 15.55 | 15.63 | 14.55 |
| _ | | | |
| Total Costs £'000 | 31,103 | 23,684 | 36,947 |
| Total cost per member £ | 255.88 | 189.17 | 284.84 |
| Total National Average £ | 267.82 | 316.16 | 348.54 |

Data quality

Since the introduction of TPR's Code of Practice 2014 and Record Keeping Regulations, the Fund has a data improvement plan in place to improve both the quality of the Fund's data as a whole and, also working with individual employers to improve their data.

In the last TPR Scheme Return the Fund reported the following data scores as at September 2022:

- 95% for Common Data
- 95% for Scheme Specific Data

Key performance data

Table 10: Performance Indicators 2021/22 (latest data available from CIPFA report)

| Deaths - Initial letter |
|--|
| acknowledgement death of |
| active/deferred/pensioner |
| member . |
| Deaths - Letter notifying |
| amount of dependent's |
| benefit |
| Retirements - Letter notifying |
| estimate of retirement |
| benefits (includes all |
| retirement types; normal, ill |
| _ · |
| health, early, late etc.) |
| (Active) |
| Retirements - Letter notifying |
| estimate of retirement |
| benefits (includes all |
| retirement types; normal, ill |
| health, early, late etc.) |
| (Deferred) |
| Retirements - Letter |
| notifying estimate of |
| retirement benefits |
| (includes all retirement |
| types; normal, ill health, |
| early, late etc.) (Total) |
| Retirements - Letter notifying |
| actual retirement benefits |
| (includes all retirement types; |
| normal, ill health, early, late |
| etc.) (Active) |
| Retirements - Letter notifying |
| actual retirement benefits |
| (includes all retirement types; |
| normal, ill health, early, late |
| etc.) (Deferred) |
| Retirements - Letter |
| notifying actual retirement |
| benefits (includes all |
| retirement types; normal, |
| |
| ill health, early, late etc.) |
| ill health, early, late etc.) (Total) |

| Cases outstanding as at 1/4/20 | Number of cases commenced in year | Number of cases completed in year | Number of cases outstanding as at 31/3/21 | % of completed cases in year |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 4 | 398 | 380 | 22 | 94.53% |
| 11 | 297 | 297 | 11 | 96.43% |
| 44 | 1,381 | 1,386 | 39 | 97.26% |
| 73 | 1,133 | 1,173 | 33 | 97.26% |
| 117 | 2514 | 2559 | 72 | 97.26% |
| 49 | 942 | 946 | 45 | 95.46% |
| 80 | 1,072 | 1,132 | 20 | 98.26% |
| 129 | 2014 | 2078 | 65 | 96.97% |

| Retirements - Process and |
|-------------------------------------|
| pay lump sum retirement |
| grant (include all retirement |
| types; normal, ill health, |
| early, late etc.) (Active) |
| Retirements - Process and |
| pay lump sum retirement |
| grant (include all retirement |
| types; normal, ill health, |
| early, late etc.). (Deferred) |
| Retirements - Process and |
| pay lump sum retirement |
| grant (include all |
| retirement types; normal, |
| ill health, early, late etc.) |
| (Total) |
| Deferment - Calculate and |
| notify deferred benefits |
| Transfers In - Letter detailing |
| transfer <i>in</i> quote |
| Transfers In - Letter detailing |
| transfer <i>in</i> |
| Transfers Out - Letter |
| detailing transfer <i>out</i> quote |
| Transfers Out - Letter |
| detailing transfer <i>out</i> |
| Refund - Process and pay a |
| refund |
| Divorce Quote - Letter |
| detailing cash equivalent |
| value and other benefits |
| Divorce Settlement - Letter |
| detailing cash equivalent |
| value and application of |
| Pension Sharing Order |
| |
| Member Estimates |
| Joiners - Send notification of |
| joining the LGPS to scheme |
| member |
| Aggregation / Link ups - |
| Send notification of |
| aggregation options |

| Cases outstanding as at 1/4/20 | Number of cases commenced in year | Number of cases completed in year | Number of cases outstanding as at 31/3/21 | % of completed cases in year |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 49 | 942 | 946 | 45 | 95.46% |
| 80 | 1,072 | 1,132 | 20 | 98.26% |
| 129 | 2014 | 2078 | 65 | 96.97% |
| 253 | 2,600 | 2,557 | 296 | 89.62% |
| 134 | 607 | 425 | 316 | 57.35% |
| 14 | 146 | 147 | 13 | 91.88% |
| 55 | 374 | 374 | 55 | 87.18% |
| 12 | 257 | 257 | 12 | 95.54% |
| 18 | 749 | 750 | 17 | 97.78% |
| 17 | 226 | 222 | 21 | 91.36% |
| 1 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 85.71% |
| 150 | 920 | 939 | 131 | 87.76% |
| 705 | 4,377 | 5,008 | 74 | 98.54% |
| | 2,837 | 2,835 | | |

| Performance Indicator (from point at which all required information has been received) | Local KPI Target | Achieved (%) | Number of cases completed within KPI | Legal Require- ment (from notification) | Achieved (%) |
|---|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|--------------|
| Transfers In - Letter detailing transfer in quote | 10 days | 20.0% | 84.0 | 2 months | 86.2% |
| Transfers Out - Letter detailing transfer out quote | 10 days | 10.1% | 31.0 | 2 months | 89.6% |
| Refund - Process and pay refund | 10 days | 24.4% | 183.0 | 2 months | 77.7% |
| Retirements - Letter notifying estimate of retirement benefits (including all retirement types; normal, ill health, early, late etc.). (Active) | 15 days | 48.5% | 670.0 | 2 months | 95.5% |
| Retirements - Letter notifying estimate of retirement benefits (including all retirement types; normal, ill health, early, late etc.). (Deferred) | 15 days | 49.8% | 577.0 | 2 months | 93.2% |
| Retirements - Letter notifying actual retirement benefits (including all retirement types; normal, ill health, early, late etc.). (Active) | 15 days | 81.4% | 770.0 | 2 months | 99.1% |
| Retirements - Letter notifying actual retirement benefits (including all retirement types; normal, ill health, early, late etc.). (Deferred) | 15 days | 68.9% | 781.0 | 2 months | 98.3% |
| Deaths - Initial letter acknowledging death of active/deferred/pensioner member | 5 days | 78.2% | 297.0 | 2 months | 99.7% |
| Deaths - Letter notifying amount of dependent's benefit | 10 days | 82.8% | 246.0 | 2 months | 99.0% |
| Retirements - Process and pay lump sum retirement grant (including all retirement types; normal, ill health, early, late etc.). (Active) | 15 days | 81.4% | 770.0 | 2 months | 99.1% |
| Retirements - Process and pay lump sum retirement grant (including all retirement types; normal, ill health, early, late etc.). (Deferred) | 15 days | 81.4% | 781.0 | 2 months | 99.1% |
| Divorce Quote - Letter detailing cash equivalent value and other benefits | 45 days | 89.6% | 199.0 | 3 months | 99.1% |

| Performance Indicator (from point at which all required information has been received) | Local KPI Target | Achieved (%) | Number of cases completed within KPI | Legal Require- ment (from notification) | Achieved (%) |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|---|---|-----------------|
| Divorce Settlement - Letter detailing cash equivalent value and application of Pension Sharing Order | 15 days | 20.0% | 1.0 | 3 months | 100.0% |
| Joiners - Send notification of joining the LGPS to scheme member | 40 days | 91.0% | 4983.0 | 2 months | 96.2% |
| Deferred into Pay - Process and pay lump sum retirement grant | 15 days | 69.0% | 781.0 | 2 months | 98.3% |
| Deferment - Calculate and notify deferred benefits | 30 days | 76.7% | 2052.0 | 2 months | 95.5% |

During the year performance measured against published statutory legal targets were generally within target although when measured against the more stringent internal SLA targets a number of Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) were below benchmark.

Staff turnover during the year remained an issue with a high vacancy rate of about 13% in the administration team causing additional burden on remaining staff to manage business as usual operations. A number of key posts remain vacant with external consultancy providing guidance and support where required.

The Fund continues to put in place specific administration resource to manage key projects to support McCloud Remedy and the planned introduction of the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) Pensions Dashboards Project.

Staffing

The Pension Service is split into five management areas: Finance & Investments, Administration, Governance, Technical and Compliance and Communications. Here are the staffing levels as of 31 March 2023.

Table 11: staffing levels as of 31 March 2023

| Head of Service | 1 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Finance / Investments: | Full time equivalents |
| Senior manager | 1 |
| Finance and Accounting | 3.5 |
| Investment Management | 3.5 |
| Actuarial and Valuation | 3.8 |
| Governance and Risk | 2 |
| Administration: | |

| Senior manager | 1 |
|--|----|
| Employer Services (Employer Relations, Data Control, i-Connect & McCloud Remedy Project) | 26 |
| Member Services (Benefits Administration Quality Assurance and Pensions Payroll) | 28 |
| Technical and Compliance | 1 |
| Communications (web, online, newsletters, publications) | 3 |

For the period 2021/22 the Fund had 16% of its positions vacant, against an average of 10.0% across funds who took part in the CIPFA benchmarking exercise.

Table 12: Number of members in fund (2022/23)

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Active Members | 40,290 | 39,559 | 39,159 | 38,064 | 36,894 | 36,479 |
| Deferred Members | 44,058 | 43,396 | 42,538 | 42,508 | 42,114 | 43,012 |
| Pensioners | 38,796 | 36,951 | 34,885 | 33,602 | 32,137 | 30,734 |
| Undecided Leavers | 11,531 | 10,237 | 8,740 | 7,538 | 6,968 | 6,824 |
| Total Membership | 134,675 | 130,143 | 125,322 | 121,712 | 118,113 | 117,049 |

Table 13: New pensioners (2022/23)

| Ill health retirements | 74 |
|------------------------|-----|
| Early retirements | 238 |
| Normal retirements | 303 |

Table 14: Number of active employers in the fund (2022/23)

| | Active | Ceased | Total | | | |
|---|--------|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| Scheduled body | 330 | 0 | 330 | | | |
| Admitted body | 114 | 2 | 116 | | | |
| Total | 444 | 2 | 446 | | | |
| Ceased employers have outstanding liabilities but no active members | | | | | | |

Budget Outturn

During the year to 31 March 2023, total administration costs (excluding advisory and investment management costs) were £3.2 million, 7% below the budget of £3.4 million.

Annual investment management fees paid in the year were below budget at £18.5 million.

The budget for governance costs was £2.4 million with actual costs also £2.4 million.

Internal Resolution Dispute Procedure (IDRP)

If there is a complaint or dispute against a decision or action by either the Fund or an individual Fund employer, concerning a matter relating to the LGPS, there is a provision within the LGPS regulations for an appeal under the IDRP.

The disputes process follows a set procedure, with the first stage allowing the complainant to ask the body who originally made the decision to review it, namely the individual employer or the Administering Authority. This must be done within six months of the date of the notification of the decision or the act or omission of the complaint (or such longer period as the adjudicator considers reasonable).

Where the complainant remains dissatisfied with the outcome of stage 1, they may refer the complaint to the Administering Authority for reconsideration under stage 2 of the appeals process. The Administering Authority has a stage 2 adjudicator who will re-examine the case.

Should the complainant remain dissatisfied after the stage 2 outcome, they may refer the complaint or dispute to the Pensions Ombudsman for determination.

The Internal Disputes Resolution Procedure guidance and forms are available from the Fund and on the website: https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/help-with-pension-problems

Where to get outside advice and help?

Advice and help can also be obtained from the Money and Pensions Service (MAPS).

MAPS can assist members and beneficiaries of the scheme in connection with any pension query they may have or any difficulty which they cannot resolve with the scheme administrator.

Info and contact details - www.moneyandpensionsservice.org.uk

The Pensions Advisory Service, 120 Holborn, London, EC1N 2TD

Telephone: 0800 011 3797

Pensions Ombudsman

In cases where a complaint or dispute has not been satisfactorily resolved through the Internal Disputes Resolution Procedure or with the help of The Pensions Advisory Service, an application can be made to the Pensions Ombudsman within three years of the event that gave rise to the complaint or dispute. The Ombudsman can investigate and determine any complaint or dispute involving maladministration of the scheme or matters of fact or law and their decision is final and binding (unless the case is taken to the appropriate Court on a point of law). Matters where legal proceedings have already started cannot be investigated by the Pensions Ombudsman.

Info and contact details - www.pensions-ombudsman.org.uk

The Pensions Ombudsman Service, 10 South Colonnade, Canary Wharf, London E14 4PU

Telephone: 0800 917 4487

Complaints & IDRP cases 2022/23

During the financial year the Fund received two applications under the stage 1 process, both of which were upheld, and no applications under the stage 2 process. Please note that as some stage 1 appeals are dealt with by the member's employer we may not have been informed of all appeals. A further two complaints were also received and dealt with outside of the formal IDRP process.

LGPS policies and guidance for employers and members

The Fund website provides comprehensive details of how the LGPS works and its policies. These can be found at: https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/local-government-pension-scheme

The Fund's employers website gives LGPS policy details and guidance specifically for employers. These can be accessed at: www.apfemployers.org.uk

General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR)

The Avon Pension Fund takes the protection of members' data very seriously. The General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) came into force on 25 May 2018. GDPR changed how organisations process and handle data, with the key aim of giving greater protection and rights to individuals. In order to administer the pension scheme, LGPS funds require various pieces of personal data provided by both the individual member and their employer. To ensure GDPR compliance, every LGPS fund is required to publish a privacy notice setting out, among other things, why certain data is held, the reason for processing the data, who they share the data with and the period for which the data will be retained. Within the notice, members will also be provided with additional information about their rights under the legislation. The Fund's privacy notice can be found here:

https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/privacy-notice

7. Pooling of assets – analysis of costs and savings

- Brunel now manage 86% of the Fund's assets
- Fund broke even in 2023 in terms of net savings from pooling
- Net savings are ahead of the original business case

The Avon Pension Fund (the Fund) participates in the Brunel Pension Partnership (Brunel) alongside Buckinghamshire, Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Environment Agency, Gloucestershire, Oxfordshire, Somerset and Wiltshire pension funds. Each of the 10 funds own an equal share of Brunel, a Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) regulated asset management company.

Pooling was introduced to the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) to deliver:

- · Benefits of scale
- Strong governance and decision-making
- Reduced costs and excellent value for money, and
- An improved capacity and capability to invest in infrastructure.

Brunel is responsible for implementing the Fund's investment strategy. However, responsibility for determining asset allocation and the investment strategy remains with Avon Pension Fund Committee (the Committee).

The governance arrangements for the pool are as follows:

- The Brunel Oversight Board is comprised of representatives from each of the administering authorities and two member observers. It has ultimate responsibility for ensuring that Brunel delivers the services required to achieve investment pooling and deliver each fund's investment strategy.
- The Client Group supports the Brunel Oversight Board. It is comprised of
 investment officers drawn from each of the administering authorities and is
 responsible for monitoring Brunel, portfolio performance, and provides a
 forum for discussing technical and practical matters.

In addition to the pool's governance arrangements, the Fund has a **Brunel Working Group** consisting of committee members that supports the Oversight Board and Client Group representatives. Importantly this group discusses matters that are to be considered by Brunel Oversight Board or shareholders. As Brunel is a key service provider to the Fund, the risk it fails to deliver its service as contracted is in the Fund's Risk Register.

In 2017 the business case for joining the Brunel asset pool estimated potential fee savings of £73 million over a 20 year period (to 2036) for the Fund. Set up costs and costs incurred transitioning assets into the pool forecast the Fund would breakeven in 2024.

The expected costs and savings for the Fund from the original business case, and submitted to Government as part of pooling, are set out in the following table.

Table 7(a): Avon Pension Fund Expected Costs and savings from Pooling: (as per Business Case Submissions)

| Set up costs | 2016- 2017 £'000 117 | 2017- 2018 £'000 1,148 | 2018- 2019 £'000 | 2019- 2020 £'000 | 2020- 2021 £'000 | 2021- 2022 £'000 | 2022- 2023 £'000 | 2023- 2024 £'000 | 2024- 2025 £'000 | 2025- 2036 £'000 | Total £'000 1,265 |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Ongoing | | , - | | | | | | | | | , |
| Brunel | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Costs | | | 674 | 893 | 923 | 953 | 985 | 1,017 | 1,051 | 14,127 | 20,623 |
| Avon Fund | | | (0.50) | (0.07) | (075) | (000) | (004) | (000) | (000) | (4.077) | (0.004) |
| Savings Transition | | | (259) | (267) | (275) | (283) | (291) | (300) | (309) | (4,077) | (6,061) |
| Costs | | | 2,957 | 4,067 | 260 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ | 7,284 |
| Fee Savings | | | (125) | (1,216) | (2,687) | (2,927) | (3,185) | (3,892) | (4,164) | (78,583) | (96,778) |
| Net costs / | | | (120) | (1,210) | (2,501) | (2,021) | (0, 100) | (0,002) | (1,104) | (10,000) | (00,110) |
| (savings) | 117 | 1,148 | 3,248 | 3,478 | (1,779) | (2,257) | (2,491) | (3,175) | (3,422) | (68,533) | (73,667) |

Brunel enables its clients to implement their strategic asset allocation by creating defined outcome focused investment portfolios to invest in. Specifically Brunel is responsible for portfolio construction (including selection of the external managers or pooled funds), for allocation between mandates within each portfolio and monitoring the performance of the underlying managers.

Brunel's financial performance is monitored to ensure it is delivering on the key objectives of pooling. This includes annual reporting of costs. The set-up costs incurred by the Fund are set out in the following table.

Table 7(b): Set up costs

| | Direct £000s | Indirect £000s | Total £000s | Cumulative £000s |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Recruitment | | | | 18 |
| Legal | | | | 133 |
| Consulting, Advisory & | | | | |
| Procurement | | | | 82 |
| Share Purchase | | | | 840 |
| Total Set Up Costs | | | | 1,072 |

There have been no set up costs since 2017/18. Capital was provided at the outset through the purchase of shares equivalent to £0.84 million.

Brunel now manage £4.6 billion (86%) of the Fund's assets as shown in the Table 16 below. Within private markets, the Fund invests in Brunel's Secured Income, Renewable Infrastructure and Private Debt portfolios. At 31 March 2023, 56% of the Fund's combined commitments to these portfolios had been invested.

Table 7(c): Investment assets

| | 31 March 2023 £'000 | % |
|---|---------------------------|-------|
| Investments managed by Brunel Pension Partnership: | | |
| BlackRock Risk Management Strategy Brunel Renewables | 1,300,563 | 24.2 |
| Portfolio | 163,699 | 3.0 |
| Brunel Secured Income Portfolio | 435,092 | 8.1 |
| Brunel Multi Asset Credit Brunel Global Sustainable | 304,609 | 5.7 |
| Equity | 792,532 | 14.7 |
| Brunel Paris Aligned Developed Equity | 278,856 | 5.2 |
| Brunel Diversified Returns Fund | 336,583 | 6.3 |
| Brunel UK Property | 180,699 | 3.4 |
| Brunel Global High Alpha Equity | 698,860 | 13.0 |
| Brunel Private Debt Avon Transition | 128,903 | 2.4 |
| Account | 5 | 0.0 |
| Investments managed outside Prunel Pension | 4,620,399 | 85.9 |
| Investments managed outside Brunel Pension Partnership: | 761,253 | 14.1 |
| TOTAL INVESTMENT ASSETS | 5,381,654 | 100.0 |

All the planned transitions are complete. The Fund retains responsibility for legacy portfolios that are being wound up, the proceeds of which will fund private market portfolios managed by Brunel. The total transition costs of the assets transferring into the pool are slightly higher than estimated in the Original Business Case.

Table 7(d): Transition Costs

| Direct | Indirect | Total | Cumulative |
|--------|----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s |
| | 145 | 145 | 523 |
| | - | - | 731 |
| | 793 | 793 | 7,016 |
| | 938 | 938 | 8,270 |
| | | £000s £000s 145 - 793 | £000s £000s £000s 145 793 793 |

The analysis below shows the fee savings achieved on the assets that have transitioned to Brunel against the fees charged to the Fund at the time the business case was prepared in 2016. It therefore ignores fee reductions that were negotiated with incumbent managers between the formulation of the business case and the transition to Brunel.

Table 7(e): Investment Fee savings from Pooling (cumulative to 31 March 2023)

| | Value in Original Business Case 31 March 2016 | Value at 31 March 2023 | Price Variance | Quantity Variance | Total Saving / (Cost) |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Passive UK Equity | 167,800 | - | - | 317 | 317 |
| Passive Global Equity | 348,900 | - | - | 659 | 659 |
| Passive Low Carbon Equity | - | - | 298 | (696) | (398) |
| Passive Paris Aligned Equity | - | 278,856 | 170 | (232) | (62) |
| UK Equity | 201,993 | - | 948 | 2,789 | 3,738 |
| Global Equity | 253,764 | 698,860 | 3,792 | (5,233) | (1,441) |
| Emerging Market Equity | 327,299 | _ | 1,352 | 4,745 | 6,098 |
| Global Sustainable Equity | 173,896 | 792,531 | 3,161 | (6,191) | (3,030) |
| Diversified Return Funds | 360,928 | 336,583 | 4,630 | (1,842) | 2,788 |
| Multi Asset Credit | - | 304,609 | 167 | (1,782) | (1,616) |
| UK Property | 195,868 | 180,699 | 1,149 | 138 | 1,287 |
| Renewable Infrastructure | - | 163,699 | 2,122 | (4,860) | (2,738) |
| Secured Income | - | 435,092 | 96 | (3,915) | (3,819) |
| Private Debt | - | 128,902 | 2,060 | (2,696) | (636) |
| Blackrock Liability Solution | 791,496 | 1,300,563 | 361 | (314) | 47 |
| | | • | 20,308 | (19,113) | 1,195 |

The price variance shows the savings / (costs) on the fee rate achieved through pooling. The quantity variance reflects the savings / (costs) due to changes in asset allocations compared to the business case. Therefore, when comparing against the business case, the price variance reflects the actual saving in fees due to pooling. To summarise:

- a. The asset allocation within passive equities has changed since the business case in 2016, with investments now in Paris aligned and global equity passive funds.
- b. The asset allocation within the active equity portfolio has changed having divested from emerging market and the UK equity portfolios.
- c. There was no allocation to Multi Asset Credit in the business case. However Brunel did achieve fee savings against the fees paid within the pool prior to transition.

- d. Liability Driven Investments (LDI) includes the LDI assets (gilts and index linked gilts) as well as equity assets held for collateral within the Qualified Investor Fund (QIF).
- e. The transfer of the pooled UK property funds to Brunel's management has generated management fee savings and includes savings achieved by Brunel on the fees of some of the underlying funds.
- f. In addition to these transitions, the Fund has made new allocations to Brunel's Renewable Energy Infrastructure, Private Debt and Secured Income portfolios.

The ongoing fee paid to Brunel in 2022/23 for its core services was £1.5 million. This includes custody, performance measurement as well as costs of Brunel. The ongoing overhead cost of the company is higher than originally estimated, partially due to changes in client strategies and priorities.

A summary of the costs and savings to date compared to the original business case is provided in the following table.

Table 7(f): Expected versus Actual Costs and Savings to Date

2021/22

| (Saving) | | 202 | 1/22 | | | 202. | 2/23 | |
|-----------------------------|---------|------------|--------------------|------------|---------|------------|--------------------|------------|
| | В | udget | A | Actual | В | udget | A | Actual |
| | In year | Cumulative | In year | Cumulative | In year | Cumulative | In year | Cumulative |
| | £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s | £000s |
| Set Up | - | 1,265 | - | 1,072 | - | 1,265 | - | 1,072 |
| Brunel cost | 953 | 3,443 | 1,241 ¹ | 4,944 | 985 | 4,428 | 1,557 ¹ | 6,501 |
| Avon internal savings | (283) | (1,083) | (215) | (860) | (291) | (1,374) | (215) | (1,075) |
| Transition | 0 | 7,284 | 938 | 8,270 | 0 | 7,284 | 0 | 8,270 |
| Fee saving | (2,927) | (6,955) | (6,139) | (11,721) | (3,185) | (10,139) | (8,587) | (20,308) |
| Net cost /(saving) | (2,257) | 3,955 | (4,175) | 1,705 | (2,491) | 1,464 | (7,245) | (5,540) |

Note: 1 This differs from the Statement of Accounts which includes annual rebates.

The most significant variances from the original business case are summarised as follows:

- The Fund is ahead in terms of fee savings and overall net cost/saving.
- The asset values are higher than estimated, driving higher fee savings.
- Transition costs are higher; due to asset values being higher than the values assumed in the business case and a lack of commonality between legacy and target assets in some of the transitions.
- Fee rate savings are greater than anticipated across most transitioned portfolios.

2022/23

Costs/

- Ongoing costs of Brunel are higher than anticipated.
- The Fund's internal savings are less than estimated due to changes in the strategic focus of the Fund. Savings include the cost of custody and performance measurement (based on 2016/17 costs and now included in ongoing Brunel costs), a slight reduction in staff costs and limited savings for investment advice. The recurring savings will be held at this annual rate given the investment strategy includes complex risk management strategies which means more internal resources and advice is required to support it.

8. Investments

- Investment return of -7.3% for the year
- Strategic investment review confirmed diversified strategy meets funding requirements
- On track to meet 2025 & 2030 climate targets

The Avon Pension Fund's overriding investment objective is to meet the future pension payments of both past and current members.

1. Investment Strategy Statement

Regulations require the Avon Pension Fund (the Fund) to produce an Investment Strategy Statement (ISS) which sets out the principles that guide the decision making for investing the assets. It also sets out the framework for investing the Fund's assets to ensure consistency with the Funding Strategy Statement. A wide range of investments are permitted to ensure the Fund achieves an optimal risk and return profile and that assets are sufficiently diversified.

The ISS sets out the Fund's core beliefs that underpin the investment strategy, the process for ensuring the suitability of investments and the key risks the Fund is exposed to, and how these risks are managed.

Key elements include:

- Investment objective
- Management of the main sources of risk
- Responsible Investing: environmental, social and governance (ESG) considerations
- Exercise of voting rights
- The Fund's approach to pooling its assets with other funds (Brunel Pension Partnership 'Brunel')

In line with the regulations the ISS is reviewed every 3 years, normally following the triennial valuation, or when there is a material change in risk. The latest ISS, agreed in 2023, is here https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/finance-and-investments

2. Investment Strategy

The objective of the investment strategy is to achieve the investment return required to fund the pension liabilities over time and to recover any funding deficit as set out in the funding strategy. Specifically, the strategy is designed to produce investment returns that will help stabilise and minimise employer contribution rates in the long term as well as reflecting the balance between maximising returns, protecting asset values, and matching the liabilities (to minimise investment risk).

The strategy reflects the Fund's appetite for risk and its willingness to accept short-term volatility within a long-term strategy. Risk is managed through asset class diversification; Brunel then manages underlying investment manager risk within each of its portfolios. The Avon Pension Fund Committee periodically reviews its investment strategy to ensure it reflects the Fund's liability profile and funding strategy. The last review was undertaken in 2022/23, which concluded the existing strategic allocations to equities, liquid and illiquid growth assets, and fixed income

achieves the appropriate balance of risk and return to provide stability of employer contributions.

The only new allocation was an initial allocation of 3.0% to Local Impact investments. This portfolio is expected to deliver demonstrable impact across environmental and social dimensions primarily in the Southwest region and will be funded from the Fund's existing 32.5% allocation to illiquid assets. Within the equity allocation, it was determined that an equal split between passive and active equity strategies best delivered the Fund's risk/return and climate change objectives while serving to reduce the aggregate annual fee paid to investment managers. The passive allocation is now investing in Paris-aligned equities.

The strategy review will continue into 2023/24 with a deep-dive review into the Fund's Risk Management Framework and its climate policy with a view to increasing the level of ambition by bringing forward its current 2050 net zero alignment target.

3. Asset Allocation

Table 8(a) shows the Fund's actual asset allocation at 31 March 2023 against the strategic allocation benchmark. The table also includes the index returns from each asset class over one, three and five years to 31 March 2023.

Table 8a: Strategic Asset Allocation and Actual Asset Allocation

| Asset class | 31/03/2023 Allocation | Strategic Allocation | Strategic Range | Index As | Index Asset Class Retu (p.a.) | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------|----------------------------------|---------|
| | | | | 1 Year | 3 Years | 5 Years |
| Developed Market Equity | 46.2% | 41.5% | 36.5 - 46.5% | -0.5% | 17.1% | 11.3% |
| Diversified Growth Funds | 6.3% | 6.0% | 3.0 - 9.0% | 6.3% | 4.8% | 4.7% |
| Generalist Infrastructure | 5.8% | 4.0% | No set range | 2.8% | 15.7% | 8.6% |
| Renewable Infrastructure | 3.0% | 5.0% | No set range | 2.8% | 15.7% | |
| Liability Matching Assets & Equity Protection* | 18.3% | 12.0% | No set range | -34.8% | 12.5% | 0.8% |
| UK Corporate Bonds | 3.2% | 2.0% | No set range | -10.3% | -3.1% | -0.8% |
| Fund of Hedge Funds** | 0.6% | 0.0% | No set range | 5.3% | 3.8% | 3.7% |
| Multi Asset Credit | 5.7% | 6.0% | 3.0 - 9.0% | 6.3% | 4.8% | 4.7% |
| Property | 6.4% | 7.0% | No set range | -14.7% | 2.7% | 2.8% |
| Secured Income | 8.1% | 9.0% | No set range | -14.3% | 0.0% | |
| Private Debt | 2.4% | 4.5% | No set range | 6.3% | | |
| Local / Social Impact | 0% | 3.0% | No set range | | | |
| Cash & other*** | 4.6% | 0.0% | 0.0 - 5.0% | | | |
| Synthetic Equity Offset**** | -10.8% | | | | | |

SOURCE: Mercer, State Street Bank and Trust

The asset allocation and value per portfolio as at 31 March 2023 is set out in Chart 8(b).

Cosh Cash Other Cash Other Condition of the Condition of

Chart 8(b): Asset Allocation by Mandate 31 March 2023

SOURCE: Mercer, State Street Bank and Trust

4. Approach to Responsible Investment

The Fund's approach to responsible investment is guided by our core investment beliefs which are set out below:

- 1. Long-term A long-term approach to investing allows a strategic approach to investment risk and capital allocation, ultimately driving attractive investment returns.
- 2. Diversified Diversification is core to managing investment risk, enabling a broad spectrum of investments with different risk and return profiles.

^{*}Liability Matching Assets Index returns are for Liability Driven Investment (LDI) component only and mandate-specific and based on change in exposure relative to liability benchmark since inception, proxy index returns used for all other asset classes

^{**}Mandate terminated.

^{***}Cash and other instruments including currency instruments and Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) liquidity strategy.

^{****}Developed market equity includes synthetic exposure via the BlackRock Qualified Investor Fund (QIF); Synthetic Equity Offset reflects an offsetting value to account for the difference between the exposure to equity markets and the actual mark-to-market value of the holding.

- 3. Responsible We invest to make a positive contribution in the real economy promoting sustainable returns and work with like-minded investors to engage and encourage positive change.
- 4. Low cost Lower costs drive higher investment returns. We use collective scale with Brunel to drive innovation and efficiencies to reduce cost.

The Fund's investment beliefs are set against the context of meeting promises to members and maintaining affordability for employers.

Further information on the Fund's approach to responsible investment is available from the website http://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk (search Responsible Investment Policy).

(I) Investment Stewardship

As a signatory to the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) UK Stewardship Code 2020 (the 'Code'), the Fund supports and applies the Code's definition of stewardship: "Stewardship is the responsible allocation, management and oversight of capital to create long-term value for beneficiaries leading to sustainable benefits for the economy, the environment and society".

The Code is voluntary and comprises 12 'apply and explain' principles across 4 key pillars: Purpose and Governance, Investment Approach, Engagement, and Exercising Rights and Responsibilities. The Fund retained its signatory status to the Code for the second consecutive year. The full report can be accessed through the Fund's website: www.avonpensionfund.org.uk (search FRC Stewardship Code).

Aggregate voting and engagement statistics for the Fund's listed equity portfolios are monitored in terms of 'votes cast' and 'number of engagements' in the period according to ESG sub-themes. The engagement service provided by Brunel's appointed voting and engagement provider, Federated Hermes EOS (Hermes), is complementary to the engagement activity undertaken by underlying investment managers within Brunel pooled portfolios. The engagement plan itself is developed collaboratively between the Fund, Brunel and Hermes with the Fund feeding in its priorities via the pool's Responsible Investment working group that comprises representatives of all partner funds.

Hermes engaged with 466 companies on the Fund's behalf during the year, across a broad range of ESG issues. Environmental topics, on average, featured in 25% of engagements, over 70% of which related directly to climate change. Social topics featured in 25% of engagements, where diversity and human rights featured prominently. Of the 37% of Governance related engagements the majority revolved around executive remuneration. Strategy, risk and communications topics such as audit and accounting and cyber security featured in the remaining 12% of engagements over the year.

The Fund's report on its stewardship activity should be read in conjunction with Brunel's own Stewardship Policy and Stewardship Outcomes Report available on their website (www.brunelpensionpartnership.org/responsible-investment/).

The Fund is a member of the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum (LAPFF), a collaborative body that exists to serve the investment interests of local authority pension funds. LAPFF seeks to maximise the influence the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) funds have as shareholders through co-ordinating shareholder activism amongst the pension funds. This year LAPFF continued their

work on climate change by scrutinising corporate climate strategies through the 'say on climate' initiative and were involved in several high-profile engagements in the energy sector, issuing recommendations to vote against company management where climate strategies did not align with the Paris agreement goals. Human rights were again a significant focus for LAPFF over the year with a particular focus on the impact of the global mining industry on human rights. Human rights also arose in the context of climate change as part of the call for a just transition to a zero-carbon economy.

The Fund also belongs to a number of industry-led initiatives aimed at improving disclosures and building meaningful engagements with investee companies across ESG factors. ClimateAction 100+ and the Institutional Investors Group on Climate Change (IIGCC) are forums for collaboration between investors on the financial and physical impacts of climate change. Membership to these groups allows the Fund to amplify its engagement work with corporates and governments as well as access the tools required to meet climate disclosures best practice. The Fund recognises companies need time to successfully adapt their business models to manage climate risk in the context of generating long-term shareholder value and real reductions in carbon emissions. Equally, those companies that are intentionally failing to take account of climate transition risk and adapt their business models accordingly should be candidates for divestment, due to the financial risk they pose. Further information relating to the Fund's approach to climate change is set out in the below sections.

(II) Climate Change

During the year the Fund published its second Taskforce for Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) report available here. This critical framework is a way of signalling to investee companies, service providers and other stakeholders how important climate reporting is in the context of real emissions reductions.

The Fund has set a target to become net zero by 2050, consistent with the IIGCC Asset Owners Net Zero Framework, which will be subject to review in 2023/24. Last year it set a number of interim targets that will see the Fund reduce the absolute emissions in its listed equity portfolios by 43% by 2025 and 69% by 2030, relative to a 2019 baseline. Progress against these targets is set out in Chart 8(c):

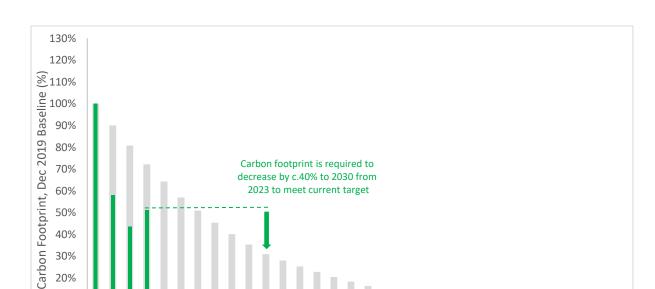


Chart 8(c) – Listed Equities Decarbonisation Path – 2019 Baseline

SOURCE: Mercer

10%

While significant progress to decarbonise the Fund's equity holdings has been made over past years, we recognise that the path to net zero will not be linear. As data coverage evolves, priority should be given to metrics relating to alignment and credibility of alignment over carbon intensity. This approach gets to the heart of what net zero is seeking to achieve, which is real economic impact.

The allocation of our capital remains one of the Fund's primary tools to help meet our ambition to become a net zero investor. At the end of the year the Fund had a combined £1.1bn in Paris-aligned (PA) and global sustainable (GSE) listed equities. This was a decrease from £1.4bn in the prior year and was driven by a temporary move into a global market-capitalisation equity index used for collateral purposes during the September/October gilts crisis. Following the close of the reporting period the Fund transitioned its entire passive equity exposure into a Paris-aligned solution, increasing combined PA and GSE exposure to just under £2.0bn.

Combined commitments to renewable infrastructure funds across a number of Brunel portfolios totalled £475m, an uplift of £95m over the previous year. In addition, the Fund's allocation to local impact is expected to invest in funds comprised of renewable infrastructure and transition enabling technologies. As advances in data transparency and coverage are made, we expect to enhance our ability to report on 'climate solutions' exposure.

(III) Climate Change Metrics & Targets

The Fund commissions Brunel to undertake an annual Carbon Metrics Report which includes absolute emissions, Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (WACI)², fossil fuel related revenues, reserves exposure and the disclosure rates among companies within the equity portfolios.

This year's report shows that all the active equity portfolios the Fund invests in exhibit a lower WACI than their respective benchmarks and the aggregate portfolio, relative to its benchmark, is 20% more efficient (or less carbon intensive).

400 350 Carbon Intensity (tCO2e/mGBP) 300 80 73 250 59 59 79 66 200 43 44 55 56 150 42 41 40 205 100 179 170 155 130 133 50 100 94 0 Portfolio Portfolio Benchmark Portfolio Benchmark Portfolio Benchmark Benchmark FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 FY2022 ■Scope 2 ■Tier 1 Scope 3 Direct

Chart 8(c) – Weighted Average Carbon Intensity (Data as at 31 December 2022)

SOURCE: Brunel Pension Partnership

The increase in WACI in the year was primarily brought about by the Fund's temporary switch from a Paris-aligned passive equity index to a global market-capitalisation based index. Although the Fund subsequently moved its entire passive equity exposure into a Paris-aligned solution, this statistic does highlight how market dynamics can result in non-linear pathways to net zero.

The Fund receives 'green revenues' data which reveals the extent to which the Fund is invested in companies that generate revenues attached to products and services that deliver

² Weighted Average carbon Intensity or 'WACI' quantifies a portfolio's exposure to carbon intensive companies. The metric takes the carbon intensity (total carbon emissions divided by total revenue) of a company and multiplies it by its weight in the portfolio.

environmental solutions across 10 sectors³. All the Fund's listed equity portfolios either met or exceeded their respective benchmarks in terms of green revenues exposure. For instance, the Global Sustainable Equity portfolio has 12.4% exposure to green revenues compared to 7.3% in its benchmark⁴, up from 10.9% last year. Green revenues data is expected to extend to the Fund's private markets portfolios next year.

5. Investment Performance

(I) 2022/23 Performance

For the year ending 31 March 2023 total Fund assets fell by £444m (7.3%) to give a value of £5,382m. Despite some gains later in the year, markets ended the period in negative territory due to persistent high inflation and fears of a recession and a banking crisis.

For riskier assets such as equities, the fiscal year started with a continuation of the negative sentiment seen in 2021/22, driven by high levels of inflation, fears of a global recession and continued geopolitical tensions. The inflation outlook continued to drive market volatility into the third quarter of 2022, when investor expectations around a 'pivot' from the US Federal Reserve (from monetary tightening to loosening) caused global markets to quickly rise before falling back down to end the quarter in negative territory. Markets then rallied into the final quarter of 2022, driven by China signalling that it would drop its zero-tolerance Covid policy, while lack of a significant cold snap in Europe prevented a worsening of the energy crisis. The first quarter of 2023 was also positive due to an initial strong rally, despite losing some ground in March following the collapse of Silicon Valley Bank and fears of another banking crisis.

Absolute returns generated by the Fund's investment managers largely followed the pattern of the broader market, despite a few areas of underperformance. In listed markets, the Global High Alpha equity portfolio achieved a positive absolute return of 0.4% for the year, outperforming its benchmark by 0.9%, while the Global Sustainable Equity portfolio underperformed its benchmark by 0.4%, achieving a negative absolute return of -1.3%. Both portfolios suffered early in the year from underexposure to energy (a strong performing sector) and negative market headwinds that had a disproportional effect on the style of the portfolios, both of which favour high growth and quality companies. These trends somewhat reversed later in the year, with High Alpha managing to end in positive territory on strong sector positions in Consumer Discretionary and Industrials. The Paris Aligned Benchmark portfolio finished up 0.7% in absolute terms, in line with its benchmark, benefiting from large positions in the US Technology sector. The Diversifying Returns Fund (DRF) finished the period down 2.9% versus a positive 5.3% return from its cash benchmark. Initial currency positions, including a short US Dollar position, detracted while some gains were made-up later in the year from developed equity positions and sovereign bonds.

³ Energy Equipment, Energy Generation, Energy Management, Environmental Resources and Support Services, Food and Agriculture, Transport Equipment and Solutions, Waste Pollution and Control. Water Infrastructure

⁴ FTSE All World at December 2022

In credit markets, the Multi Asset Credit (MAC) portfolio achieved a -3.4% return versus the 6.4% cash benchmark, due to interest rate rises and increased recession risk causing yields and spreads to rise and resulting in falling bond prices.

UK property had a difficult year, returning -15.3% (0.9% below benchmark) as Bank of England rate rises caused significant falls in property valuations as borrowing become more costly. This poor performance was also reflected in our international property portfolio, which saw negative returns for the year, again driven by higher borrowing costs due to significant inflationary pressures.

In contrast, infrastructure assets performed strongly over the year, with our Renewable Infrastructure portfolios returning 7.9% and 14.9% for cycles 1 and 2 respectively⁵, due to elevated power prices and decarbonisation tailwinds. Private Debt produced a positive absolute return for the year, with a return of 2.8%⁶, thanks to defensive allocations, such as healthcare and education.

Secured Income returns fell into negative territory, hit by the same economic headwinds facing real estate with over 70% of the portfolio allocated to long-lease property, despite being well positioned with a high-quality tenant base and benefiting from inflation-linked leases. The renewable income component of the portfolio offset the negative impact of long-lease property as it benefited from elevated power prices.

(II) Risk Management Framework

The Fund uses a number of risk management strategies specifically to stabilise contribution plans for employers and to protect the Fund from significant falls in asset values.

The Equity Protection Strategy (EPS) protects the Fund's significant equity exposure against downside events, reducing risk within the overall strategy and allowing a higher allocation to equities than the strategy would otherwise allow. Over the year equity market volatility was characterised by falls in value during the first half of the year followed by a swift reversal during the final two quarters of the period. Due to the structure of the EPS, which gives away gains beyond a predetermined level, it acted as a drag on overall equity returns.

The Liability Driven Investment (LDI) framework seeks to increase the Fund's exposure to inflation-adjusted yields to offset the impact of rising inflation and/or declining interest rates on the Fund's liabilities. This year LDI strategies were materially impacted by the sharp increase in bond yields, magnified by the mini budget in September. In the lead up to the gilts crisis in September and October the Fund had been increasing its interest rate hedge as yields rose. At 31 March 2023 the Fund's interest rate and inflation hedge ratios stood at 29% and 24%⁷, respectively. The Fund subsequently suspended any further increases to the inflation and interest rate hedge ratios until further analysis on the collateral position had been undertaken. A prudent collateral management approach meant the Fund was well positioned to absorb the volatility in market prices and did not become a 'forced seller' of assets. It did, however, increase collateral to guard against yet further rises

⁷ As a percentage of assets

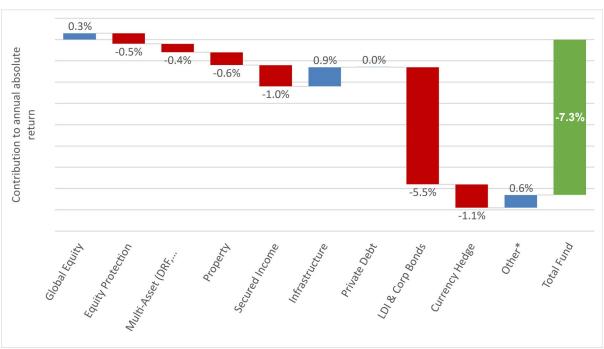
⁵, Net IRR basis

in yields and in anticipation of greater regulatory scrutiny around collateral and leveraged LDI programmes. Additional collateral was sourced from overweight positions elsewhere in the portfolio which meant strategic asset allocations were maintained throughout the gilts crisis.

Finally, Sterling appreciated by 3% against the Yen, while depreciating by 3.8% and 6.1% against the Euro and US Dollar respectively. As the US Dollar hedge dominates, this led to an overall negative return from the currency hedge.

Table 8(d) shows the contribution to returns over the year on an absolute basis. High Alpha and Paris Aligned Benchmark equities made positive contributions over the year, with Infrastructure producing strong above-benchmark returns. The LDI mandate was the largest detractor over the year, while the currency hedge detracted 1.0% due to sterling weakening. On a relative basis the Fund underperformed its strategic benchmark return of -1.3% by 6.0%. Underperformance relative to the strategic benchmark was driven by the relative performance of DRF and MAC alongside the Secured Income and International Property portfolios.

Chart 8(d) – 1 Year Total Fund Performance Attribution at 31 March 2023



SOURCE: Mercer

*Other contributions to total return include the ETF liquidity strategy, cash, the impact of cashflows and terminated mandates, as well as rounding error

The investment return affects the funding or solvency level of the Fund. The average long-term (20 year) expected return for the investment strategy is a real return of 4.2%. For the Fund achieving a real return is important as the pension benefits are linked to inflation. During the year the funding level decreased by 2% to 95% with the deficit estimated to have increased to £268m.

(III) Longer-term performance

The longer-term performance (annualised returns) of the Fund is shown in Chart 8(e) compared against the Fund's benchmark. The Fund return is inclusive of currency hedging whereas the benchmark return excludes currency hedging.

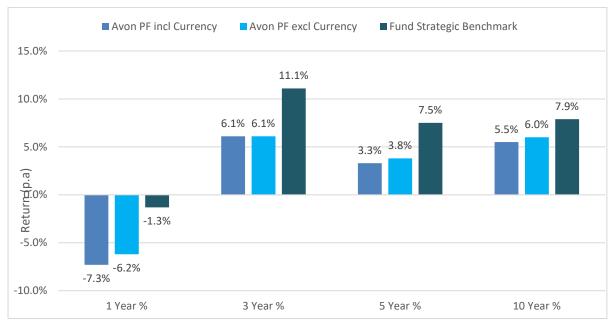


Chart 8(e): Long-term performance

Source: Mercer, State Street Bank and Trust

Over three years the Fund's return of 6.1% per annum (excluding currency) is below the strategic benchmark return, primarily due to the equity protection strategy which detracted as equity markets have increased over the period. Property and Secured Income also acted as a drag on returns. Over the same period the impact of the currency hedging program was neutral.

Table 8(f) shows how each of the investment managers have contributed to performance (net of fees). It shows performance against their specific benchmarks over one year, three years and five years. The performance of the global property portfolio is measured using the Internal Rate of Return since inception as the performance is impacted by the dilution effect of investing monies during the investment phase of the portfolio. Given the relatively recent transitions to Brunel portfolios, many of the mandates do not have long term track records.

Table 8(f): Contribution to Performance – Relative Returns of Investment Managers

| Manager | Mandate | 1 Year Relative Return | 3 Year Relative Return | 5 Year Relative Return |
|---------|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Brunel | Passive Global Equities Paris-Aligned | | | |
| Brunel | Active Global Sustainable Equities | -0.3% | | |
| Brunel* | Secured Income – Cycle 1 | -0.5% | | |
| | Secured Income – Cycle 2 | -1.2% | | |
| Brunel* | Renewable Infrastructure – Cycle 1 | 7.9% | | |
| | Renewable Infrastructure – | 14.9% | | |

| | Cycle 2 | | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------|------|------|
| | Renewable Infrastructure – Cycle 3 | -3.2% | | |
| BlackRock | Passive Developed Market Equities | 0.4% | 0.2% | 0.4% |
| BlackRock | Bespoke Corporate Bonds | | | |
| Partners* | Global Property | 4.6% | | |
| Brunel | Diversified Returns Fund | -8.2% | | |
| Brunel | Active Global Equities | 0.9% | 0.8% | |
| Brunel* | Private Debt – Cycle 2 | 2.8% | | |
| | Private Debt – Cycle 3 | 5.1% | | |
| Brunel | UK Property | -1.0% | | |
| Brunel | Multi Asset Credit Fund | -9.8% | | |
| IFM | Infrastructure | 1.6% | 5.7% | 4.4% |

Source: Mercer, State Street Bank and Trust, Brunel Pension Partnership, Managers

6. Largest holdings

Table 8(g): Top 10 largest investment holdings at 31 March 2023

| Holdings | £'000s | % of Fund |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| BlackRock Liability Solutions Fund | 1,300,563 | 24.1% |
| Brunel Global Sustainable Equity Fund | 792,531 | 14.7% |
| Brunel Global High Alpha Equity Fund | 698,860 | 13.0% |
| Brunel Diversified Returns Fund | 336,583 | 6.2% |
| IFM Global Infrastructure Fund | 313,207 | 5.8% |
| Brunel Paris Aligned Developed Equity Fund | 278,856 | 5.2% |
| Neuberger Berman Multi Asset Credit Fund* | 188,331 | 3.3% |
| Greencoat Renewable Income Fund* | 157,064 | 2.9% |
| Standard Life Long-Lease Property Fund* | 143,869 | 2.7% |
| M&G Secured Income Property Fund* | 134,159 | 2.5% |

^{*} Held in Brunel Portfolios

7. Investment Administration

The Fund's custodian is responsible for the safekeeping of the Fund's assets and acts as the Fund's bank, settling transactions and collecting income and provides a range of support services including stock lending and investment accounting.

^{*}Performance is shown since inception of the mandate on a Net Internal Rate of Return basis

The Fund has a separate bank account which provides transparency and accountability of the Fund's and Council's banking arrangements. The Fund delegates the management of the pension fund's investment cash to the Council who implement the Fund's Treasury Management Policy which ensures the investment of the Fund's cash is consistent with the risk parameters of the Fund.

8. Investment Cost Transparency

The Cost Transparency Initiative (CTI) framework provides greater transparency of the total investment fees and costs for each investment mandate. This is particularly significant for the pooled fund mandates where all the costs are charged to the underlying assets. The Fund includes estimated management fees for all pooled investments in the Statement of Accounts but other fees and transaction costs are not included. The value of assets and performance data is stated after all costs and therefore the enhanced cost disclosure does not affect investment performance or the value of assets.

All of the Fund's managers including Brunel are signatories to the CTI and have provided the data for each of the portfolios that the Fund invests in.

The data within the CTI templates includes greater detail with respect to underlying fund costs and therefore does not reconcile with the costs disclosed in Note 7 within the Statement of Accounts. Asset allocation will drive changes in the overall costs over time especially given the increasing allocation to private markets which generate higher indirect costs. The data has been aggregated and covers the year ending 31 March 2023.

The increase in the pooled assets ongoing charges from 31bps (2021/22) to 33bps (2022/23) was driven by the increase in management fees, which reflects that Brunel now manage a larger proportion of higher-cost mandates including active credit and private markets assets. Other ongoing charges such as administrative and governance fees were largely comparable to 2021/22.

There was a material decrease in ongoing charges associated with non-pooled assets from 78bps (2021/22) to 36bps (2022/23). This was driven by the decrease in indirect fees and charges largely due to the reduction in the overall size of the allocation to the hedge fund strategy.

Finally, there was a decrease in performance fees paid and carried interest accrued (but not yet paid) which was the result of a decline in real asset values, in particular the Fund's property allocations where valuations were adversely affected by the increase in interest rates through the year.

Table 8(h): LGPS Code of Transparency

| | INVESTMENT | T MANAGEME | ENT COSTS FOR | YEAF | R TO 31 MAR | CH 2023 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|------|----------------|----------------|-------------|------|------------|-----|
| | | Asset Poo | | | Non-Asset Pool | | | | Fund Total | |
| | Direct £'000 In | direct £'000 | Total £'000 | Bps | Direct £'000 | Indirect £'000 | Total £'000 | Bps | £'000 | Bps |
| ONGOING CHARGES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fund and Investment Management | 13,070 | 245 | 13,315 | 29 | 15,940 | 2,712 | 18,652 | 245 | 31,966 | 59 |
| Management fees | 11,761 | - | 11,761 | 25 | 5,776 | - | 5,776 | 76 | 17,537 | 33 |
| Fees and charges paid through NAV | 1,618 | - | 1,618 | 4 | 385 | - | 385 | 5 | 2,003 | 4 |
| Management fee rebates | (365) | | - 365 | (1) | (1,095) | - | (1,095) | (14) | (1,460) | (3) |
| Indirect fees and charges | - | 245 | 245 | 1 | _ | 2,712 | 2,712 | 36 | 2,956 | 5 |
| Performance fees and carried interest | 55 | - | 55 | 0 | 10,875 | - | 10,875 | 143 | 10,931 | 20 |
| Administrative Fees | 1,587 | - | 1,587 | 3 | 1,988 | - | 1,988 | 26 | 3,575 | 7 |
| Governance, Regulation & Compliance | 556 | - | 556 | 1 | 584 | - | 584 | 8 | 1,141 | 2 |
| Total Ongoing Charges Figure | 15,213 | 245 | 15,458 | 33 | 18,513 | 2,712 | 21,224 | 279 | 36,683 | 68 |
| ASSET POOL SHARED COSTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asset Pool Shared Costs | 1,557 | - | 1,557 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1,557 | 3 |
| PORTFOLIO TRANSACTION COSTS | | | | | | | | | | |
| Explicit Transaction Costs | - | 2,007 | 2,007 | 4 | - | 458 | 458 | 6 | 2,465 | 5 |
| Implicit Transaction Costs | - | 3,912 | 3,912 | 8 | - | (211) | (211) | - 3 | 3,702 | 7 |
| Indirect Transaction Costs | - | 3,574 | 3,574 | 8 | - | (25) | (25) | - 0 | 3,549 | 7 |
| Anti-dilution offset | - | (284) | (284) | (1) | - | - | - | - | (284) | (1) |
| Total Transaction Costs | - | 9,209 | 9,209 | 20 | - | 222 | 222 | 3 | 9,431 | 18 |
| PROPERTY EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Expenses | - | 1,570 | 1,570 | 3 | - | - | - | - | 1,570 | 3 |
| TOTAL OF ALL COSTS AND FEES | 16,770 | 11,024 | 27,794 | 60 | 18,513 | 2,933 | 21,446 | 282 | 49,240 | 91 |

The different types of costs itemised in table 8(h) are defined below:

Direct costs are those costs that are directly invoiced to the Fund or incurred by the segregated mandates and recorded in the custody account.

Indirect costs are those charged to the underlying assets, mainly in pooled mandates. The fee rates in basis points (bps) shown in the table are the fees and costs expressed as a percentage of the value of the assets.

The table shows the costs for assets held within the Brunel asset pool and those still managed directly by the Fund. The assets held within the pool include all listed markets assets and private markets allocations to property, infrastructure, secured income and private debt. The Fund's liability and equity risk management strategies are also governed by Brunel fee agreements.

Performance fees for CTI purposes relate to those fees that were paid and accrued (not yet paid) in 2022/23.

The Asset Pool shared costs represent the Brunel fees for managing and operating the pool and also includes consultancy costs associated with administering the Brunel client and oversight arrangements.

Transaction costs include broker commissions, transactions taxes, implicit costs, indirect transaction costs and other transaction costs. The costs associated with the transition of assets to Brunel are not included in this analysis.

9. Funding strategy

Funding position

- Funding level was 96% at 2022 valuation
- 2022 triennial valuation sets contribution rates for next 3 years
- Real discount rates have fallen due to lower expectations for future investment returns

In line with the Local Government Pension Scheme regulations, the funding position of the Avon Pension Fund (the Fund) is reviewed every three years. The latest triennial valuation based on membership data and asset values as at 31 March 2022, sets the employer contribution rates and deficit payment plans for the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.

In the 2022 valuation the assets totalled £5,822m and liabilities were £6,060m. 43% of the liabilities related to pensioner benefits, 23% were deferred benefits and 34% related to active members currently contributing and accruing benefits. The funding level (the coverage of liabilities by the assets) was 96% which was an improvement on the funding level of 94% in 2019. In monetary terms the deficit fell from £284m in 2019 to £238m in 2022 with an average deficit recovery period of 12 years.

The improvement in the funding level and deficit was due to a number of factors:

- The higher than expected investment return over the 3 years of 6.5% p.a. (that is a real return over Consumer Price Index 'CPl' inflation of 4.6%). In monetary terms the 'excess' investment returns were £384m over the valuation period.
- A slowing in the rate of improvement in future life expectancy as evidence by national and scheme specific data.

Offsetting these positive drivers, the real discount rate used to value past service liabilities fell, reflecting lower expectations for investment returns which the Fund's investment strategy can be expected to deliver in the future. This discount rate, based on the expected return on assets in excess of inflation, has reduced 0.25% to CPI +1.5%.

Likewise the Future Service Rate discount rate which is used to value future benefit accruals also fell by 0.25% to CPI+2.0% which led to a rise in the contribution rate from 17.2% of pensionable pay to 18.6%. Since the 2019 valuation future expectations of long-term inflation have risen from 2.4% p.a. to 3.1% p.a.

The Fund has a Lower Risk investment strategy for employers that wish to be exposed to less investment risk, are planning to exit the scheme, or have exited the scheme. This strategy invests in corporate bonds structured to better match the liability profile of these employers. The discount rate is 2.55% and this strategy exhibits a lower real return and higher future service contribution rates.

Although the remedial regulations are not yet in place, the remedy for the 'McCloud Judgement' is included in the 2022 valuation outcome. The remedy is estimated to increase the past liabilities by c. £70m or c.1.2% of past service liabilities. This is included in the 2022 liability value stated earlier.

Historical valuation data is shown in the table below:

Table 9(a): Historical funding level and asset allocation at each triennial valuation

| Valuation result | 2004 | 2007 | 2010 | 2013 | 2016 | 2019 | 2022 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Value of Assets £m | 1,474 | 2,184 | 2,459 | 3,146 | 3,737 | 4,818 | 5,822 |
| Value of Liabilities | 1,841 | 2,643 | 3,011 | 4,023 | 4,355 | 5,102 | 6,060 |
| £m | | | | | | | |
| Funding level | 80% | 83% | 82% | 78% | 86% | 94% | 96% |
| Asset Allocation % | | | | | | | |
| Equities | 74% | 77% | 63% | 63% | 50% | 42% | 41% |
| Bonds & Credit | 24% | 21% | 22% | 20% | 21% | 10% | 7.0% |
| Liability Driven | - | - | - | - | - | 12% | 12% |
| Investments | | | | | | | |
| Diversified Growth | - | - | - | - | 10% | 12% | 9.0% |
| Funds | | | | | | | |
| Property | - | - | 4% | 7% | 10% | 9% | 7% |
| Infrastructure | - | - | - | - | - | 7% | 9% |
| Secured Income | - | - | - | - | - | 1% | 8% |
| Private Debt | • | - | - | - | - | - | 1% |
| Hedge Funds | - | - | 9% | 7% | 5% | 5% | 3% |
| Cash | 2% | 2% | 2% | 3% | 4% | 2% | 3% |

The funding level will vary over time as the value of the assets and liabilities will vary due to changes in market prices. The non-financial assumptions that determine the liabilities will also vary, such as longevity or the length of time it is assumed pensions will be paid over the retirement age.

Between the triennial valuations the Committee monitors the funding position. An interim valuation is undertaken the year before a triennial valuation to give employers an indication of the potential impact of the next valuation on their budget to help them plan accordingly.

The pension fund is maturing gradually, and the investment and funding strategies take this into account. As monthly pensions paid to pensioners exceed contributions received from employers and members, the Fund uses investment income to pay the pensions. The cash flow forecast is included in the Fund's annual Service Plan and actual cash flow is monitored against forecast to manage cash requirements on a monthly basis.

As at 31 March 2023 the estimated funding level is 95% based on latest market prices.

Funding Strategy Statement (FSS)

The FSS is revised each valuation to set the parameters for that valuation. The FSS reflects the need to balance the long-term solvency of the Fund with affordability for the scheme employers over the medium term.

The FSS:

 establishes a clear and transparent fund-specific strategy which will identify how employers' pension liabilities are best met going forward by taking a prudent longer-term view of funding those liabilities

- establishes contributions at a level to 'secure the solvency of the pension fund' and the 'long-term cost efficiency'
- has regard to the desirability of maintaining as nearly constant an employer contribution rate as possible

Whilst the position of individual employers must be accommodated, the FSS is an overarching strategy for the administering authority to implement and maintain, which recognises that there will be conflicting objectives which need to be balanced and reconciled.

When setting contribution rates and deficit recovery periods for individual employers or groups of employers, the Actuary considers an assessment of financial strength and funding sources undertaken by the Fund.

The Future Service Rate (the on-going cost of one year's pension accrual) is expressed as a percentage of pensionable pay whereas deficit recovery contributions (or past service contributions) are expressed in annual monetary amounts.

The number of employers in the Fund continues to increase due to the creation of academies and the outsourcing of services by scheme employers. As schedule bodies, academies have an automatic right to join the scheme. Employers outsourcing services to an admitted body are required to guarantee the liabilities of the admitted body.

To reduce the risk of a significant increase in liabilities due to early retirements under the ill-health regulations for smaller employing bodies, the Fund operates a 'captive' insurance to manage this increase in costs for these employers. In 2023/24 the Fund will consider implementing a Death in Service captive insurance arrangement to more effectively manage these costs for employers.

The 2022 FSS was compiled in accordance with the relevant statutory guidance. It includes all policies relating to the funding of employer liabilities as well as admission and termination policies including Fixed Payment Plans and Deferred Debt Agreements.

The 2022 Funding Strategy Statement is in <u>Appendix H</u> and can be obtained from the website <u>www.avonpensionfund.org.uk</u> (search Funding Strategy Statement)

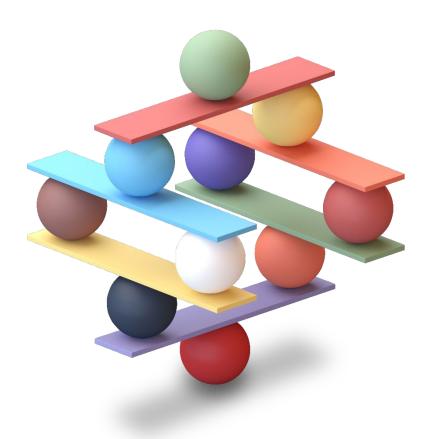
10. Statement of the consulting actuary

Overleaf.



Avon Pension Fund

Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2023 – Statement by the Consulting Actuary

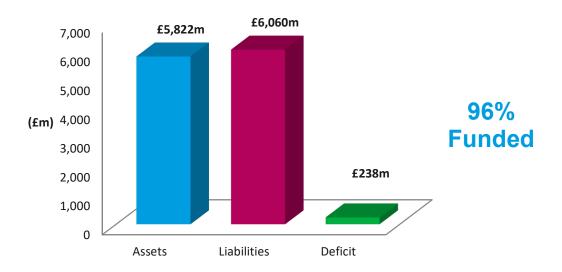


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This statement has been provided to meet the requirements under Regulation 57(1)(d) of The Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013.

An actuarial valuation of the Avon Pension Fund was carried out as at 31 March 2022 to determine the contribution rates with effect from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.

On the basis of the assumptions adopted, the Fund's assets of £5,822 million represented 96% of the Fund's past service liabilities of £6,060 million (the "Solvency Funding Target") at the valuation date. The deficit at the valuation was therefore £238 million.



The valuation also showed that a Primary contribution rate of 18.6% of pensionable pay per annum was required from employers. The Primary rate is calculated as being sufficient, together with contributions paid by members, to meet all liabilities arising in respect of service after the valuation date.

The funding objective as set out in the Funding Strategy Statement (FSS) is to achieve and maintain a solvency funding level of 100% of liabilities (the solvency funding target). In line with the FSS, where a shortfall exists at the effective date of the valuation a deficit recovery plan will be put in place which requires additional contributions to correct the shortfall. Equally, where there is a surplus it is may be appropriate to offset this against contributions for future service, in which case contribution reductions will be put in place to allow for this.

The FSS sets out the process for determining the recovery plan in respect of each employer. At the actuarial valuation the average recovery period adopted was 12 years (for employers in surplus the period used depends on the individual employer circumstances), and the total initial recovery payment

(the "Secondary rate") for 2023/26 was an addition of approximately £33m per annum in £ terms in year 1, £15m in year 2 and £17m in year 3 (allowing for the contribution plans which have been set for individual employers under the provisions of the FSS).

Further details regarding the results of the valuation are contained in the formal report on the actuarial valuation dated March 2023.

In practice, each individual employer's position is assessed separately and the contributions required are set out in the report. In addition to the certified contribution rates, payments to cover additional liabilities arising from early retirements (other than ill-health retirements) will be made to the Fund by the employers.

The funding plan adopted in assessing the contributions for each individual employer is in accordance with the Funding Strategy Statement (FSS). Any different approaches adopted, e.g. with regard to the implementation of contribution increases and deficit recovery periods, are as determined through the FSS consultation process.

The valuation was carried out using the projected unit actuarial method and the main actuarial assumptions used for assessing the Solvency Funding Target and the Primary rate of contribution were as follows:

| | For past service liabilities (Solvency Funding Target) | For future service liabilities (Primary rate of contribution) |
|--|--|---|
| Rate of return on investments (discount rate) - Higher risk investment strategy - Lower risk investment strategy | 4.60% per annum 2.55% per annum | 5.10% per annum 2.55% per annum |
| Rate of pay increases (long-term)* - Higher risk investment strategy - Lower risk investment strategy | 4.60% per annum 5.10% per annum | 4.60% per annum 5.10% per annum |
| Rate of increases in pensions in payment (in excess of GMP) - Higher risk investment strategy - Lower risk investment strategy | 3.10% per annum 3.60% per annum | 3.10% per annum 3.60% per annum |

^{*}allowance was also made for short-term public sector pay restraint over a 3 year period

The assets were assessed at market value.

The next triennial actuarial valuation of the Fund is due as at 31 March 2025. Based on the results of this valuation, the contribution rates payable by the individual employers will be revised with effect from 1 April 2026.

Actuarial Present Value of Promised Retirement Benefits for the Purposes of IAS 26

IAS 26 requires the present value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits to be disclosed, and for this purpose the actuarial assumptions and methodology used should be based on IAS 19 rather than the assumptions and methodology used for funding purposes.

To assess the value of the benefits on this basis, we have used the following financial assumptions as at 31 March 2023 (the 31 March 2022 assumptions are included for comparison):

| | 31 March 2022 | 31 March 2023 |
|---|-----------------|------------------|
| Rate of return on investments (discount rate) | 2.8% per annum | 4.8% per annum |
| Rate of CPI Inflation / CARE benefit revaluation | 3.4% per annum | 2.7% per annum |
| Rate of pay increases | 4.9% per annum* | 4.2% per annum** |
| Increases on pensions (in excess of GMP) / Deferred revaluation | 3.5% per annum | 2.8% per annum |

^{*}An adjustment has been made for the short-term pay restraint in line with the 2019 actuarial valuation

The demographic assumptions are the same as those used for funding purposes:

- the start of period assumptions are based on the 2019 actuarial valuation assumptions (but updated to the 2021 CMI future improvement tables)
- the end of period assumptions are based on the updated assumption adopted for the 2022 actuarial valuation, with a long-term rate of life expectancy improvement of 1.5% pa.

Full details of the demographic assumptions are set out in the formal reports to the respective valuations.

The movement in the value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits for IAS 26 is as follows:

| | Liabilities |
|--|-------------|
| Start of period | £8,631m |
| Interest | £240m |
| Net benefits accrued/paid over the period* | £178m |
| Actuarial losses / (gains) - see below | (£2,889m) |
| End of period | £6,160m |

^{*}this includes any increase in liabilities arising as a result of early retirements

^{**}An adjustment has been made for the short-term pay restraint in line with the 2022 actuarial valuation

Key factors leading to actuarial gains above year are:

- Change in financial assumptions: Corporate bond yields increased significantly over the year, with a corresponding increase in discount rate to 4.8% p.a. from 2.8% p.a. In addition, there has been a reduction in long-term assumed CPI to 2.7% p.a. from 3.4%. In combination, these factors lead to a significant reduction in liabilities
- Change in demographic assumptions: As noted above, the assumptions have been updated to reflect the 2022 actuarial valuation assumptions, with a lower rate of long-term improvement of 1.5%. This acts to reduce the liabilities
- Pension increases / high short-term inflation: The figures allow for the impact of the April 2023 pension increase of 10.1%, along with the high levels of CPI since September 2022 (which will feed into the 2024 pension increase). As current inflation is higher than the long-term assumption, this increases the liabilities
- **2022 actuarial valuation:** The year-end liabilities allow for the final 2022 valuation results, and so will allow for the difference between the assumptions and actual member experience over 2019/22. This will include factors such as the impact of actual pay increases awarded, actual rates of ill-health retirement, etc.

Paul Middleman

Fellow of the Institute and

Faculty of Actuaries

Mark Wilson

Fellow of the Institute and

Faculty of Actuaries

Mercer Limited

May 2023

Appendix - additional considerations

The "McCloud judgment": The figures above allow for the impact of the judgment based on the proposed remedy.

GMP indexation: The above figures allow for the provision of full CPI pension increases on GMP benefits for members who reach State Pension Age after 6 April 2016.

Covid 19 / Ukraine: The financial assumptions allow for these factors to the degree that they are reflected in the market values on which the assumptions are based. The impact of Covid deaths over the period 2019/22 will be included in the actuarial gains / losses item above. The mortality assumption includes no specific adjustment for Covid as our view is that it is not possible at this point to draw any meaningful conclusions on the long-term impact.

Current high inflation: The period-end above figures allow for the impact of actual known CPI at the accounting date as noted above. The period-end assumptions then allow for expected (market implied) CPI from that point.

11. Employers contribution rates

Overleaf.

| Employer Contribution Rates | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Year Ended 31 March 2023 | | 2022/23 | | | 2021/3 | | | |
| | Active Membership | % of pay | Employee Contributions | plus Deficit / (surplus) amount | % of pay | Employee Contributions | plus Deficit / (surplus) amount | |
| Scheduled Bodies | | | | | e · 1 | | , | |
| Principal Councils and Service Providers | | | | | | | | |
| Avon Fire & Rescue Service | 223 | 17.7 | £461,720 | - | 17.7 | £397,481 | - | |
| Bath & North East Somerset Council Bristol City Council | 3193 8163 | 17.6 17.6 | £4,990,244 £14,490,059 | - | 17.6 17.6 | £4,375,468 £13,595,776 | - | |
| North Somerset Council | 1824 | 17.8 | £3,163,505 | £2,397,190 | 17.8 | £2,871,811 | £2,344,090 | |
| South Gloucestershire Council | 6083 | 18.2 | £7,124,909 | - | 18.2 | £6,450,336 | - | |
| West of England Combined Authority | 234 | 14.3 | £679,545 | -£27,500 | 14.0 | £664,512 | -£26,500 | |
| Further & Higher Education Establishments | | | | | | | | |
| Bath College | 265 | 17.0 | £248,856 | £85,700 | 17.0 | £197,293 | £82,500 | |
| Bath Spa University | 623 | 15.5 | £1,087,980 | £502,900 | 15.3 | £982,601 | £484,000 | |
| City of Bristol College | 347 | 17.3 | £450,181 | £258,900 | 17.3 | £472,447 | £249,100 | |
| Offender Learning Services (part of Weston College) | 47 | 20.1 | £62,212 £10,475 | £20,300 | 18.6 18.6 | £66,256 £0 | £19,600 | |
| Restart Employment and Skills Limited (part of Weston College) | 13 | 20.1 | 110,473 | | 10.0 | 10 | - | |
| South Gloucestershire & Stroud College | 554 | 16.7 | £625,173 | £336,000 | 16.0 | £573,576 | £323,300 | |
| St. Brendan's Sixth Form College | 120 | 17.2 | £151,010 | - | 17.2 | £132,385 | - | |
| University of the West of England | 2612 | 16.1 | £4,361,117 | £2,008,350 | 15.5 | £3,990,085 | £1,932,900 | |
| Weston College | 343 | 14.3 | £515,301 | £240,200 | 14.3 | £458,771 | £231,300 | |
| Academies and Schools | | | | | | | | |
| Abbeywood Community School | 70 | 17.6 | £79,777 | £64,580 | 16.9 | £67,054 | £62,180 | |
| Abbot Alphege Academy | 11 | 17.2 | £8,598 | £100 | 17.2 | £8,259 | £100 | |
| All Saints East Clevedon C of E Primary School | 18 | 19.5 | £7,239 | £4,805 | 19.5 | £6,229 | £4,610 | |
| Ashcombe Primary School | 76 | 18.1 | £46,310 | £68,890 | 18.1 | £43,239 | £66,240 | |
| Ashton Park School | 44 | 18.3 | £55,233 | £46,760 | 18.3 | £52,424 | £44,960 | |
| Ashton Vale Primary School Aspire Academy | 21 64 | 18.3 17.9 | £10,777 £26,738 | £8,160 £42,530 | 18.3 17.3 | £11,552 £24,867 | £7,860 £40,880 | |
| Avanti Gardens School | 11 | 16.0 | £11,950 | £800 | 15.4 | £9,869 | £700 | |
| Backwell C of E Junior School | 9 | 23.7 | £10,518 | £12,440 | 23.7 | £9,958 | £12,050 | |
| Backwell School | 95 | 18.8 | £88,596 | £174,710 | 18.8 | £74,765 | £168,150 | |
| Badock's Wood E-ACT Academy | 23 | 16.9 | £15,521 | £14,780 | 15.9 | £15,804 | £14,260 | |
| Bannerman Road Community Academy Banwell Primary School | 42 19 | 16.5 20.0 | £29,666 £2,243 | - | 15.9 | £26,881 £0 | - | |
| Barton Hill Academy | 26 | 16.5 | £26,381 | - | 15.9 | £31,324 | - | |
| Bathampton Primary School | 18 | 20.2 | £6,831 | £16,360 | 19.9 | £8,365 | £15,870 | |
| Batheaston Church School | 27 | 23.4 | £10,137 | £33,120 | 21.6 | £8,796 | £31,850 | |
| Bathford Church School | 24 | 19.3 | £11,823 | £10,580 | 18.6 | £8,171 | £10,090 | |
| Bathwick St Mary Church School | 23 | 17.0 | £15,010 | £16,850 | 17.0 | £14,235 | £16,170 | |
| Becket Primary School Bedminster Down School | 19 42 | 21.3 17.9 | £17,073 £47,662 | £33,320 £24,050 | 21.3 17.3 | £16,911 £43,402 | £32,040 £23,170 | |
| Beechen Cliff School | 78 | 18.3 | £71,738 | £60,590 | 18.3 | £66,236 | £58,290 | |
| Begbrook Primary Academy | 59 | 18.0 | £37,974 | £19,010 | 17.2 | £32,714 | £18,320 | |
| Birdwell Primary School | 53 | 18.3 | £32,799 | £35,000 | 17.5 | £28,118 | £33,600 | |
| Bishop Sutton Primary School | 23 | 20.1 | £11,016 | £9,700 | 20.1 | £9,855 | £9,410 | |
| Blagdon Primary School | 12 | 20.9 | £6,673 | £5,980 | 20.9 | £6,761 | £5,780 | |
| Blaise High School Bournville Primary School | 55 137 | 17.8 17.8 | £74,896 £106,150 | £124,300 | 17.8 17.8 | £41,030 £99,770 | £119,600 | |
| Bradley Stoke Community School | 78 | 17.6 | £81,286 | £118,070 | 16.9 | £77,663 | £113,670 | |
| Bridge Farm Primary School | 51 | 17.9 | £25,428 | - | - | £0 | - | |
| Bridge Learning Campus | 104 | 16.6 | £89,338 | £80,550 | 16.1 | £60,940 | £77,610 | |
| Bristol Cathedral School Trust | 132 | 15.1 | £140,473 | - | 14.9 | £119,174 | - | |
| Bristol Free School | 82 | 17.4 | £59,209 | £6,860 | 16.3 | £51,849 | £6,660 | |
| Broadlands Academy Broadoak Academy | 45 58 | 17.2 18.2 | £34,970 £53,733 | £39,800 | 17.2 18.2 | £33,755 £46,628 | £38,200 | |
| Brook Academy | 9 | 16.6 | £8,305 | - | - 18.2 | £0 | - | |
| Burrington C of E Primary School | 11 | 20.0 | £1,451 | - | | £0 | | |
| Cabot Learning Federation | 321 | 15.3 | £458,190 | £23,610 | 15.3 | £414,779 | £22,730 | |
| Cabot Primary School | 22 | 18.0 | £12,718 | £5,200 | - | £0 | - | |
| Campley CEVC Primary School | 38 | 17.3 | £24,815 | £30,690 | 16.9 | £21,143 | £29,490 | |
| Cameley CEVC Primary School Castle Batch Primary School | 28 79 | 18.4 19.0 | £15,411 £34,048 | £7,900 | 18.4 19.0 | £11,933 £26,340 | £7,600 | |
| Castle Primary School (Keynsham) | 44 | 20.3 | £34,048 £24,750 | £14,600 | 20.3 | £22,556 | £14,000 | |
| Chandag Infant School | 35 | 17.9 | £15,542 | £11,250 | 17.3 | £9,117 | £10,860 | |
| Chandag Junior School | 26 | 17.9 | £10,440 | £11,540 | 17.3 | £8,264 | £11,050 | |
| Charborough Road Primary School | 41 | 17.6 | £21,674 | £17,590 | 16.9 | £15,286 | £16,890 | |
| Charlield Primary School Charlton Wood Primary Academy | 21 | 19.8 | £10,398 | £7,480 | 19.8 | £7,891 | £7,270 | |
| Charlton Wood Primary Academy Cheddar Grove Primary School | 18 48 | 16.6 17.9 | £19,003 £28,470 | £21,900 | 15.8 17.3 | £14,866 £27,600 | £21,130 | |
| Chestnut Park Primary School | 8 | 20.0 | £6,630 | - | - | £2,350 | - | |
| Chew Magna Primary School | 24 | 19.9 | £5,045 | £4,400 | 19.9 | £4,597 | £4,200 | |
| Chew Stoke Church School | 24 | 19.2 | £13,057 | -£9,800 | 19.2 | £10,841 | -£9,400 | |
| Chew Valley School | 69 | 18.4 | £62,168 | £61,440 | 18.4 | £51,946 | £59,180 | |
| Chipping Sodbury School Christ Church C of E Brimany School (Pristol) | 60 | 20.3 | £50,956 | £9,400 | 20.3 | £40,607 | £9,000 | |
| Christ Church C of E Primary School (Bristol) Christ Church C of E Primary School (WSM) | 14 30 | 17.5 20.3 | £15,320 £18,676 | £13,900 £18,720 | 17.5 20.3 | £16,114 £17,246 | £13,400 £17,930 | |
| Churchill Academy | 77 | 18.7 | £84,939 | £139,140 | 17.5 | £70,533 | £17,950 £133,950 | |
| Churchill C of E Primary School | 36 | 20.0 | £2,490 | - | - | £0 | - | |
| City Academy | 105 | 15.1 | £103,039 | £16,760 | 15.1 | £87,183 | £16,070 | |
| | 52 | 17.4 | £85,862 | £78,680 | 16.6 | £77,125 | £75,740 | |
| Clevedon School | | | | | | | | |
| Clutton Primary School | 17 | 18.3 | £7,044 | £7,700 | 18.3 | £6,057 | £7,400 | |
| | | | | | | | £7,400 £26,750 £15,730 | |

| Employer Contribution Rates | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Year Ended 31 March 2023 | | | 2022/23 | | 2021/22 | | | | |
| | Active Membership | % of pay | Employee Contributions | plus Deficit / (surplus) amount | % of pay | Employee Contributions | plus Deficit / (surplus) amount | | |
| Cotham Gardens Primary School | 31 | 16.5 | £24,224 | - | 15.8 | £27,256 | - | | |
| Cotham School | 98 | 16.4 | £127,009 | £107,980 | 16.3 | £112,928 | £103,870 | | |
| Court de Wyck Church School | 19 | 20.6 | £8,190 | £14,800 | 20.6 | £6,412 | £14,210 | | |
| Crockerne C of E Primary School | 45 | 21.3 | £24,400 | £30,670 | 21.3 | £23,655 | £29,590 | | |
| CST Trinity Academy Culverhill School | 42 51 | 20.0 | £30,016 £60,489 | £27,500 | 20.0 | £20,016 £56,525 | £26,500 | | |
| Digitech Studio School | 23 | 17.8 | £13,212 | £200 | 16.5 | £12,923 | £200 | | |
| Diocese of Bristol Academy Trust (Central Functions) | 58 | 17.1 | £96,825 | -£500 | 17.0 | £58,711 | -£500 | | |
| Downend School | 49 | 19.8 | £50,801 | £11,110 | 19.8 | £49,289 | £10,620 | | |
| Dundry C of E Primary School | 14 | 18.3 | £7,128 | -£900 | 18.3 | £4,959 | -£800 | | |
| E-Act (Central Functions) | 29 | 16.9 | £80,190 | | 15.9 | £36,992 | | | |
| East Harptree Primary School Easton C of E Academy | 11 38 | 19.6 17.1 | £5,290 £31,427 | £3,920 £64,460 | 18.9 17.0 | £6,022 £34,485 | £3,720 £62,010 | | |
| Elmlea Infant School | 21 | 18.8 | £15,451 | - | 18.8 | £13,687 | - | | |
| Elmlea Schools' Trust | 22 | 18.2 | £20,315 | - | 17.6 | £20,514 | - | | |
| Endeavour Academy Trust (Central Functions) | 10 | 16.6 | £15,998 | £1,210 | 15.8 | £15,273 | £1,100 | | |
| Evergreen Primary Academy | 19 | 18.8 | £11,824 | £13,620 | 18.8 | £13,684 | £13,130 | | |
| Fairfield High School | 78 | 18.0 | £79,827 | £90,300 | 18.0 | £68,442 | £86,900 - | | |
| Fairlawn Primary School Farmborough Church Primary School | 13 33 | 16.5 19.7 | £10,029 £9,491 | £9,100 | 15.9 19.7 | £9,362 £8,217 | £8,800 | | |
| Farrington Gurney C of E Primary School | 10 | 18.3 | £6,723 | £5,900 | 18.3 | £6,224 | £5,700 | | |
| Filton Avenue Primary School | 73 | 16.3 | £45,515 | £48,900 | 15.3 | £48,575 | £47,130 | | |
| Filton Hill Primary School | 14 | 17.6 | £8,873 | £12,500 | 16.9 | £10,058 | £12,000 | | |
| Fishponds Church of England Academy | 43 | 17.1 | £28,907 | £31,780 | 17.0 | £29,701 | £30,610 | | |
| Flax Bourton C of E Primary School | 25 29 | 22.3 16.6 | £10,786 | £11,560 | 21.7 15.8 | £9,992 | £11,170 | | |
| Fonthill Primary School Fosse Way School | 157 | 15.6 | £17,572 £127,433 | £12,060 £100,900 | 15.8 | £14,436 £112,975 | £11,650 £97,100 | | |
| Four Acres Academy | 59 | 16.2 | £46,285 | £39,800 | 16.2 | £25,931 | £38,400 | | |
| Freshford Church School | 21 | 22.5 | £5,681 | £4,700 | 22.5 | £6,589 | £4,610 | | |
| Frome Vale Academy | 12 | 19.0 | £10,988 | £9,310 | 19.0 | £10,038 | £8,920 | | |
| Gatehouse Green Learning Trust | 68 | 18.3 | £82,121 | £113,590 | 18.3 | £68,268 | £109,290 | | |
| Golden Valley Primary School | 67 16 | 20.0 18.3 | £4,848 £30,445 | - | 18.3 | £0 £26,329 | - | | |
| Gatehouse Green Learning Trust (Central Functions) Gordano School | 149 | 19.4 | £156,410 | £185,200 | 19.1 | £26,329 £141,588 | £178,240 | | |
| Greenfield E-ACT Primary Academy | 37 | 16.9 | £28,529 | £28,260 | 15.9 | £28,241 | £27,210 | | |
| Grove Junior School | 30 | 23.2 | £10,792 | £10,780 | 23.2 | £8,135 | £10,390 | | |
| Hanham Woods Academy | 61 | 18.8 | £49,295 | - | 18.8 | £40,495 | - | | |
| Hannah More Infant School | 30 | 18.7 | £10,709 | £10,580 | 18.7 | £8,606 | £10,190 | | |
| Hans Price Academy Hareclive E-ACT Academy | 76 35 | 16.1 16.9 | £78,745 £26,359 | £38,820 | 16.1 15.9 | £66,583 £21,376 | £37,270 | | |
| Hayesfield Girls School | 63 | 18.3 | £69,319 | £5,900 | 18.3 | £64,190 | - | | |
| Haywood Village Academy | 61 | 16.7 | £33,409 | -£4,700 | 16.7 | £29,636 | -£4,600 | | |
| Headley Park Primary School | 47 | 17.4 | £33,026 | - | 17.4 | £32,573 | - | | |
| Henbury Court Primary Academy | 44 | 16.6 | £30,052 | £51,950 | 15.8 | £28,766 | £50,010 | | |
| Henleaze Junior School Heron's Moor Academy | 15 57 | 21.8 17.3 | £16,025 | £23,100 | 19.2 17.3 | £14,766 | £22,200 £19,210 | | |
| High Down Infant School | 48 | 21.5 | £28,812 £16,886 | £19,990 £35,280 | 19.7 | £24,043 £14,101 | £34,000 | | |
| High Down Junior School | 57 | 20.2 | £24,086 | £31,260 | 20.2 | £24,760 | £30,080 | | |
| High Littleton C of E Primary School | 30 | 18.3 | £12,708 | £9,300 | 18.3 | £10,504 | £8,900 | | |
| Hotwells Primary School | 18 | 19.9 | £10,809 | - | 18.8 | £11,181 | £41,870 | | |
| Hutton C of E Primary School | 30 | 18.6 | £14,279 | £14,890 | 18.6 | £12,312 | £14,310 | | |
| IKB Academy Ilminster Avenue E-ACT Academy | 17 | 17.9 | £6,089 £24,235 | £200 | 17.3 | £5,811 £21,512 | £200 | | |
| Kings Oak Academy | 38 69 | 16.9 18.2 | £55,898 | £9,650 £48,210 | 15.9 18.2 | £54,593 | £9,340 £46,450 | | |
| Kingshill Church School | 21 | 20.1 | £10,794 | £20,680 | 19.3 | £8,011 | £19,790 | | |
| Knowle DGE Academy | 79 | 16.6 | £107,447 | £69,700 | 16.6 | £87,426 | £67,100 | | |
| Lansdown Park Academy | 28 | 16.6 | £37,778 | £16,900 | 16.6 | £31,049 | £16,200 | | |
| Lime Hills Academy | 13 | 20.0 | £7,014 | | - | £0 | | | |
| Little Mead Primary Academy Locking Primary School | 65 37 | 16.6 17.1 | £42,477 £19,803 | £35,180 £23,100 | 15.8 17.1 | £37,757 £19,871 | £33,840 £22,200 | | |
| Longvernal Primary School | 32 | 18.3 | £19,803 £13,306 | £23,100 £11,200 | 18.3 | £19,871 £11,014 | £22,200 £10,800 | | |
| Luckwell Primary School | 17 | 18.3 | £8,360 | £7,960 | 18.3 | £7,849 | £7,760 | | |
| Lyde Green Primary School | 34 | 19.8 | £31,627 | -£490 | 19.8 | £25,637 | -£490 | | |
| Mangotsfield School | 76 | 19.8 | £109,391 | £52,220 | 19.8 | £83,922 | £50,340 | | |
| Marksbury C of E Primary School | 13 | 16.8 | £5,931 | £4,700 | 16.8 | £5,493 | £4,600 | | |
| Mary Elton Primary School | 20 | 19.8 18.4 | £20,368 £22,559 | £66,090 | 19.8 | £20,633 £19,422 | £63,620 £31,260 | | |
| May Park Primary School | 51 | 18.4 | £22,559 £37,036 | £32,430 £25,200 | 18.4 18.0 | £19,422 £32,070 | £31,260 £24,200 | | |
| Mead Vale Community Primary School | 43 | 18.6 | £19,405 | £49,500 | 18.6 | £22,429 | £47,700 | | |
| Meadowbrook Primary School | 33 | 17.6 | £16,296 | £44,790 | 16.9 | £15,609 | £43,090 | | |
| Mendip Green Primary School | 100 | 18.5 | £56,912 | £68,800 | 18.5 | £50,963 | £66,200 | | |
| Merchants' Academy | 98 | 16.5 | £89,752 | | 15.9 | £83,724 | - | | |
| Midsomer Norton Primary School Midsomer Norton Schools Partnership | 48 | 18.3 | £28,989 | £20,400 | 18.3 | £19,498 | £19,600 | | |
| Milton Park Primary School | 180 46 | 18.3 17.6 | £230,405 £24,705 | £178,840 £42,200 | 18.3 17.6 | £191,092 £24,168 | £172,140 £40,700 | | |
| Minerva Primary Academy | 26 | 18.7 | £23,051 | £10,580 | 18.7 | £20,264 | £10,190 | | |
| Montpelier High School | 39 | 16.5 | £30,953 | - | 15.9 | £29,153 | - | | |
| Moorlands Infant School | 24 | 18.6 | £12,471 | £9,500 | 18.6 | £9,916 | £9,100 | | |
| | 22 | 19.5 | £15,962 | £14,700 | 19.0 | £13,380 | £14,200 | | |
| Moorlands Junior School | | 1 400 | C40 CCE | _ | 16.0 | £9,482 | - | | |
| Mulberry Park Educate Together Primary | 17 | 16.0 | £10,665 | | | | | | |
| Mulberry Park Educate Together Primary Nailsea School | 69 | 20.3 | £74,382 | £54,800 | 19.3 | £65,502 | £61,600 | | |
| Mulberry Park Educate Together Primary Nailsea School New Siblands School | 69 103 | 20.3 16.9 | £74,382 £85,499 | £54,800 £22,800 | 19.3 16.9 | £65,502 £72,025 | £61,600 £22,000 | | |
| Mulberry Park Educate Together Primary Nailsea School | 69 | 20.3 | £74,382 | £54,800 | 19.3 | £65,502 | £61,600 | | |

| Employer Contribution Rates Year Ended 31 March 2023 | ı | 2022/23 | | | | 2021/22 | 1 |
|---|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| Year Ended 31 March 2023 | | % of | Employee | plus Deficit / | % of | Employee | plus Deficit / |
| | Active Membership | pay | Contributions | (surplus) amount | pay | Contributions | (surplus) amount |
| Norton Hill Primary School | 17 | 18.3 | £11,537 | - | 18.3 | £5,334 | - |
| Notton House Academy | 65 | 16.6 | £82,138 | £76,440 | 16.6 | £77,324 | £73,640 |
| Oasis Academy Bank Leaze | 16 | 17.3 | £13,597 | £17,890 | 16.5 | £15,014 | £17,280 |
| Oasis Academy Brightstowe | 42 | 17.3 | £53,290 | £23,860 | 16.5 | £54,269 | £22,940 |
| Oasis Academy Brislington | 71 | 17.3 | £72,081 | £126,320 | 16.5 | £61,789 | £121,540 |
| Oasis Academy Connaught | 43 | 17.3 | £34,345 | £17,500 | 16.5 | £30,114 | £16,880 |
| Oasis Academy John Williams | 59 | 17.3 | £72,290 | -£8,250 | 16.5 | £67,303 | -£7,840 |
| Oasis Academy Long Cross | 61 | 17.3 | £53,827 | £58,540 | 16.5 | £53,668 | £56,300 |
| Oasis Academy Marksbury Road Oasis Academy New Oak | 27 32 | 17.3 17.3 | £31,552 £28,155 | £1,290 £39,960 | 16.5 16.5 | £30,469 £22,400 | £1,290 £38,430 |
| Oldfield Park Infant School | 29 | 19.4 | £12,704 | £9,800 | 19.4 | £11,309 | £9,210 |
| Oldfield Park Junior School | 29 | 18.2 | £18,794 | £14,800 | 18.2 | £13,765 | £13,910 |
| Oldfield School | 69 | 17.5 | £64,611 | - | 16.8 | £56,162 | - |
| Oldmixon Primary School | 24 | 17.8 | £24,312 | £30,300 | 17.8 | £21,638 | £29,200 |
| Olympus Academy Trust (Central Functions) | 51 | 17.6 | £100,364 | £4,300 | 16.9 | £69,796 | £4,100 |
| Orchard School Bristol | 55 | 19.0 | £53,566 | £46,740 | 17.7 | £44,832 | £44,980 |
| Parklands Educate Together Primary | 34 | 14.4 | £17,833 | -£100 | 14.4 | £12,036 | -£100 |
| Parson Street Primary School | 55 | 17.4 | £33,145 | £3,530 | 17.4 | £31,037 | £3,430 |
| Patchway Community School | 45 | 17.6 | £45,181 | £55,980 | 16.9 | £37,543 | £53,880 |
| Paulton Infant School | 41 | 16.7 | £16,625 | £12,800 | 16.7 | £15,053 | £12,400 |
| Peasedown St John Primary School | 53 | 18.3 | £27,325 | £23,200 | 18.3 | £22,713 | £22,300 |
| Pensford Primary School Persy Court F ACT Academy | 18 | 18.9 | £7,725 | £4,000 | 18.9 | £5,308 | £3,800 |
| Perry Court E-ACT Academy Portishead Primary School | 35 48 | 16.9 18.9 | £26,762 £28,178 | £18,510 £48,700 | 15.9 17.9 | £23,657 £23,432 | £17,770 £46,840 |
| Priory Community School | 162 | 17.2 | £28,178 £205,909 | 148,700 | 16.6 | £23,432 £180,778 | £40,040 - |
| Ralph Allen School | 113 | 18.4 | £205,909 £118,471 | £65,300 | 18.4 | £97,710 | £61,440 |
| Redfield Educate Together Primary Academy | 38 | 14.7 | £43,502 | £3,100 | 13.8 | £44,011 | £3,100 |
| Roundhill Primary School | 46 | 19.4 | £26,975 | £31,800 | 19.4 | £25,340 | £30,600 |
| Saltford C of E Primary School | 79 | 17.9 | £25,349 | £24,640 | 17.3 | £20,136 | £23,660 |
| Sandford Primary School | 32 | 22.9 | £12,589 | £9,400 | 22.9 | £3,632 | £3,000 |
| Severn Beach Primary School | 15 | 19.8 | £7,735 | £8,460 | 19.8 | £7,133 | £8,160 |
| SGS Pegasus School | 29 | 12.4 | £29,217 | -£1,100 | 12.4 | £19,358 | -£1,000 |
| Shoscombe Church School | 19 | 18.3 | £11,408 | £6,700 | 18.3 | £8,218 | £6,400 |
| Sir Bernard Lovell Academy | 67 | 17.9 | £56,677 | £80,860 | 17.3 | £50,378 | £77,850 |
| Snowdon Vilage | 39 | 14.1 | £53,008 | £490 | 11.8 | £40,020 | £490 |
| Somerdale Educate Together Primary Academy Soundwell College | 29 | 12.7 16.6 | £16,474 £42,058 | £900 - | 12.7 | £10,588 | £900 - |
| St Andrews C of E Primary School | 21 | 19.9 | £14,252 | £10,780 | 16.6 | £26,556 £0 | - |
| St Andrew's Church School | 29 | 16.5 | £19,235 | £25,380 | 16.5 | £18,479 | £24,400 |
| St Anne's C of E VA Primary School | 93 | 15.6 | £47,426 | - | 14.8 | £41,733 | - |
| St Bede's Catholic College | 63 | 18.1 | £60,535 | - | 17.3 | £53,649 | - |
| St Bernard's Catholic Primary School | 28 | 22.0 | £14,771 | £8,427 | 22.0 | £1,139 | £700 |
| St Francis Catholic Primary School | 16 | 20.1 | £6,623 | £6,369 | 20.1 | £688 | £500 |
| St Georges Church School | 26 | 18.2 | £15,319 | £25,380 | 18.2 | £14,823 | £24,500 |
| St John The Evangelist Church School | 21 | 20.5 | £11,687 | £16,070 | 20.5 | £11,335 | £15,580 |
| St John's C of E Primary School (Keynsham) | 22 | 17.9 | £11,105 | £15,350 | 17.3 | £9,322 | £14,770 |
| St John's C of E Primary School (MSN) | 37 | 18.3 | £23,759 | £26,090 | 18.3 | £22,686 | £25,090 |
| St Julian's C of E Primary School St Katherine's School | 20 | 18.3 19.0 | £9,492 | £6,000 | 18.3 19.0 | £7,696 £42,225 | £5,800 |
| St Mark's C of E School (Bath) | 24 | 18.3 | £45,607 £21,448 | £12,300 | 18.3 | £19,721 | £11,800 |
| St Mark's Ecumenical Anglican/Methodist Primary School | 50 | 18.7 | £24,685 | £45,070 | 17.9 | £26,457 | £43,410 |
| St Martin's C of E Primary School | 64 | 18.2 | £32,640 | £57,220 | 18.2 | £33,842 | £54,970 |
| St Martin's Garden Primary School | 35 | 17.8 | £19,905 | £34,000 | 17.8 | £21,480 | £32,140 |
| St Mary Redcliffe C of E Primary School | 42 | 17.1 | £28,402 | £23,360 | 17.0 | £24,759 | £22,480 |
| St Marys C of E Primary School (Timsbury) | 23 | 18.3 | £9,270 | £4,100 | 18.3 | £6,270 | £3,900 |
| St Marys C of E Primary School (Writhlington) | 21 | 19.8 | £12,001 | £8,300 | 19.8 | £10,624 | £8,000 |
| St Mary's C of E VA Primary School | 9 | 16.6 | £5,649 | £7,940 | 16.6 | £6,295 | £7,640 |
| St Matthias Academy | 12 | 16.6 | £22,221 | £15,310 | 16.6 | £18,389 | £14,710 |
| St Michael's C of E Junior Church School | 18 | 19.5 | £15,349 | £17,640 | 19.5 | £13,917 | £16,950 |
| St Nicholas Chantry C of E VC Primary School | 34 | 21.8 | £19,583 | £29,690 | 21.8 | £19,296 | £28,610 |
| St Nicholas Church School St Nicholas of Tolentine Catholic School | 23 16 | 16.7 17.8 | £18,706 £11,771 | £11,800 | 16.7 | £18,963 £12,498 | £11,400 |
| St Patrick's Catholic Primary School (Bristol) | 21 | 17.8 | £11,7/1 £13,827 | £17,100 | 16.4 17.9 | £12,498 £13,460 | £16,400 |
| St Patrick's Catholic Primary School (Bristol) St Peter's C of E Primary School | 51 | 17.9 | £13,827 £39,120 | £47,920 | 17.5 | £13,460 £37,620 | £46,050 |
| St Philip's C of E Primary School (Bath) | 30 | 18.4 | £17,191 | £26,100 | 18.1 | £16,788 | £24,590 |
| St Saviours Infant Church School | 19 | 18.8 | £9,285 | £21,260 | 18.0 | £8,224 | £20,380 |
| St Saviours Junior Church School | 10 | 17.0 | £5,812 | £8,230 | 16.8 | £6,220 | £7,940 |
| St Stephen's Primary Church School | 35 | 19.6 | £16,009 | £22,240 | 19.6 | £14,983 | £21,360 |
| St Teresa's Catholic Primary School (Bristol) | 27 | 17.8 | £19,127 | £15,680 | 17.0 | £15,659 | £15,090 |
| St Ursula's E-ACT Primary Academy | 42 | 16.9 | £33,780 | £13,280 | 15.9 | £34,420 | £12,750 |
| St Werburghs Primary School | 42 | 18.2 | £29,444 | - | 18.2 | £18,463 | £22,100 |
| Stanton Drew Primary School | 10 | 20.2 | £3,349 | £3,820 | 20.2 | £3,442 | £3,630 |
| Stoke Bishop C of E Primary School | 39 | 20.0 | £28,334 | - | 19.0 | £24,056 | - |
| Stoke Lodge Primary School | 24 | 17.6 | £13,960 | £42,290 | 16.9 | £15,412 | £40,690 |
| Stoke Park Primary School | 31 | 16.1 | £17,809 | | 16.1 | £16,064 | |
| Summerhill Academy Swainswick Church School | 27 | 16.7 | £19,112 | £14,110 | 16.7 | £18,709 | £13,520 |
| The Castle School | 7 62 | 16.7 19.8 | £3,684 £62,366 | £1,860 £95,300 | 16.7 19.8 | £2,866 £65,863 | £1,860 £91,630 |
| The Dolphin School | 25 | 16.5 | £18,926 | 195,300 | 15.9 | £05,863 £20,487 | - 191,630 |
| The Kingfisher School | 15 | 16.5 | £10,769 | - | 15.9 | £11,404 | - |
| The Meadows Primary School | 27 | 17.9 | £10,695 | £3,710 | 17.3 | £9,316 | £3,620 |
| The Mendip Studio School | 9 | 18.3 | £5,900 | - | 18.3 | £2,200 | - |
| The Sky Academy | 33 | 16.6 | £42,352 | £75,200 | 16.6 | £38,433 | £72,400 |
| Three Ways School | 158 | 16.1 | £130,340 | £116,600 | 15.2 | £116,491 | £112,300 |
| Tickenham C of E Primary School | 10 | 15.3 | £4,517 | £2,350 | 14.2 | £4,097 | £2,250 |

| Employer Contribution Rates Year Ended 31 March 2023 | <u> </u> | ı | 2022/23 | 2021/22 | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Year Ended 31 March 2023 | | % of | | plus Deficit / | % of | Employee | plus Deficit / |
| | Active Membership | pay | Contributions | (surplus) amount | % OI | Contributions | (surplus) amoun |
| Trinity Anglican Methodist Primary School | 43 | 16.6 | £26,805 | £45,760 | 16.2 | £21,122 | £44,000 |
| Trinity Church School | 24 | 18.3 | £14,634 | £10,700 | 18.3 | £13,224 | £10,300 |
| Trust in Learning (Academies) (Central Functions) | 15 | 17.2 | £35,948 | £5,880 | 15.2 | £34,015 | £5,590 |
| Two Rivers C of E Primary School | 9 | 17.9 | £3,583 | - | 17.3 | £2,680 | - |
| Tyndale Primary School | 21 | 17.8 | £15,859 | - | 17.8 | £10,573 | - |
| Ubley Primary School | 14 | 20.9 | £6,163 | £4,700 | 20.9 | £5,676 | £4,610 |
| Uphill Village Academy | 34 | 18.6 | £22,715 | £18,320 | 18.6 | £20,683 | £17,630 |
| Venturers' Academy | 82 | 16.5 | £97,463 | - | 15.9 | £86,665 | - |
| Venturers' Trust (Central Functions) | 36 | 16.5 | £74,548 | - | 15.9 | £68,922 | - |
| Victoria Park Primary School Walliscote Primary School | 52 | 18.4 | £30,186 | | 18.4 | £28,924 | |
| Wallscourt Farm Academy | 35 41 | 18.1 15.9 | £22,297 £24,480 | £32,000 £1,470 | 18.1 15.2 | £20,667 £22,034 | £30,800 £1,470 |
| Wansdyke Primary School | 28 | 17.9 | £12,099 | £9,290 | 17.3 | £10,668 | £8,900 |
| Waycroft Academy | 62 | 19.5 | £48,372 | £57,600 | 17.7 | £45,052 | £43,700 |
| Wellsway School | 160 | 17.9 | £172,537 | £74,800 | 17.3 | £139,815 | £71,980 |
| Welton Primary School | 28 | 18.3 | £13,121 | £7,000 | 18.3 | £11,138 | £6,800 |
| West Leigh Infant School | 14 | 20.4 | £7,649 | £12,740 | 20.4 | £6,093 | £12,250 |
| West Town Lane Academy | 77 | 18.4 | £49,200 | £47,000 | 16.7 | £41,485 | £37,100 |
| Westbury Park Primary School | 32 | 19.6 | £24,158 | £21,400 | 18.3 | £23,069 | £17,300 |
| Westbury-on-Trym C of E Academy | 44 | 20.0 | £23,823 | £24,800 | 18.6 | £20,624 | £19,600 |
| Westfield Primary School | 59 | 18.3 | £29,933 | £24,200 | 18.3 | £26,685 | £23,300 |
| Weston All Saints C of E Primary School | 95 | 17.2 | £42,935 | £38,100 | 17.2 | £40,479 | £36,600 |
| Whitchurch Primary School | 26 | 19.7 | £15,577 | £9,020 | 19.7 | £13,779 | £8,620 |
| Wicklea Academy Widcombe C of E Junior School | 25 22 | 17.0 21.4 | £16,695 £9,131 | £18,000 £14,900 | 12.3 20.1 | £14,256 £7,517 | £10,600 £14,010 |
| Widcombe Infant School | 20 | 20.0 | £9,131 £11,975 | £14,900 £15,000 | 20.1 | £7,517 £11,277 | £14,010 £14,010 |
| Windwhistle Primary School | 81 | 17.9 | £49,156 | £63,900 | 17.9 | £42,770 | £61,500 |
| Winford C of E Primary School | 30 | 18.7 | £10,815 | £11,270 | 18.7 | £10,163 | £10,880 |
| Winscombe Primary School | 39 | 22.1 | £14,478 | £12,100 | 20.7 | £4,548 | £3,300 |
| Winterbourne International Academy | 62 | 17.6 | £68,521 | -£41,890 | 16.9 | £65,642 | -£40,290 |
| Winterstoke Hundred Academy | 24 | 19.4 | £18,618 | - | 19.4 | £9,233 | - |
| Woodlands Academy | 23 | 14.7 | £16,626 | £16,200 | 14.8 | £16,204 | £12,400 |
| Woodlands Primary School | 50 | 17.8 | £37,180 | - | 17.8 | £19,264 | - |
| Worle Community School | 87 | 17.4 | £81,217 | - | 17.4 | £79,743 | - |
| Worle Village Primary School | 30 | 17.7 | £13,169 | £21,950 | 17.7 | £12,301 | £21,070 |
| Wraxall C of E VA Primary School | 13 | 20.2 | £3,085 | £2,840 | 20.2 | £3,244 | £2,740 |
| Wrington C of E Primary School | 25 | 20.0 | £2,460 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Writhlington School | 87 77 | 18.3 | £61,644 | £112,580 | 18.3 | £58,568 | £108,380 |
| Yate Academy Yatton C of E Junior School | 53 | 17.8 19.5 | £55,212 £23,038 | £18,130 | 17.8 19.5 | £41,670 £19,232 | £17,340 |
| Yatton Infant School | 32 | 19.4 | £13,910 | £22,150 | 19.4 | £15,750 | £21,360 |
| Yeo Moor Primary School | 36 | 19.0 | £24,098 | £29,790 | 19.0 | £22,018 | £28,710 |
| , | | | | | | | |
| Designating Bodies | | | | | | | |
| Aequus Developments Limited | 5 | 18.7 | £35,473 | - | 18.7 | £37,968 | - |
| Almondsbury Parish Council | 5 | 24.3 | £6,952 | £1,600 | 22.7 | £5,426 | £1,600 |
| Backwell Parish Council | 2 | 23.6 | £2,515 | - | 23.6 | £2,439 | - |
| Bitton Parish Council | 2 | 25.0 | £2,511 | - | 25.0 | £1,113 | - |
| Bradley Stoke Town Council | 10 | 21.6 | £18,482 | -£2,100 | 21.6 | £15,504 | -£2,000 |
| Bristol Waste Company | 121 | 23.0 | £158,343 | £14,600 | 23.0 | £161,228 | £14,000 |
| Charter Trustees of the City of Bath | 2 | 19.6 | £3,930 | -£6,000 | 19.6 | £3,474 | -£5,700 |
| Churchill Parish Council Clevedon Town Council | 1 4 | 25.0 21.7 | £1,549 £5,440 | - | 25.0 21.5 | £478 £5,304 | - |
| Congresbury Parish Council | 3 | 20.3 | £2,601 | £300 | 19.5 | £1,532 | £300 |
| Dodington Parish Council | 8 | 20.6 | £7,533 | £1,470 | 20.6 | £6,525 | £1,470 |
| Downend and Bromley Heath Parish Council | 1 | 20.5 | £3,304 | £4,310 | 19.6 | £3,104 | £4,120 |
| Emersons Green Town Council | 2 | 21.0 | £1,396 | - | 21.0 | £3,239 | - |
| Filton Town Council | 11 | 14.8 | £8,727 | -£11,800 | 14.8 | £20,680 | -£11,400 |
| Frampton Cotterell Parish Council | 8 | 16.2 | £8,754 | £2,400 | 16.2 | £6,480 | £2,300 |
| Hanham Abbots Parish Council | 1 | 20.3 | £1,148 | £800 | 19.3 | £944 | £800 |
| Hanham Parish Council | 1 | 22.4 | £1,131 | £300 | 22.4 | £1,034 | £300 |
| Keynsham Town Council | 19 | 18.8 | £16,332 | -£8,300 | 18.8 | £13,121 | -£8,000 |
| Midsomer Norton Town Council | 5 | 18.1 | £8,781 | £10,700 | 18.1 | £7,748 | £10,400 |
| Nailsea Town Council | 8 | 16.2 | £13,514 | - | 16.2 | £11,527 | |
| Oldland Parish Council Patchway Town Council | 7 | 21.2 | £5,049 £11,707 | £2,500 | 20.4 | £5,867 | £2,400 |
| Patchway Town Council Paulton Parish Council | 7 | 20.4 | £11,707 £5,873 | -£10,600 -£2,100 | 20.4 19.8 | £10,326 £4,687 | -£10,200 -£2,000 |
| Peasedown St John Parish Council | 6 | 18.8 | £5,873 £5,474 | -£2,100 | 18.0 | £4,687 £4,670 | -£2,000 - |
| Pill & Easton in Gordano Parish Council | 1 | 21.0 | £1,604 | £400 | 20.1 | £1,501 | £400 |
| Portishead Town Council | 9 | 23.2 | £14,907 | £2,160 | 23.2 | £11,394 | £2,060 |
| Radstock Town Council | 4 | 19.5 | £3,969 | - | 19.5 | £3,741 | - |
| Saltford Parish Council | 1 | 13.5 | £1,462 | - | 13.5 | £1,061 | £100 |
| Sodbury Parish Council | 3 | 17.9 | £7,136 | - | 17.9 | £7,018 | - |
| Stoke Gifford Parish Council | 6 | 18.0 | £11,806 | -£3,700 | 17.1 | £10,230 | -£3,700 |
| Stoke Lodge & the Common Parish Council | 3 | 15.7 | £1,726 | - | 15.7 | £1,490 | - |
| Thornbury Town Council | 11 | 18.8 | £17,885 | -£15,200 | 18.8 | £12,760 | -£14,600 |
| Wellsway MAT Trading Company Limited | 80 | 16.3 | £37,309 | - | 16.3 | £32,308 | - |
| Westerleigh Parish Council | 2 | 15.2 | £1,457 | - | 15.2 | £812 | £400 |
| Westfield Parish Council | 4 | 22.0 | £2,349 | - | 22.0 | £2,276 | |
| Weston Super Mare Town Council | 40 | 17.7 | £49,658 | £14,900 | 17.7 | £42,286 | £14,400 |
| Whitchurch Parish Council | 1 | 22.4 | £1,150 | -£100 | 22.4 | £1,083 | -£100 |
| Winterbourne Parish Council Yate Town Council | 1 30 | 36.4 17.5 | £1,770 £47,643 | -£3,000 | 36.4 | £1,235 | -£2,900 |
| Yatton Parish Council | 39 | 17.5 23.7 | £47,643 £6,847 | £3,700 | 17.5 23.2 | £44,781 £5,905 | £3,600 |
| | | . 43./ | £0,047 | £3,70U | ۷۵.۷ | 1 2,505 | L3,000 |

| Employer Contribution Rates | _ | | 2022 ! | 2024/22 | | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| Year Ended 31 March 2023 | | 2022/23 % of Employee | | | % of | 2021/22 | plus Deficit / |
| | Active | I | Contributions | plus Deficit / | /6 UI | Employee Contributions | pius Delicit / |
| | Membership | pay | | (surplus) amount | pay | | (surplus) amount |
| Community Admission Bodies | 22 | 40.4 | 000.050 | 05.000 | 40.4 | 050.004 | 05.500 |
| Adoption West | 33 | 18.1 | £60,956 | -£5,800 | 18.1 | £60,021 | -£5,500 -£15,100 |
| Alliance Homes Ashley House Hostel | 34 14 | 21.7 30.5 | £84,760 £22,096 | -£15,600 £20,800 | 21.7 28.8 | £89,453 £20,541 | £20,000 |
| Bristol Music Trust | 8 | 22.5 | £18,965 | -£41,900 | 22.5 | £16,959 | -£40,300 |
| Clifton Suspension Bridge Trust | 6 | 25.3 | £10,641 | - | 25.3 | £11,380 | - |
| Destination Bristol | 4 | 20.3 | £11,736 | - | 20.3 | £11,480 | - |
| Disability Equality Forum | 1 | 28.5 | £722 | -£1,800 | 28.5 | £755 | -£1,800 |
| Merlin Housing Society Ltd (New Staff Since 2007) | 36 | 32.8 | £63,439 | £205,800 | 30.9 | £93,100 | £198,000 |
| Merlin Housing Society Ltd (SGC) | 20 | 21.7 | £46,839 | -£342,900 | 21.7 | £75,282 | -£329,900 |
| Play Station Nursery Ltd - Barley Close (SGC) | 1 | 23.0 | £736 | - | 23.0 | £1,243 | - |
| Sirona Care & Health (Telecare Service) | 1 | 23.6 | £1,347 | - | 23.6 | £1,300 | - |
| The Care Quality Commission | 4 | 23.6 | £20,352 | - | 23.6 | £19,074 | - |
| The Holburne Museum | 1 | 21.5 | £2,431 | £50,000 | 21.5 | £2,333 | £36,050 |
| The Park Community Trust Ltd University of Bath | 712 | 22.5 19.3 | £6,579 £1,037,578 | -£18,100 | 22.5 19.3 | £6,629 £1,169,544 | -£17,500 £447,290 |
| Vision North Somerset CIO | 1 | 23.7 | £1,912 | £12,300 | 23.7 | £3,068 | £11,800 |
| Writhlington Trust | 8 | 33.6 | £18,323 | £16,200 | 31.9 | £19,235 | £15,700 |
| | " | 33.0 | 210,525 | 210,200 | 52.5 | 213,233 | 213,700 |
| Transferee Admission Bodies | | | | | | | |
| ABM Catering Limited - SGC Schools | 6 | 20.8 | £2,196 | - | 20.8 | £3,029 | - |
| Access Your Care Ltd (North Somerset Council) | 1 | 23.4 | £2,348 | £4,300 | 23.4 | £1,509 | £4,100 |
| Active Community Engagement Limited (Bristol City Council) | 1 | 24.2 | £888 | -£10,900 | 24.2 | £784 | -£10,500 |
| Active Nation UK Limited (Filton Town Council) | 28 | 18.8 | £13,170 | - | 18.8 | £6,806 | - |
| Adopt Dusiness Continue Limited North Conserve C. 110 C. 1 | 30 | 23.7 | £256 | £0 | 23.7 | £251 | - |
| Adapt Business Services Limited - North Somerset Council Campus Schools Agilisys Limited (North Somerset Council) | 28 16 | 22.3 | £31,315 | -£173,200 | 22.3 | £34,885 | -£166,700 |
| Agilisys Limited (North Somerset Council) Agilisys Limited 2015 (North Somerset Council) | 29 | 21.3 | £38,256 | -£173,200 -£173,900 | 21.3 | £42,310 | -£167,400 |
| Alliance Homes - Ebdon Court | 4 | 22.6 | £5,521 | -£1/3,900 | 22.6 | £2,298 | -£167,400 |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - Beacon Rise (SGC) | 2 | 22.1 | £1,276 | - | 22.1 | £1,298 | - |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - Bowsland Green Primary School | 1 | 18.4 | £642 | - | | £0 | - |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - Parkwall Primary School | 1 | 22.9 | £405 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - St Anne's CEVC Primary School | 4 | 23.6 | £1,279 | - | 23.6 | £1,051 | - |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - St Mary's CE Primary School | 2 | 23.4 | £1,174 | - | 23.4 | £661 | - |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - The Park Primary School | 5 | 22.3 | £2,566 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Alliance in Partnership Limited - Westbury on Trym C of E Academy | 1 | 21.6 | £453 | - | 21.6 | £518 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Academies Enterprise Trust | 4 | 21.5 | £4,022 | - | 21.5 | £3,815 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Blackhorse Primary School | 1 | 22.6 | £980 | £500 | 22.6 | £1,603 | £500 |
| Aspens Services Limited - Bristol City Council PFI Contract | 7 | 24.2 | £4,578 | - | 24.2 | £4,114 | -£3,700 |
| Aspens Services Limited - Cabot Learning Federation | 13 | 21.8 | £9,584 | - | 21.8 | £5,264 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Castle Primary School (Keynsham) | 2 | 21.2 | £1,499 | - | 21.2 | £1,870 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Cathedral Schools Trust | 3 | 23.8 | £2,670 | - | 23.8 | £2,907 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Culverhill School | 2 | 19.1 | £769 | - | 19.1 | £722 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - E-ACT | 1 | 26.1 | £370 | - | 26.1 | £692 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Elmlea Schools Trust | 1 | 25.4 | £955 | - | 25.4 | £579 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Extend Learning Academies Network | 1 | 25.0 | £1,350 | - | 25.0 | £0 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Hanham Primary Federation Aspens Services Limited - Kaleidoscope MAT | 4 | 20.0 19.3 | £950 | - | | £0 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Kaleidoscope MAT Aspens Services Limited - Lighthouse Schools Partnership | 10 | 22.8 | £3,185 £6,442 | - | 19.6 22.8 | £3,567 £7,477 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Lighthouse School Aspens Services Limited - The Tynings School | 1 | 17.7 | £377 | _ | 17.7 | £354 | |
| Aspens Services Limited - Venturers Trust | 5 | 21.5 | £3,859 | - | 21.5 | £5,138 | - |
| Aspens Services Limited - Warmley Park Primary School | 2 | 22.1 | £1,436 | £100 | 22.1 | £1,393 | £100 |
| Atalian Servest Food Company Limited - City of Bristol College | 1 | 28.6 | £654 | - | 28.6 | £433 | - |
| Ategi limited (South Gloucestershire Council) | 1 | 21.3 | £717 | -£100 | 21.3 | £708 | -£100 |
| BAM Construction UK Limited (Bristol City Council) | 4 | 25.7 | £5,161 | -£11,000 | 25.7 | £4,882 | -£10,600 |
| Bespoke Cleaning Services Limited - Olympus Academy Trust | 7 | 22.4 | £3,186 | £600 | 22.4 | £2,358 | £600 |
| | 3 | 22.4 | £2,992 | - | 22.4 | £2,630 | - |
| Bespoke Cleaning Services Limited - South Gloucestershire & Stroud College | | | | | | | |
| Cater Link Limited - Castle Schools Education Trust | 9 | 23.0 | £6,634 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Cater Link Limited - Cotham School Churchill Contract Services Ltd. Churchill Coff Drimony School | 1 | 21.7 | £1,122 | - | 21.7 | £4,552 | - |
| Churchill Contract Services Ltd Churchill CofE Primary School | 1 2 | 20.1 | £413 | - | 20.1 | £374 | - |
| Churchill Contract Services Ltd - Futura Learning Partnership Churchill Contract Services Ltd - Westhaven School | 3 | 22.6 | £2,702 | - | 22.6 | £956 | - |
| Churchill Contract Services Ltd - Westhaven School Circadian Trust (South Gloucestershire Council) | 1 44 | 24.2 21.2 | £348 £73,545 | £100,300 | 24.2 21.2 | £370 £77,335 | £96,500 |
| City Leap Energy Partnership Limited | 26 | 18.4 | £/3,545 £19,645 | - E100,500 | - 21.2 | £//,335 £0 | £96,500 - |
| Clever Chefs Limited - BAM Construction | 20 | 20.8 | £19,645 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Bath and Wells MAT | 11 | 22.3 | £0 | - | - | £0 | - |
| | 2 | 25.0 | £350 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Bridge Farm Primary School (FLP) (BCCfw) | | | | | | | |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Bristol City Council | 13 | 25.3 | £7,202 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Four Acres Academy | 1 | 25.0 | £332 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - North Star Academy Trust | 2 | 25.0 | £0 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Palladian Academy Trust | 1 | 22.1 | £270 | £1,800 | 22.1 | £645 | £1,700 |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Bede's Catholic College | 1 | 29.0 | £205 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compact Contract Sonicos (LIV) Ltd. St Romando Cotholis Brisson, Coloral | 1 | 23.9 | £0 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Bernards Catholic Primary School | 2 | 22.8 | £274 | _ | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Mary's C of E Primary School, Writhlington | 4 | 22.8 | E2/4 | _ | - | ±0 | _ |
| Compass Contract Services (OK) Ltd - Striviary S.C. Of E.PHINdry School, Writhlington | 2 | 23.7 | £515 | _ | - | £0 | _ |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Patrick's Catholic Primary School | * | | 2313 | | | -5 | |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Teresa's Catholic Primary School | 1 | 31.2 | £163 | - | - | £0 | - |
| | 1 | 25.0 | £370 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Werburgh's Primary School (BCCfw) | | | | | | 1 | |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Waycroft MAT (BCCfw) | 5 | 21.1 | £2,350 | - | - | £0 | - |
| | | | | | | | |
| Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Westbury Park Primary School | 1 | 30.1 | £284 | - | - | £0 | - |

| Employer Contribution Rates | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Year Ended 31 March 2023 | | | 2022/23 | | | 2021/22 | |
| | Active Membership | % of | Employee Contributions | plus Deficit / (surplus) amount | % of | Employee Contributions | plus Deficit / (surplus) amount |
| Direct Cleaning Services (South West) Limited - DBAT MAT | 6 | 21.5 | £2,691 | - | 21.5 | £0 | - |
| Direct Cleaning Services (South West) Limited - DBAT MAT | 9 | 20.0 | £4,215 | - | 20.0 | £4,390 | - |
| birect cleaning services (south west) Enriced Transaction (which | 1 | 17.6 | £364 | | - | £0 | _ |
| Direct Cleaning Services (South West) Limited - St Gregory's Catholic College | 1 | 17.0 | 1304 | - | | 10 | _ |
| Dolce Ltd - Mangotsfield C of E Primary School | 3 | 22.7 | £1,857 | - | 22.7 | £1,712 | _ |
| Edwards and Ward Ltd - Henleaze Academy | 2 | 23.9 | £1,413 | - | 23.9 | £1,431 | - |
| Edwards and Ward Ltd - Paulton Infant School | 1 | 23.4 | £838 | -£400 | 23.4 | £997 | -£400 |
| Edwards and Ward Ltd - St Keyna Primary School | 1 | 21.1 | £827 | - | 21.1 | £1.072 | - |
| Expedite Complete Business Solutions Ltd - Clevedon Learning Trust | 2 | 22.7 | £928 | | 22.7 | £1,240 | _ |
| Foundation for Active Community Engagement (FACE) - South Gloucestershire | 1 | 18.4 | £62 | | - | £0 | _ |
| Council Youth Service | _ | 10.4 | 102 | | | 10 | |
| Future Stars Coaching Limited - High Down Schools | 6 | 25.2 | £2,117 | - | 25.2 | £520 | _ |
| Glen Cleaning Company Limited - City of Bristol Council (2020) | 13 | 24.2 | £2,896 | - | 24.2 | £4,834 | - |
| Glen Cleaning Company Limited - Excalibur Academies Trust | 4 | 23.1 | £1,167 | - | 0.0 | £941 | - |
| Glen Cleaning Company Limited - Henleaze Junior Academy | 13 | 21.7 | £147 | - | 21.7 | £0 | - |
| Greenwich Leisure Ltd - Bath & North East Somerset Council | 10 | 20.2 | £21,377 | -£11,200 | 20.2 | £20,913 | -£10,900 |
| HCRG Care Services Limited (Bath & North East Somerset Council) | 65 | 22.4 | £100,154 | £5,200 | 22.4 | £119,453 | £5,000 |
| Home Life Carers Limited (North Somerset Council) | 4 | 24.2 | £3,623 | - | 24.2 | £2,884 | - |
| Imperial Cleaning Services - The Tynings Primary School | 2 | 26.2 | £785 | - | 26.2 | £586 | - |
| Innovate Services Ltd - Cathedral Schools Trust | 2 | 23.2 | £1,371 | | 23.2 | £1,574 | |
| Innovate Services Ltd - Gatehouse Green Learning Trust | 2 | 25.4 | £2,919 | - | 25.4 | £3,457 | _ |
| KGB Cleaning (South West) Ltd - Cathedral Schools Trust | 3 | 22.7 | £1,311 | - | - | £2,069 | _ |
| KGB Cleaning South West Ltd - Cabot Learning Federation | 14 | 22.8 | £3,598 | | | £0 | _ |
| Lex Leisure C.I.C. (Bristol City Council) | 1 | 23.6 | £1,875 | £600 | 23.6 | £1,842 | £600 |
| Liberata UK Ltd (North Somerset Council) | 10 | 21.2 | £21,504 | -£77,000 | 21.2 | £23,140 | -£74,100 |
| Mentoring Plus (Bath and North East Somerset Council) | 2 | 24.1 | £3,442 | £1.600 | 24.1 | £3,343 | £1,600 |
| Nobilis Care West Ltd (North Somerset Council) | 1 | 27.5 | £337 | - | 27.5 | £828 | - |
| Prestige Cleaning & Maintenance Limited - Circadian Trust | 2 | 25.1 | £1,802 | -£300 | 25.1 | £1,614 | -£300 |
| Purgo Supply Services Ltd - Castle School Education Trust | 2 | 22.4 | £1,299 | - | 22.4 | £293 | - |
| Purgo Supply Services Ltd - E-ACT | 9 | 21.0 | £3,338 | £0 | 21.0 | £3,492 | - |
| Purgo Supply Services Ltd - Gatehouse Green Learning Trust | 2 | 22.6 | £1,056 | - | 22.6 | £1,259 | - |
| Purgo Supply Services Ltd - Lighthouse Schools Partnership | 5 | 20.2 | £1,492 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Ridge Crest Cleaning Ltd - Bristol City Council | 1 | 24.5 | £1,201 | -£12,900 | 24.5 | £1,952 | -£12,400 |
| Sansum Solutions Group Limited - ELAN | 12 | 24.4 | £0 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Sansum Solutions Group Limited - St Bede's Catholic College | 13 | 21.5 | £0 | _ | - | £0 | _ |
| Shaw Healthcare - The Granary | 1 | 22.9 | £995 | £4,400 | 22.9 | £941 | £4,300 |
| Skanska Rashleigh Weatherfoil Ltd (Bristol City Council) | 2 | 23.7 | £3,259 | -£4,000 | 23.7 | £2,936 | -£3,800 |
| SLM Community Leisure Trust (Bristol City Council) | 42 | 21.5 | £59,273 | £3,600 | 21.5 | £61,415 | £3,500 |
| SLM Fitness & Health Ltd (Bristol City Council) | 4 | 21.3 | £4,780 | £8,600 | 21.3 | £5,193 | £8,400 |
| Sodexo Ltd - Diocese of Bristol Academies Trust (DBAT) | 4 | 21.1 | £3,027 | - | 21.1 | £1,713 | - |
| Taylor Shaw - Olympus Academy Trust | 8 | 22.3 | £8,887 | - | 22.3 | £7,122 | - |
| The Brandon Trust | 7 | 22.6 | £8,825 | £900 | 22.6 | £9,063 | £900 |
| Trowbridge Office Cleaning Services Ltd - Learn@MAT | 1 | 20.8 | £232 | - | 20.8 | £229 | - |
| Weston Support Services - Ashcombe Primary School | 2 | 23.5 | £968 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Weston Support Services - Ashcombe Filmary School Weston Support Services - The Priory Learning Trust | 1 | 25.0 | £350 | - | - | £0 | - |
| Xerox (UK) Limited | 1 | 21.4 | £694 | - | | £0 | |
| Youth Connect (Bath & North East Somerset Council) | 11 | 20.7 | £19,298 | - | 20.7 | £21,003 | - |
| Touch Connect (Dath & North East Somerset Council) | 11 | 20.7 | 117,270 | - | 20.7 | 121,003 | _ |

12. Statement of Accounts 2022/23

See overleaf full Avon Pension Fund's full audited Statement of Accounts 2022/23

PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS 2022/23

Fund Account For the Year Ended 31 March 2023 2021/22 Notes 2022/23 £'000 £'000 Dealings with members, employers and others directly involved in the fund Contributions Receivable 4 (202,854)(185,761) Transfers In (15,070) (13,598)(199,359) (217,924)Benefits Payable 197,821 192,395 5 Payments to and on account of Leavers 6 14,572 9,112 212,393 201,507 Net (additions) / withdrawals from dealings with members (5,531) 2,148 Management Expenses 25.338 36 948 7 39,096 Net (additions)/withdrawals including fund management expenses 19,807 **Returns on Investments** Investment Income (61,908) (25,683)8 Profits and losses on disposal of investments and change in value of investments 9 474,883 (526,695)**Net Returns on Investments** 412,975 (552,378) Net (Increase) in the net assets available for benefits during the year 432,782 (513,282)Opening Net Assets of the Fund 5,821,992 5,308,710 5,389,210 Closing Net Assets of the Fund 5,821,992

Net Assets Statement at 31 March 2023

| | Notes | 31 March 2023 | | 31 March 2022 | |
|---|-------|------------------|-------|--------------------|---------|
| | | £'000 | % | £'000 | % |
| INVESTMENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Property Pooled Investment vehicles | | 612,977 | 11.4 | 708,665 | 12.2 |
| Non Property Pooled Investment Vehicles | | 4,624,767 | 85.9 | 4,954,039 | 85.1 |
| Cash Deposits Derivative Contracts (Foreign Exchange hedge) - | | 113,597 | 2.1 | 170,915 | 2.9 |
| Gross Asset | 9 | 36,669 | 0.7 | | - |
| Derivative Contracts: FTSE Futures - Gross Asset | 9 | 361 | - | 676 | - |
| Long-Term Investments | | 707 | - | 838 | - |
| Other Investment balances | | 12,732 | 0.2 | 98,478 | 1.7 |
| Total Investment Assets | | 5,401,810 | | 5,933,611 | |
| INVESTMENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Derivative Contracts (Foreign Exchange hedge) - Gross Liability | 9 | (19,873) | (0.4) | (31,203) | (0.5) |
| Derivative Contracts: FTSE Futures - Gross | • | | | | |
| Liability Other Investment balances | 9 | (000) | - | (74.707) | - (4.0) |
| Total Investment Liabilities | | (282) | | (74,787) (105,990) | (1.3) |
| | | | _ | | |
| TOTAL NET INVESTMENTS | 10 | 5,381,655 | | 5,827,621 | |
| Long Term Debtors | 12a | 272 | - | 218 | - |
| Net Current Assets | | | | | |
| Current Assets | 12 | 17,773 | 0.3 | 19,663 | 0.3 |
| Current Liabilities | 12 | (10,490) | (0.2) | (25,510) | (0.4) |
| Net assets of the scheme available to fund benefits at the period end | | 5,389,210 | 100.0 | 5,821,992 | 100.0 |

An analysis of Non Property Pooled Investment Vehicles is included within note 10 to the accounts

The Fund's financial statements do not take account of liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits after 31 March 2023. The actuarial present value of these liabilities is disclosed in note 15.

Notes to Accounts - Year Ended 31 March 2023

1 INTRODUCTION & STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Description of Fund

The Fund is administered by Bath & North East Somerset Council under arrangements made following the abolition of the former Avon County Council on

The scheme is governed by the Public Service Pensions Act 2013. The Fund is administered in accordance with the following secondary legislation:

- The Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended)
- The Local Government Pension Scheme (Transitional Provisions, Savings and Amendment) Regulations 2014 (as amended)
- The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016.

Membership of the Fund is open to pensionable employees of scheduled bodies in the former Avon County area, together with employees of eligible designating and admission bodies. A list of employers with contributing scheme members can be found in note 25.

Employers' contributions are payable at the rate specified for each employing authority by the Fund's actuary. The employees' contribution rate is payable in accordance with the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended).

Introduction to the Statement of Accounts

- 1.2 This statement comprises the Statement of Accounts for the Avon Pension Fund (the Fund). The accounts cover the financial year from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023
- 1.3 These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting ('Code of Practice') in the United Kingdom 2022/23 based on International Financial Reporting Standards as published by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy. The accounts have been prepared on an accruals basis, except for certain transfer values as described at 'Statement of Accounting Policies' - item 1.21 They do not take account of liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits in the future.

1.4 Actuarial Valuations

As required by the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended) an actuarial valuation of the Fund was carried out as at 31 March 2022. The key elements of the funding policy are as follows:
- Ensure sufficient funds are available to meet all benefits as they fall due for payment

- Recover any shortfall in assets relative to the value of accrued liabilities over a reasonable timeframe
- Keep employer contributions as stable as possible and at reasonable cost whilst achieving and maintaining fund solvency, taking into account the risk appetite of the administering authority and scheme employers
- Maximise the return from investments within acceptable risk parameters

The market value of the Fund's assets at the valuation date was £5,822m. The Actuary estimated that the value of the Fund was sufficient to meet 96% of its expected future liabilities of £6,060m in respect of service completed to 31 March 2022, with a deficit of £238m.

- 1.5 At the 2022 valuation the average deficit recovery period for the Fund overall was set at 12 years.
- 1.6 The 2022 actuarial valuation was carried out using the projected unit actuarial method. The main assumptions used to set employers' contributions, are set out in the

| | Future Service Liabilities (Primary Contribution Rate) | Past Service Liabilities (Secondary Contribution Rate) |
|---|--|--|
| Rate of return on investments (discount rate) | 5.1% per annum | 4.60% per annum |
| Rate of pay increases (long term) | 4.6% per annum | 4.6% per annum |
| Rate of increases in pensions in payment (in excess of Guaranteed Minimum Pension) | 3.1% per annum | 3.1% per annum |

- 1.7 The 2022 triennial valuation was completed during 2022/23 using market prices and membership data as at 31 March 2022. This valuation set the employer contribution rates for future service and deficit recovery payments (expressed as a monetary amount payable annually) with effect from 1 April 2023. The discount rate used in the 2022 valuation is based on CPI plus a real investment return of 1.5% p.a. for past service (the secondary contribution rate) and CPI plus 2.0% p.a. for future service (the primary contribution rate). The discount rate for the lower risk investment strategy was 2.55% p.a..
- 1.8 The Actuary has estimated that the funding level is 95% as at 31 March 2023 based on the 2022 valuation financial assumptions.

- 1.9 The 2022 valuation includes the estimated cost of McCloud Judgement, based on the proposed remedy. The estimated cost is an increase in the past service liabilities at the valuation date of £70m. This represents 1.2% of total past service liabilities and is included in the liability figure and secondary contribution rate stated above.
 - Remedial regulations have not yet been implemented but are expected to take effect from October 2023 with a retrospective effect back to April 2014 and a remedy end date of 31 March 2022. As the remedy date end is 31 March 2023 the primary contribution rate effective from 1 April 2023 does not include an allowance for McCloud.
- 1.10 Note 15 to the accounts shows the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits for the purposes of IAS26 using the assumptions and methodology of IAS 19. The discount rate referenced for IAS19 is the Corporate Bond yield. The discount rate used for the Actuarial Valuation references the Fund's investment strategy.
- 1.11 The Fund's Funding Strategy Statement can be found on the Fund's website www.avonpensionfund.org.uk (search Funding Strategy Statement) and is summarised within the Fund's Annual Report. The purpose of the Funding Strategy Statement is to set out a clear and transparent funding strategy that will identify how each employer's pension liabilities are to be met going forward.

Investment Strategy Statement

- 1.12 The Fund's Investment Strategy Statement (ISS) as required by the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016 can be found on the Fund's website www.avonpensionfund.org.uk (search Investment Strategy Statement) and is summarised within the Fund's Annual Report. The ISS is updated following strategic reviews.
- 1.13 The Fund's assets are currently managed externally by investment managers appointed and monitored by the Fund. The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016 require funds to pool their investments assets. The Fund is a member of Brunel Pension Partnership, a pool of 10 LGPS funds, which has established an FCA regulated company, Brunel Pension Partnership Limited (Brunel), to manage the assets of the pool. Each LGPS fund in the pool is a shareholder owning an equal share of the company.

All the Fund's listed and liquid assets have transferred to Brunel with only illiquid legacy mandates remaining directly managed by the Fund. For the assets that have transferred, Brunel is responsible for appointing and monitoring managers and other investment related operational aspects of the Fund.

- 1.14 The Fund has implemented three investment strategies to manage specific risks within the asset portfolio. These strategies are held within a Qualified Investment Fund (QIF) called Risk Management Strategy managed by Blackrock.
 - (i) A Liability Driven Investment strategy provides a hedge against changes in the value of the pension liabilities within the asset portfolio. This strategy consists of bonds and derivatives such as gilt repurchase agreements and interest and inflation swaps, structured to achieve the desired hedge profile.
 - (ii) An Equity Protection Strategy to protect the funding position against significant falls in equity markets. The strategy uses Over the Counter Equity Option Index Swaps.
 - (iii) A Low Risk Investment Strategy has been implemented where the assets (mainly corporate bonds) better match the liability profile of the employers within the strategy. These employers include those that have exited the Fund and those that have chosen a less risky investment strategy to explicitly manage investment risk.

Statement of Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

1.15 Except where otherwise stated, the accounts have been prepared on an accruals basis, i.e. income and expenditure is recognised as it is earned or incurred, not as it is received or paid. The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Investments

- 1.16 Investments are shown in the accounts at fair value, which has been determined as follows:
 - Quoted Securities have been valued at 31 March 2023 by the Fund's custodian using the market bid-price or 'last trade' on the final day of the accounting period.
 - ii) Unquoted investments. The fair value of investments for which market prices are not readily available is determined as follows:
 - pooled vehicles for property, unitised insurance policies and other managed funds are valued at the net asset value advised by the investment manager
 - Limited partnerships. Fair value is based on the net asset value ascertained from periodic valuations provided by the partnership
 - Pooled investment vehicles are valued at the closing bid price where bid and offer prices are published; or if a single net asset value, at the closing single price.
 - Where audited valuations are not available at the accounting date, unaudited valuations as at 31 March 2023 or audited valuations lagged by a quarter adjusted for known cash flows are used.
 - All valuations are subject to the custodian's and fund managers internal controls. Valuations are also subject to an external audit.
 - iii) Fixed interest securities are recorded at net market value based on their current yields and exclude interest earned but not paid over at the year end, which is included separately within investment debtors.
 - iv) Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the prevailing spot rate at the date of transaction. Investments held in foreign currencies are shown at market value translated into sterling at the exchange rates ruling as at 31 March 2023.
 - v) Derivative contracts are included in the Net Asset Statement at their fair market value, which is the unrealised profit or loss at the current bid or offer market quoted price of the contract. The amounts included in the change in market value are the realised gains or losses on closed futures contracts and the unrealised gains or losses on open futures contracts.
 - vi) Forward foreign exchange contracts outstanding at the year- end are stated at fair value which is determined as the gain or loss that would arise if the outstanding contract was matched at the year end with an equal and opposite contract. Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the prevailing rate at the date of transaction.
 - vii) The only Long Term Investment is shares in Brunel Pension Partnership Ltd. Its fair value is based on the value of equity in Brunel Pension Partnership Ltd accounts.
 - viii) Acquisition costs of investments (e.g. stamp duty and commissions) are treated as part of the investment cost.
 - ix) Investment debtors and creditors at the year- end are included in investment assets in accordance with the CIPFA code of practice on local authority accounting.
 - x) The Fund's surplus cash is managed separately from the surplus cash of Bath and North East Somerset Council (B&NES) and is treated as an investment asset.

PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS 2022/23

Contributions

- 1.17 Contributions represent those amounts receivable from the employing bodies in respect of their own and their pensionable employees' contributions. Employers' contributions are determined by the Actuary on the basis of triennial valuations of the Fund's assets and liabilities and take into account the Funding Strategy Statement set by the administering authority. The rates applying in in 2022/23 relate to the 2019 valuation and the employer contribution rates range from 12.3% to 36.4%. Employees' contributions have been included at the rates prescribed by the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 (as amended). The employee contribution rates range from 5.5% to 12.5% of pensionable pay for the financial year ending 31 March 2023. The deficit contribution is expressed as a cash sum, and ranges from £0 to £2.4 millions.
- 1.18 Normal contributions both from members and the employer are accounted for on an accruals basis in the payroll period to which they relate. Employer deficit funding contributions are accounted for on the due dates on which they are payable under the schedule of contributions set by the scheme actuary on receipt if earlier than the due date.

Benefits, Refunds of Contributions and Cash Transfer Values

- 1.19 From 1 April 2014, the scheme became a career average scheme, whereby members accrue benefits based on their pensionable pay in that year at an accrual rate of 1/49th. Accrued pension is up-rated annually in line with the Consumer Prices Index.
- 1.20 Benefits payable and refunds of contributions have been brought into the accounts as they fall due.
- 1.21 Cash Transfer Values are those sums paid to or received from other pension schemes and relate to previous periods of pensionable employment. Individual transfers in/out are accounted for when received/paid, which is normally when the member liability is accepted or discharged. Bulk (group) transfers are accounted for on an accruals basis in accordance with the terms of the transfer agreement. Accruals are only made when it is certain that a transfer is to take place.
- 1.22 Charges for splitting pensions on divorce are either invoiced to members or, on request, paid out of future benefits. In the case of payment from future benefits the charge against benefits and income to the Fund are both made in the current year. The charges are index linked to pension's increases to ensure that the Fund receives the full value.

Investment Income

1.23 Dividends and interest have been accounted for on an accruals basis, based on figures provided by the custodian. Some of the income on pooled investments is accumulated and reflected in the valuation of the units and some (mainly property) is distributed.

Investment Management & Administration

- 1.24 The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016 permit Bath & North East Somerset Council to charge administration costs to the Fund. A proportion of relevant Council costs has been charged to the Fund on the basis of time spent on Pension Fund business.
- 1.25 The fees charged by the Fund's external investment managers reflect their differing mandates. Fees are linked to the market value of the Fund's investments and therefore may increase or reduce as the value of the assets change. Management fees are recognised in the year in which the management services are provided. A provision has been made for performance fees that have been incurred but are subject to phased payments or arrest to be paid until the realisation of the related investments. These remain subject to change as a consequence of future performance. Fees are also payable to the Fund's global custodian and other advisors.

Taxation

1.26 The Fund is not liable to UK income tax, on income derived from investments, under Section 186 of the Finance Act 2004, nor is it liable to capital gaints under section 271 Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992. As Bath & North East Somerset Council is the administering authority for the Fund, VAlimput tax is recoverable on all Fund activities including expenditure on investment expenses. For taxation of overseas investment income please see noth in the Notes to the Accounts.

Assumptions made about the future and other major sources of estimation uncertainty

1.27 The Statement of Accounts contains estimated figures that are based on assumptions made about the future or that are otherwise uncertain. Estimates are made taking into account historical experience, current trends and other relevant factors. However because balances cannot be determined with certainty actual results could be materially different from the assumptions and estimates.

Estimates are used in the valuation of unquoted investments and in the actuarial valuation for the purposes of IAS 26 (note 15) in which the actuarial calculation of the liability is subject to the professional judgement of the Scheme Actuary. The Fund's investments are stated at fair value. The subjectivity of the inputs used in making an assessment of fair value is explained in note 24.

Item Uncertainties

Unlisted Assets

The Hedge Fund (£23m), Infrastructure (£634m), Private Debt (£129m) and Property Limited Partnerships (£440m) investments are not publicly listed and as such there is a degree of estimation involved in their valuation. Where possible the valuation techniques use observable or transaction based inputs; however there is reliance on non-observable inputs which increases the degree of uncertainty.

Actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits (Note 15)

Estimation of the net liability to pay pensions depends on a number of complex judgements relating to the discount rate used, the rate at which salaries are projected to increase, changes in retirement ages, mortality rates and expected returns on pension fund assets. Mercer, a firm of consulting actuaries, is engaged to provide the authority with expert advice about the assumptions to be applied. The estimated total value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits as at 31 March 2023 is £6,160 million.

Effect if actual results differ from assumptions

If the valuations of the Property Limited Partnerships, Hedge Fund and Infrastructure assets turn out to be lower or higher than estimated, then the value of the Fund's investments will have been under or overstated. A +/-10% change in the valuations included in the accounts for these portfolios would result in an increase or reduction of +/- £124m in total Fund assets. Note 24 shows the sensitivity of these assets to changes in value in more detail.

The effects on the actuarial present value of promised retirement benefits (the Fund's liabilities) of changes in individual assumptions can be measured. For instance, based on the 2022 actuarial valuation results:

- a 0.25% per annum reduction in the real investment return assumption would increase deficit by £261m (to £499m)
- a 0.25% per annum increase in the assumed pensionable salary growth would increase the deficit by £32m (to £270m)
- a 0.25% per annum increase in the long term improvement rate in life expectancy would increase the deficit by £45m (to £283m)

Events After the Balance Sheet Date

1.28 The Statement of Accounts is adjusted to reflect events that occur after the end of the reporting period that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period, should they occur. The Statement of Accounts is not adjusted to reflect events that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting period, but where material, disclosure is made in the notes of the nature and estimated financial effect of such events.

Financial Instruments

1.29 Financial Assets and Liabilities are recognised on the Balance Sheet when the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument and are measured at fair value or amortised cost.

Going Concern

1.30 These accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis. The concept of going concern assumes that the Pension Fund will continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

Accounting Standards that have been issued but not yet adopted

1.31 IFRS 16 Lease Accounting will apply to CIPFA Accounts for the financial year 24/25 onwards. However, both the 2022/23 and the 2023/24 Codes will allow for adoption should an authority consider that it is able to do so as of 1 April 2022 or 2023. The Fund does not have embedded finance leases or service concessions in its contracts and so this standard will not have any impact on the Accounts.

Critical Judgements in Applying Accounting Policies

1.32 A judgement has been made that the Fund does not have significant influence over the Brunel Pensions Partnership and consequently it is not considered to be a joint venture. Each fund holds an equal 10% stake in the pension fund, so no pension fund exerts more influence than another. Also, a holding of 20% or more of the voting power is generally required to indicate significant influence.

2 MEMBERSHIP

Membership of the Fund at the year-end was as follows:-

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| Employed Members | 40,290 | 39,559 |
| Pensioners | 38,796 | 36,951 |
| Members entitled to Deferred Benefits | 44,058 | 43,396 |
| Undecided Leavers | 11,531 | 10,237 |
| TOTAL | 134,675 | 130,143 |

3 TAXATION

(i) Value Added Tax

The Fund's administering authority Bath & North East Somerset Council is reimbursed VAT by HM Revenue and Customs and the accounts are shown exclusive of VAT.

(ii) Income Tax

The Fund is a wholly exempt fund and some UK income tax is recoverable from HM Revenue and Customs. Where tax can be reclaimed, investment income in the accounts is shown gross of UK tax.

(iii) Capital Gains Tax

No capital gains tax is chargeable.

(iv) Taxation of Overseas Investment Income

Where the Fund receives interest on overseas government interest bonds portfolios which is gross, a variety of arrangements apply to the taxation of interest on corporate bonds and dividends on overseas equities.

4 CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE

Contributions receivable are analysed below:-

| | | 2022/23 | | 2021/22 |
|---|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| | | £'000 | | £'000 |
| Employers' normal contributions | | | | |
| Scheduled Bodies | 117,529 | | 106,331 | |
| Administering Authority | 12,780 | | 11,269 | |
| Admission Bodies | 7,380 | 137,689 | 7,864 | 125,464 |
| Employers' deficit Funding | | | | |
| Scheduled Bodies | 12,052 | | 11,690 | |
| Administering Authority | - | | 0 | |
| Admission Bodies | 742 | 12,794 | 336 | 12,026 |
| Total Employer's normal & deficit funding | | 150,483 | | 137,490 |
| Employers' contributions - Augmentation | | | | |
| Scheduled Bodies | 1,000 | | 737 | |
| Administering Authority | 1 | | 349 | |
| Admission Bodies | 84 | 1,085 | 348 | 1,434 |
| Members' normal contributions | | | | |
| Scheduled Bodies | 43,531 | | 39,587 | |
| Administering Authority | 4,923 | | 4,316 | |
| Admission Bodies | 2,235 | 50,689 | 2,416 | 46,319 |
| Members' contributions toward additional benefits | | | | |
| Scheduled Bodies | 508 | | 400 | |
| Administering Authority | 82 | | 105 | |
| Admission Bodies | 7 | 597 | 13 | 518 |
| Total | | 202,854 | <u> </u> | 185,761 |

The increase in Employers' contributions between 2021/22 and 2022/23 is due to the effect of phased/stepped contributions and the local government pay award of £1,925 on all NJC pay points. This pay award was announced in November 2022.

The Members' contributions towards additional benefits above represent members' purchase of added years or additional benefits under the Scheme. Augmentation contributions are paid by employers to meet the cost of early retirements.

A further facility is provided whereby members can make Additional Voluntary Contributions, on a money purchase basis, which are invested in insurance policies with Legal & General, Utmost Life & Pensions or Aviva on behalf of the individual members concerned. These contributions are not part of the Pension Fund and are not therefore reflected in the Fund's accounts. A statement of the value of these investments is given in note 18.

Refunds to members leaving service

Group Transfers

Individual Cash Transfer Values to other schemes

5 BENEFITS PAYABLE

| Analysis of Gross Benefits Payable by Type:- | | |
|--|---------|---------|
| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| | £,000 | £'000 |
| Retirement Pensions | 168,770 | 159,686 |
| Commutation of Pensions and Lump Sum Retirement Benefits | 25,402 | 30,068 |
| Lump Sum Death Benefits | 3,649 | 2,641 |
| | 197,821 | 192,395 |
| Analysis of Gross Benefits Payable by Employing Body:- | | |
| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Scheduled & Designating Bodies | 161,405 | 155,477 |
| Administering Authority | 19,967 | 20,226 |
| Admission Bodies | 16,449 | 16,692 |
| | 197,821 | 192,395 |
| 6 PAYMENTS TO AND ON ACCOUNT OF LEAVERS | | |
| Leavers | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |

978

13,594

14,572

672

950 9,112

7,490

7 MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

Costs incurred in the management and administration of the Fund are set out below.

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|---|---------|---------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Administrative Costs | 3,227 | 2,746 |
| Oversight & Governance Costs | 2,405 | 1,945 |
| Investment Management Expenses | 19,706 | 32,257 |
| | 25,338 | 36,948 |
| | | |
| Further Analysis of Management Expenses:- | | |
| Administrative Costs | | |
| Management Costs | 2,144 | 1,926 |
| Administration and Processing | 891 | 606 |
| Service from Administrating Body | 508 | 491 |
| Fees and Income | (316) | (277) |
| | 3,227 | 2,746 |
| Oversight & Governance Costs | | |
| Management costs | 872 | 765 |
| Specialist advice and Governance | 1,650 | 1,438 |
| Actuarial recharges | (177) | (317) |
| Audit Fees | 60 | 52 |
| Audit Related Service | | 7 |
| | 2,405 | 1,945 |
| Investment Management Expenses (Note 7a) | 19,706 | 32,257 |
| | 25,338 | 36,948 |

Management costs in Oversight & Governance Costs include investments, actuarial and accounting staff costs. Audit fees include; the £0.041m external audit fee (2021/22 £0.042m) and £0.019m is for an additional external fee relating to information provided to the actuary regarding individual employers' IAS19 disclosures in 2022/23. A grant from the DLUHC of £0.011m and £0.019m internal audit charge from Bath & North East Somerset Council (2021/22 £0.020m) is includeed within Specialist advice and Governance.

7a INVESTMENTS MANAGEMENT EXPENSES

| 2022/23 | Total | Management Fees | Performance related fees | Transaction costs |
|------------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | £000£ | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Equity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pooled Property | (1,475) | 2,663 | (4,138) | 0 |
| Private Infrastructure | 3,165 | 3,165 | (1,100) | 0 |
| Derivatives | 432 | 429 | 0 | 3 |
| Pooled Investments * | 17,529 | 12,216 | 5,182 | 131 |
| | 19,651 | 18,473 | 1,044 | 134 |
| Custody Fees | 55 | , | , | |
| Total | 19,706 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Management | Performance | Transaction |
| 2021/22 | Total | Fees | related fees | costs |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Equity | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pooled Property | 6,201 | 2,844 | 3,357 | 0 |
| Private Infrastructure | 2,564 | 2,564 | 0 | 0 |
| Derivatives | 456 | 456 | 0 | 0 |
| Pooled Investments * | 22,985 | 13,943 | 8,878 | 164 |
| | 32,206 | 19,807 | 12,235 | 164 |
| Custody Fees | 51 | | | |
| Total | 32,257 | | | |
| | | | | |

^{*} Included within Pooled Investments is £1.514m (£1.219m in 21/22) paid to Brunel Pension Partnership for core investment services.

Fund Manager Performance Fees include fees that have been accrued but are subject to phased payment or not due to be paid until the realisation of the related assets. Unpaid fees remain subject to variation as a result of future performance. Total fund manager fees include management charges for pooled investments that are settled directly within the pooled vehicles in accordance with the investment management agreement.

The performance fees included in 22/23 represent a decrease in the provision for pooled property of £4.310m and a payment in year of £0.172m. For Pooled investments there is a payment in year of £6.533m and decrease in provision of £1.351m. The current total provision for performance fees is included in note 12 Current Asset and Liabilities.

Of the £19.7m of investment management fees, £12.0m relates to the fees paid to the underlying managers of the portfolios managed by Brunel. Due to the fall in asset values fees were lower than 2021/22 especially performance related fees.

8 INVESTMENT INCOME

| | 2022/23 £'000 | 2021/22 £'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Dividends from equities | 45 | 343 |
| Income from pooled Property Investments | 20,037 | 15,281 |
| Income from other pooled investment vehicles | 38,626 | 10,064 |
| Interest on cash deposits | 3,200 | (5) |
| Other Income | | |
| TOTAL | 61,908 | 25,683 |

Brunel operates a securities lending programme for its clients for select portfolios with their custodian, where eligible securities are lent to third parties in exchange for fees paid. The third parties provide collateral which is held for the duration of the loan(s). The income from this programme is not distributed but accumulates within the relevant Brunel pooled fund. At the year end based on its holding in the Brunel Global High Alpha Portfolio, the Fund had £12.8m stock on loan, secured by collateral of £13.3m. During the year the Fund's share of stock lending income in this portfolio was £0.09m. The Fund does not operate a securities lending programme outside of the Brunel portfolios.

9

| CHANGE IN TOTAL NET ASSETS | | | | Change in | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Change in Market Value of Investments | Value at | Purchases | Sales | Market | Value at |
| | 31/03/22 | at Cost | Proceeds | Value | 31/03/23 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Bonds | - | | | | - |
| Equities | - | | | | - |
| Long Term Investments | 838 | - | - | (131) | 707 |
| Pooled Investments- | | | | | |
| - Property | 708,665 | 259,921 | (219,974) | (135,635) | 612,977 |
| - Non Property | 4,954,039 | 774,915 | (844,624) | (259,563) | 4,624,767 |
| Derivatives | | | | | |
| - Foreign Exchange Hedge | (31,203) | 181,033 | (69,921) | (63,113) | 16,796 |
| - FTSE Futures | 676 | 2,111 | (5,993) | 3,567 | 361 |
| Sub Total | 5,633,015 | 1,217,980 | (1,140,512) | (454,875) | 5,255,608 |
| Cash Deposits | 170,915 | 2,913,842 | (2,977,588) | 6,428 | 113,597 |
| Amount receivable for sales | 97,069 | | | (85,181) | 11,888 |
| Payable for purchases | (74,787) | | | 74,505 | (282) |
| Investment Debtors & Creditors | 1,409 | | | (565) | 844 |
| Total Investment Assets | 5,827,621 | | _ | (459,688) | 5,381,655 |
| Reconciliation to Fund Account: | | | | | |
| | | | | £'000 | |
| Change in market value of Investment Assets | | | | (459,688) | |
| Net Purchases & Sales | | | | 13,722 | |
| Movement in Long Term Debtors | | | | 54 | |
| Movement in Current Assets | | | | 13,130 | |
| Less Net Revenue of Fund | | | _ | (42,101) | |
| Profits and losses on disposal of investments a | nd change in va | lue of investme | nts = | (474,883) | |

The Change in Market Value of investments comprises all gains and losses on Fund investments during the year, whether realised or unrealised.

The Change in Market Value for cash deposits represents net gains on foreign currency deposits and foreign exchange transactions during the year.

Derivatives. The purchases and sales of derivatives are shown at the values of the realised profits and losses of the net derivatives transactions.

The Net Revenue of Fund equals the Net Withdrawals / additions including fund management expenses (£19.807m) plus Investment income (£-61.908m) as shown in the Fund account.

| Change in Total Net Assets 2021/22 | | | | Change in | |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Change in Market Value of Investments | Value at | Purchases | Sales | Market | Value at |
| | 31/03/21 | at Cost | Proceeds | Value | 31/03/22 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Bonds | - | 408,717 | (411,838) | 3,121 | - |
| Equities | - | 381,484 | (377,279) | (4,205) | - |
| Long Term Investments | 768 | - | - | 70 | 838 |
| Pooled Investments- | | | | | |
| - Property | 534,294 | 764,028 | (672,123) | 82,466 | 708,665 |
| - Non Property | 4,584,191 | 2,379,836 | (2,410,237) | 400,249 | 4,954,039 |
| Derivatives | | | | | |
| - Foreign Exchange Hedge | 63,767 | 28,231 | (85,402) | (37,799) | (31,203) |
| - FTSE Futures | (110) | 394 | (5,329) | 5,721 | 676 |
| Sub Total | 5,182,910 | 3,962,690 | (3,962,208) | 449,623 | 5,633,015 |
| Cash Deposits | 117,641 | 798,411 | (779,890) | 34,753 | 170,915 |
| Amount receivable for sales | | | | 97,069 | 97,069 |
| Payable for purchases | | | | (74,787) | (74,787) |
| Investment Debtors & Creditors | 1,438 | | | (29) | 1,409 |
| Total Investment Assets | 5,301,989 | | | 506,629 | 5,827,621 |
| Reconciliation to Fund Account: | | | | | |
| | | | | £'000 | |
| Change in market value of Investment Assets | | | | 506,629 | |
| Net Purchases & Sales | | | | 19,003 | |
| Movement in Long Term Debtors | | | | 5 | |
| Movement in Current Assets | | | | (12,355) | |
| Less Net Revenue of Fund | | | _ | 13,413 | |
| Profits and losses on disposal of investments a | nd change in va | lue of investme | nts _ | 526,695 | |
| | | | | | |

10 INVESTMENT ASSETS

Further analysis of the market value of investments as set out in the Net Assets Statement is given below:-

| | 31 Mar 20 £'0 | 23 | 31 March 2022 £'000 |
|--|---------------------|-----------|---------------------------|
| Non-Property Pooled Investment Vehicles | | | |
| Global Equity | 1,897,256 | 2,176,034 | |
| Risk Management Strategy | 1,300,555 | 1,119,140 | |
| Diversified Growth Funds | 336,583 | 538,061 | |
| Infrastructure | 633,970 | 653,396 | |
| Multi Asset Credit | 304,609 | 315,433 | |
| Hedge Funds | 22,891 | 109,262 | |
| Private Debt | 128,903 | 42,713 | |
| | 4,624,7 | 67 | 4,954,039 |
| Other Investments | | | |
| Pooled Property Investments | 612,977 | 708,665 | |
| Derivative contracts | | | |
| Foreign Exchange Hedge | 36,669 | | |
| Derivative contracts: FTSE Futures | 361 | 676 | |
| | 650,0 | 07 | 709,341 |
| Cash deposits | 113,5 | i97 | 170,915 |
| Investment Income due | 8 | 344 | 1,409 |
| Amounts receivable for sales | 11,8 | 88 | 97,069 |
| Total Investment Assets | 5,401,1 | 03 | 5,932,773 |
| Long Term Investments | | | |
| Equities | 7 | 707 | 838 |
| Investment Liabilities | | | |
| Derivative contracts | | | |
| Foreign Exchange Hedge | (19,873) | (31,203) | |
| Derivative contracts: FTSE Futures | (- / / | (- , , | |
| Amounts payable for purchases | (282) | (74,787) | |
| Total Investment Liabilities | (20,1 | 55) | (105,990) |
| | | | · · · |
| Total Investment Assets | 5,381,6 | 55 | 5,827,621 |
| | | | |

During the year a portion of the Fund's passive listed equities were redeployed to the BlackRock Qualified Alternative Investor Fund (QAIF) to ensure a stable liquidity position was maintained through the gilts crisis of September/October. The Fund's corporate bond cashflow matching strategy was topped up as a number of employers moved onto the low risk funding basis. Proceeds arising from the redemption of the Fund's hedge fund and core infrastructure mandates were used to fund existing investments in the Brunel Renewable Infrastructure, Secured Income and Private Debt Portfolios. Towards the end of the year a 3% allocation to a local impact portfolio and an increase to the passive equity strategic allocation was agreed by the Committee. These changes are due to take effect in the 2023/24 financial year.

The Long term investment of £0.707m represents Avon Pension Fund's share of the Brunel Pension Partnership. This share represents 10% of the Total Equity, as per Brunel's Statement of Financial Position, as at 30th September 2022.

Included within the equity of Brunel is a Pension Reimbursement Asset (PRA) created in 19/20. The implementation of the PRA provides certainty to Brunel that its shareholders will reimburse any LGPS pension related cashflows, including reimbursement of all regular ongoing contributions, all additional contributions (e.g. to fund discretionary early retirements or other discretionary benefits) and all exit payments. The current value of the PRA is £0.10m. The Fund previously elected to declare 10% of the PRA as a contingent liability (see Note 13). The value of the PRA is no longer material and has therefore been removed.

DERIVATIVES ANALYSIS

Open Forward Currency Contracts

| | Currency | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Settlement | Bought | Local Value | Currency Sold | Local Value | Asset Value | Liability Value |
| | | 000 | | 000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Up to one month | EUR | 57,966 | GBP | 51,046 | 31 | (100) |
| Up to one month | JPY | 2,487,500 | GBP | 15,216 | 16 | (71) |
| Up to one month | USD | 134,079 | GBP | 109,382 | 429 | (1,426) |
| Up to one month | GBP | 15,753 | JPY | 2,487,500 | 593 | - |
| Up to one month | GBP | 51,667 | EUR | 57,966 | 691 | - |
| Up to one month | GBP | 104,550 | USD | 134,079 | 1,218 | (5,052) |
| One to six months | EUR | 15,936 | GBP | 14,090 | 59 | (100) |
| One to six months | JPY | 233,700 | GBP | 1,514 | - | (78) |
| One to six months | USD | 124,020 | GBP | 106,881 | 176 | (6,940) |
| One to six months | GBP | 227,080 | EUR | 257,506 | 844 | (993) |
| One to six months | GBP | 68,564 | JPY | 10,987,700 | 1,052 | (280) |
| One to six months | GBP | 481,870 | USD | 585,895 | 12,170 | (3,225) |
| Six to twelve months | GBP | 42,831 | EUR | 48,314 | 55 | - |
| Six to twelve months | GBP | 13,420 | JPY | 2,150,800 | - | (18) |
| Six to twelve months | GBP | 487,638 | USD | 580,946 | 19,297 | - |
| Six to twelve months | USD | 26,696 | GBP | 23,114 | - | (1,589) |
| Six to twelve months | EUR | - | GBP | - | - | - |
| Six to twelve months | JPY | - | GBP | - | - | - |
| More than twelve months | GBP | 74,526 | USD | 92,375 | 37 | - |
| Total | | | | | 36,668 | (19,872) |
| | Net forward | currency contra | acts at 31st Marc | h 2023 | | 16,796 |
| | Open forward | d currency contra | acts at 31 March 2 | 022 | 10,012 | (41,215) |
| | Net forward | currency contra | acts at 31st Marc | h 2022 | | (31,203) |

| Exchange Traded Derivati | ves held at 31 March 2023:- | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------|--|
| Contract Type | Expiration | Book Cost | Unrealised Gain/(Loss) | |
| | | £'000 | £'000 | |
| FTSE equity futures | June 2023 | 8,785 | 361 | |
| Exchange Traded Derivati | ves held at 31 March 2022:- | | | |
| FTSE equity futures | June 2021 | 20,811 | 676 | |
| | | | | |

A derivative is a financial contract between two parties, the value of which is determined by the underlying asset. Investment in derivatives may only be made if they contribute to a reduction of risks and facilitate efficient portfolio management.

The UK Equity futures contracts are held to facilitate efficient portfolio management for a passively managed investment where the costs of investing directly in UK equities would be significant.

Forward "over the counter" foreign exchange contracts are held to reduce the impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate between sterling and the other currency.

Investment Assets by Manager

The proportion of the market value of investment assets managed by each external manager and in house Treasury Management at the end of the financial year was:-

| | 31 March | | 31 March | |
|---|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | 2023 | | 2022 | |
| | £'000 | % | £'000 | % |
| Investments managed by Brunel Pension Partnership: | | | | |
| BlackRock Risk Management Strategy | 1,300,563 | 24.2 | 1,119,140 | 19.2 |
| Brunel Renewables Portfolio | 163,699 | 3.0 | 89,252 | 1.5 |
| Brunel Secured Income Portfolio | 435,092 | 8.1 | 468,845 | 8.0 |
| Brunel Multi Asset Credit | 304,609 | 5.7 | 315,433 | 5.4 |
| Brunel Global Sustainable Equity | 792,532 | 14.7 | 802,687 | 13.8 |
| Brunel Paris Aligned Developed Equity | 278,856 | 5.2 | 574,338 | 9.9 |
| Brunel Diversified Returns Fund | 336,583 | 6.3 | 538,061 | 9.2 |
| Brunel UK Property | 180,700 | 3.4 | 210,953 | 3.6 |
| Brunel Global High Alpha Equity | 698,860 | 13.0 | 695,906 | 11.9 |
| Brunel Private Debt | 128,903 | 2.4 | 42,713 | 0.7 |
| Avon Transition Fund | 5 | - | 137 | 0.0 |
| | 4,620,402 | 85.9 | 4,857,465 | 83.4 |
| Investments managed outside Brunel Pension Partnership: | | | | |
| Blackrock | 127,088 | 2.4 | 105,135 | 1.8 |
| Record | 25,681 | 0.5 | (10,360) | (0.2) |
| Partners Group | 158,745 | 2.9 | 194,880 | 3.3 |
| TT International | 314 | - | 312 | 0.0 |
| IFM Investors | 313,207 | 5.8 | 427,128 | 7.3 |
| Schroder Investment Management | 13,473 | 0.3 | 13,510 | 0.2 |
| JP Morgan | 34,779 | 0.6 | 170,023 | 2.9 |
| Custodian Cash | 65,328 | 1.2 | 40,715 | 0.7 |
| Long Term Investment | 707 | - | 838 | 0.0 |
| Treasury Management | 21,931 | 0.4 | 27,975 | 0.5 |
| | 761,253 | 14.1 | 970,156 | 16.6 |
| TOTAL INVESTMENT ASSETS | | 400.0 | 5 007 004 | 100.0 |
| TOTAL INVESTIMENT ASSETS | 5,381,655 | 100.0 | 5,827,621 | 100.0 |

11 SINGLE INVESTMENTS OVER 5% OF THE FUND

The following investments represent more than 5% of the net assets of the fund.

| | Value at 31st | Value at 31st | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------|----------------|
| Investments | March 2023 % of Net A | | March 2022 | % of Net Asset |
| | £'000 | | £'000 | |
| Blackrock Liability SOL Mutual Fund | 1,300,563 | 24.13% | 1,119,140 | 19.22% |
| Brunel Global Sustainable Equity | 792,531 | 14.71% | 802,687 | 13.79% |
| Brunel Global High Alpha Equity Fund | 698,860 | 12.97% | 695,906 | 11.95% |
| Brunel Diversified Returns Fund | 336,583 | 6.25% | 538,061 | 9.24% |
| IMF Global Infrastructure (UK) | 313,207 | 5.81% | 427,128 | 7.34% |
| Brunel Paris Aligned Developed Equity | 278.856 | 5.17% | 574.338 | 9.86% |

12 CURRENT ASSETS AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

Provision has been made in the accounts for debtors and creditors known to be outstanding at 31 March 2023.

Debtors and creditors included in the accounts are analysed below:-

| • | | 31 March 2023 | | 31 March 2022 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| | | £'000 | | £'000 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Contributions Receivable | | | | |
| - Employers | 11,438 | | 12,803 | |
| - Members | 4,214 | | 3,610 | |
| Discretionary Early Retirement Costs | 489 | | 214 | |
| Other Debtors | 1,632 | 17,773 | 3,036 | 19,663 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Management Fees | (1,169) | | (845) | |
| Provision for Performance Fees | (4,136) | | (9,798) | |
| Lump Sum Retirement Benefits | (2,228) | | (5,668) | |
| Contributions received in advance | - | | (2,658) | |
| Other Creditors | (2,957) | (10,490) | (6,541) | (25,510) |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 7,283 | _ | (5,847) |

The provision for Performance Fees includes fees that have been incurred but are subject to phased payment or not due to be paid until the realisation of the related assets. They remain subject to variation as a result of future performance.

12a LONG TERM DEBTORS

Provision has been made in the accounts for long term debtors known to be outstanding at 31 March 2023.

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|--|----------|----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Reimbursement of lifetime tax allowances | 272_ | 218_ |

The Lifetime tax allowance was introduced in 2006. It limits the amount of pension that can be paid without an extra charge. Responsibility for payment rests with the pensioner. Avon Pension Fund offer to pay the tax upfront and are reimbursed from pension deductions over time. This creates a long term debtor in the accounts. The LTA has been removed wef 6/4/23 and will be abolished altogether from 6/4/24.

13 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2023. (31 March 2022 £0.768m)

14 EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have been no events after 31 March 2023 that require any adjustment to these accounts.

15 ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF PROMISED RETIREMENT BENEFITS FOR THE PURPOSE OF IAS 26

IAS 26 requires the present value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits to be disclosed, and for this purpose the actuarial assumptions and methodology used should be based on IAS 19 rather than the assumptions and methodology used for funding purposes.

To assess the value of the benefits on this basis, we have used the following financial assumptions as at 31 March 2023 (the 31 March 2022 assumptions are included for comparison):

| | 31st March 2023 | 31st March 2022 |
|--|------------------|-----------------|
| Rate of return on investments (discount rate) | 4.8% per annum | 2.8% per annum |
| Rate of CPI Inflation / CARE benefit revaluation | 2.7% per annum | 3.4% per annum |
| Rate of pay increases* | 4.2% per annum** | 4.9% per annum* |
| Rate of increases in pensions in payment (in excess of | | |
| GMP) / Deferred revaluation | 2.8% per annum | 3.5% per annum |

^{*}An adjustment has been made for the short term pay restraint in line with the 2019 actuarial valuation

The demographic assumptions are the same as those used for funding purposes:

- the start of period assumptions are based on the 2019 actuarial valuation assumptions (but updated to the 2021 CMI future improvement tables)
- the end of period assumptions are based on the updated assumption adopted for the 2022 actuarial valuation, with a long-term rate of life expectancy improvement of 1.5% pa.

Full details of the demographic assumptions are set out in the formal reports to the respective valuations.

The movement in the value of the Fund's promised retirement benefits for IAS 26 is as follows:

| | Liabilities |
|--|-------------|
| Start of period | £8,631m |
| Interest | £240m |
| Net benefits accrued/paid over the period* | £178m |
| Actuarial losses / (gains) - see below | (£2,889m) |
| End of period | £6.160m |

*this includes any increase in liabilities arising as a result of early retirements

Key factors leading to actuarial gains above year are:

- Change in financial assumptions: Corporate bond yields increased significantly over the year, with a corresponding increase in discount rate to 4.8% p.a. from 2.8% p.a. In addition, there has been a reduction in long-term assumed CPI to 2.7% p.a. from 3.4%. In combination, these factors lead to a significant reduction in liabilities
- Change in demographic assumptions: As noted above, the assumptions have been updated to reflect the 2022 actuarial valuation assumptions, with a lower rate of long term improvement of 1.5%. This acts to reduce the liabilities
- Pension increases / high short-term inflation: The figures allow for the impact of the April 2023 pension increase of 10.1%, along with the high levels of CPI since September 2023 (which will feed into the 2024 pension increase). As current inflation is higher than the long term assumption, this increases the liabilities
- 2022 actuarial valuation: The year-end liabilities allow for the final 2022 valuation results, and so will allow for the difference between the assumptions and actual member experience over 2019/22. This will include factors such as the impact of actual pay increases awarded, actual rates of ill-health retirement, etc.

Additional considerations

- The "McCloud judgment": The figures above allow for the impact of the judgment based on the proposed remedy.
- GMP indexation: The above figures allow for the provision of full CPI pension increases on GMP benefits for members who reach State Pension Age after 6 April 2016.
- Covid 19 / Ukraine: The financial assumptions allow for these factors to the degree that they are reflected in the market values on which the assumptions are based. The impact of COVID deaths over the period 2019/22 will be included in the actuarial gains / losses item above. The mortality assumption includes no specific adjustment for COVID as our view is that it is not possible at this point to draw any meaningful conclusions on the long-term impact.
- Curren't high inflation: The period-end above figures allow for the impact of actual known CPI at the accounting date as noted above. The period-end assumptions then allow for expected (market implied) CPI from that point.

16 TRANSFERS IN

During the year there were no group transfers into the fund.

^{**}An adjustment has been made for the short term pay restraint in line with the 2022 actuarial valuation

17 AGENCY SERVICES

The Fund makes payments with regard to added year benefits awarded by the Employer to Local Government Pension Scheme members, including related pension increases. The Fund also pays a small number of other pension supplements. These are not funded by the Fund and are recharged in full. They are not included in the Fund Account.

| | 2022/23 | 2021/22 |
|-----------------------------|---------|---------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Benefits Paid and Recharged | 5,497 | 5,562 |

The Fund also administers £30.9m pension payments on behalf of the Fire Service and the Teachers' pension schemes. (£26.5m in 2021/22). In 2022/2023 there were £3.1m more pension payments, compared to the previous year. These are not funded by the Fund and are recharged in full. They are not included in the Fund Account. The Fire Service and Teachers' employers also pay for the cost of providing this service.

18 ADDITIONAL VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS (AVC's)

Scheme members may make Additional Voluntary Contributions that are invested in insurance policies. From January 2023 the main provider moved from Aviva to Legal & General. There are members still with Aviva or Utmost Life & Pensions due to their type of investments, however.

The total value of the assets invested and contributions paid, on a money purchase basis, with these AVC providers was:-

| | Contributions | | Contributions | |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | paid | Market value | paid | Market value |
| | 2022/23 | 31 March 2023 | 2021/22 | 31 March 2022 |
| | £000 | £000 | £000 | £000 |
| Legal & General | 136 | 4,787 | 0 | 0 |
| Aviva | 549 | 445 | 583 | 5,103 |
| Utmost Life & Pensions | 0 | 77 | 0 | 607 |
| | 685 | 5,309 | 583 | 5,710 |

AVC contributions are not included in the Fund's financial statements as they do not come under the requirements of Regulation 4(1)(b) of the Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016 regarding regulation 69(1)(a) of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013.

19 RELATED PARTIES

Committee Member Related:-

In 2022/23 £36,922 was charged to the Fund in respect of Allowances paid to the voting Members of the Avon Pension Fund Committee (£38,722 in 2021/22). Seven voting members and one non-voting member of the Avon Pension Fund Committee (including two B&NES Councillor Members) were members of the Local Government Pension Scheme during the financial year 2021/2022. (Eight voting members and one non-voting member in 2021/2022, including three B&NES Councillor Members).

Independent Member Related:-

Three Independent Members were paid allowances of £14,822, £15,701 and £13,689 respectively during the year for their work in relation to the Pension Fund Committee and the Investment Panel. All three Members were paid in respect of the full year. They are entitled to claim reasonable expenses which are included in the above allowances. The Independent Members are not eligible to join the Local Government Pension Scheme.

Employer Related:-

During the year 2022/23 the Fund paid B&NES Council £536,575 for administrative services (£518,585 in 2021/22). Various Employers paid the Fund a total of £224,911 for pension related services including pension's payroll and compiling data for submission to the actuary (£283,170 in 2021/22).

Pension Board Related:-

In 2022/23 £7,714 was charged to the Fund in respect of Allowances and expenses paid to the Members of the Pension Board (£7,306 in 2021/22). Six members of the Pension Board were members of the LGPS during 2022/2023 (seven members in 2021/2022).

Officer and Manager related:-

The officers administering the Avon Pension Fund are all eligible to be members of the Avon Pension Fund.

The Fund is governed by Central Government regulation. There are no other related party transactions except as already disclosed elsewhere.

Brunel Pension Partnership Limited

Brunel Pensions Partnership Limited (BPP Ltd. Company number 10429110) was formed on the 14th October 2016 and will oversee the investment of pension fund assets for Avon, Buckinghamshire, Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Environment Agency, Gloucestershire, Oxfordshire, Somerset, and Wiltshire Funds.

Each of the 10 administering authorities, including Bath & North East Somerset Council own 10% of BPP Ltd. In 2022/23 the Pension Fund paid BPP £1.513.855 (2021/22 £1.218.692).

As part of our investment in BPP Ltd. we provided regulatory capital. This will be subject to regular review by the regulator that could result in additional calls for capital.

20 KEY MANAGEMENT REMUNERATION

The key management personnel of the Fund are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Fund, including the oversight of these activities. The key management personnel of the Fund are the Head of Business Finance & Pensions, Head of Pensions and the Divisional Director Risk and Assurance. It does not include the Director of Finance (S151).

| | 31 March | 31 March |
|--|----------|----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Proportion of salary Recharged to Avon Pension Fund | 87 | 52 |
| Proportion of employers contributions recharged to Avon Pension Fund | 19 | 11 |
| | 106 | 63 |

The Head of Business Finance & Pensions charged approximately 50% of their time to the fund. The post was replaced by the Head of Pensions who now charges 100% of their time to the fund.

21 OUTSTANDING COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2023 the Fund had outstanding commitments relating to investments in Property, Infrastructure, Secured Income and Private Debt funds that will be drawn down in tranches by the Investment Managers totalling £772.0m (31 March 2022 £468.2m)

22 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The net assets of the Fund are made up of the following categories of Financial Instruments:

| 2022/23 | Fair Value through Profit and Loss | Assets at amortised cost | Financial liabilities at amortised cost |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Long Term Investment | 707 | | |
| Pooled Investments (Non-Property) | 4,624,767 | | |
| Pooled Property Investments | 612,977 | | |
| Derivative contracts Futures | 361 | | |
| Derivative Contracts FX Hedge | 36,669 | | |
| Derivative Contracts Equity Options | - | | |
| Cash | 11,469 | 102,128 | |
| Other investment balances | | 12,732 | |
| Debtors | | 18,045 | |
| Total Financial Assets | 5,286,950 | 132,905 | - |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Other investment balances | | | (282) |
| Derivative contracts Futures | _ | | (202) |
| Derivative Contracts FX Hedge | (19,873) | | |
| Creditors | (10,010) | | (10,490) |
| Total Financial Liabilities | (19,873) | - | (10,772) |
| Total Net Assets | 5,267,077 | 132,905 | (10,772) |
| | | | |
| | Fair Value | Assets at | Financial |
| | through Profit | amortised cost | liabilities at |
| 2021/22 | and Loss | | amortised cost |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| | | | |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Long Term Investment | 838 | | |
| Pooled Investments (Non-Property) | 4,954,039 | | |
| Pooled Property Investments | 708,665 | | |
| Derivative contracts Futures | 676 | | |
| Derivative Contracts FX Hedge | - | | |
| Derivative Contracts Equity Options | - | 444.705 | |
| Cash | 26,120 | 144,795 | |
| Other investment balances | | 98,478 | |
| Debtors Total Financial Assets | 5,690,338 | 19,881 263,154 | |
| Total Financial Assets | 0,000,000 | 200, 104 | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Other investment balances | | | (74,787) |
| Derivative contracts Futures | - | | * * * |
| Derivative Contracts FX Hedge | (31,203) | | |
| Creditors | · | | (25,510) |
| Total Financial Liabilities | (31,203) | - | (100,297) |
| | | | |
| Total Net Assets | 5,659,135 | 263,154 | (100,297) |

As all investments are disclosed at fair value, carrying value and fair value are therefore the same.

Net gains and losses on Financial Instruments

| 31st March 2023 £'000 | 31st March 2022 £'000 |
|--------------------------|---|
| | |
| 3,567 | 491,627 |
| | |
| (20,008) | 77,072 |
| | |
| (458,442) | (42,004) |
| | |
| (474,883) | 526,695 |
| | £'000 3,567 (20,008) (458,442) |

23 NATURE AND EXTENT OF RISKS ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The primary objective of the Avon Pension Fund is to generate positive real investment return above the rate of inflation for a given level of risk to meet the liabilities as they fall due over time. The aim of the investment strategy and management structure is to minimise the risk of a reduction in the value of the assets and maximise the opportunity for asset gains across the portfolio of assets.

The Fund achieves this objective by investing across a diverse range of assets such as equities, bonds, property and other alternative investments in order to reduce exposure to a variety of financial risks including market risk (price, interest rate and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Responsibility for the Fund's risk management strategy rests with the pension fund committee. Risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Fund. Policies are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in activity and in market conditions.

As at 31 March 2023 Brunel Pension Partnership (Brunel) manages £4.62 billion of the Fund's assets while the remaining assets are managed by other external Investment Managers. Managers are required to invest in accordance with the terms of the agreed investment guidelines that set out the relevant benchmark, performance target, asset allocation ranges and any restrictions. The Avon Pension Fund Committee has determined that the investment management structure is appropriate and is in accordance with its investment strategy. The Committee regularly monitors each investment portfolio and its Investment Consultant advises on the nature of the investments made and associated risks.

The Fund's investments are held by State Street Bank and Trust who acts as custodian on behalf of the Fund.

Because the Fund adopts a long-term investment strategy, the high-level risks described below will not normally alter significantly during any one year unless there are significant strategic or tactical changes to the portfolio. The risk management process identifies and mitigates the risks arising from the Fund's investment strategy and policies which are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions. Although Brunel is the investment manager for a number of asset classes, it appoints a number of underlying managers to each portfolio, so there is sufficient manager diversification within the Fund.

(a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss from fluctuations in market prices, interest rates, credit spreads and currencies. The Fund is exposed through its investment portfolio to all these risks. The level of risk depends on market conditions, expectations of future price and yield movements and asset allocation. The objective of the investment strategy is to identify, manage and control market risk within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

Volatility in market risk is primarily managed through diversification across asset class and underlying investment managers.

Market Price Risk

Market price risk represents the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate caused by factors other than interest rates or currencies. These changes can be caused by factors specific to the individual instrument, its issuer or factors affecting the market in general e.g., international conflict, COVID-19 type shocks and geopolitical trade tensions and will affect the assets held by the Fund in different ways.

All investments present a risk of loss of capital. By diversifying its investments across asset classes, geography and industry sectors, investment mandate guidelines and managers the Fund aims to reduce its exposure to price risk. Diversification seeks to reduce the correlation of price movements. The risk arising from exposure to specific markets is limited by the strategic asset allocation, which is regularly monitored by the Committee against the strategic benchmark.

The Fund's largest allocation is to equities and therefore the fluctuation in equity prices is the largest market risk within the portfolio. The maturity profile of the Fund and strong underlying covenants underpin the allocation to equities which are expected to deliver higher returns over the long term.

The Fund has an equity hedging strategy in place to protect from a significant fall in equity values and is structured to protect the downside and to cap the upside above a fully funded position based on the current funding plan.

As the global economy transitions to a Paris Aligned economy there is a risk to asset values as business models adapt or become obsolete and new opportunities arise. The Fund has a strategy to minimise its exposure to carbon intensive assets through allocations to Paris Aligned and more sustainable assets. In addition, it is investing in renewable infrastructure projects that will power the new economy. The analysis below does not take account of the potential impact of climate change on asset prices.

Market Price Risk - Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of the Fund's investments to changes in market prices has been analysed using the volatility of returns of the assets held within the Fund (provided by the Fund's advisors). The potential volatilities are consistent with a one standard deviation movement in the change in value of the assets over the three years to 31 March 2023. This analysis assumes all other variables including interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates remain the same.

Movements in market prices could have increased or decreased the net assets available to pay benefits by the amounts shown below. However, the likelihood of this risk materialising in normal circumstances is low by virtue of the diversification within the Fund.

The equity hedge does not affect the expected volatility of the equity assets.

The analysis for the year ending 31 March 2023:

| Asset Type | Value | % Change | Value on | Value on |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| | | _ | Increase | Decrease |
| | £'000 | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Global Equities | 1,897,617 | 13.8% | 2,159,488 | 1,635,746 |
| Risk Management Strategies | 1,300,555 | 20.3% | 1,564,568 | 1,036,542 |
| Diversified Return Funds | 336,583 | 7.8% | 362,836 | 310,330 |
| Multi Asset Credit | 304,609 | 7.5% | 327,455 | 281,763 |
| Property | 612,977 | 7.1% | 656,498 | 569,456 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 22,891 | 4.0% | 23,807 | 21,975 |
| Infrastructure | 633,970 | 12.8% | 715,118 | 552,822 |
| Private Debt | 128,903 | 7.5% | 138,571 | 119,235 |
| Long Term Investment | 707 | 15.0% | 813 | 601 |
| Cash & Equivalents | 142,843 | 0.3% | 143,272 | 142,414 |
| Total Investment Assets | 5,381,655 | | 6,092,425 | 4,670,885 |

The analysis for the year ending 31 March 2022 is shown below:

| Asset Type | Value | % Change | % Change Value on | |
|----------------------------|-----------|----------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | | Increase | Decrease |
| | £'000 | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Global Equities | 2,176,710 | 13.6% | 2,472,743 | 1,880,677 |
| Risk Management Strategies | 1,119,140 | 15.4% | 1,291,488 | 946,792 |
| Diversified Return Funds | 538,061 | 8.4% | 583,258 | 492,864 |
| Multi Asset Credit | 315,433 | 8.2% | 341,299 | 289,567 |
| Property | 708,665 | 3.8% | 735,594 | 681,736 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 109,262 | 5.5% | 115,271 | 103,253 |
| Infrastructure | 653,396 | 17.3% | 766,434 | 540,358 |
| Private Debt | 42,713 | 9.6% | 46,813 | 38,613 |
| Long Term Investment | 838 | 15.0% | 964 | 712 |
| Cash & Equivalents | 163,403 | 0.1% | 163,566 | 163,240 |
| Total Investment Assets | 5,827,621 | | 6,517,429 | 5,137,813 |

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates which will affect the value of fixed interest and index linked securities, as held through the Fund's Risk Management Strategy and Multi Asset Credit (MAC) portfolio.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate movements on these investments is provided below. Cash includes the cash deposits held against futures contracts.

| | 31/03/2023 £'000 | 31/03/2022 £'000 |
|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 142,843 | 163,402 |
| Multi Asset Credit | 304,609 | 315,433 |
| Risk Management Strategy | 1,300,555 | 1,119,140 |
| Total | 1,748,007 | 1,597,976 |

Interest Rate Risk - Sensitivity Analysis

Fluctuations in interest rates can affect both income to the Fund and the value of the net assets to pay benefits. The sensitivity of the Fund's investments to changes in interest rates has been analysed by showing the effect on the value of the Risk Management Strategy and MAC portfolio as at 31 March 2023 of a 100 basis point (1%) change in interest rates. The analysis assumes that all other variables including foreign currency exchange rates remain constant.

The Fund has implemented a strategy to better match or hedge its liabilities with bond assets through its Risk Management Strategies. The primary 'matching' instruments used in these strategies include physical instruments such as fixed interest and index-linked Government bonds (financed through "repurchase" agreements), corporate bonds and derivative instruments such as interest-rate and inflation swaps.

An increase or decrease of 100 basis points (bps) in interest rates would have increased or decreased the net assets by the amount shown below.

| As at 31 March 2023 | | Change in net a | assets |
|---------------------------|-----------|-----------------|----------|
| | Value | +100 bps | -100 bps |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 142,843 | - | - |
| Multi Asset Credit | 304,609 | (6,884) | 6,884 |
| Risk Management Strategy | 1,300,555 | (286,252) | 286,252 |
| Total | 1,748,007 | (293,136) | 293,136 |

A 1% rise in interest rates will reduce the fair value of the relevant net assets and vice versa. Changes in interest rates do not impact the value of cash balances but they will affect the interest income received on those balances.

The same analysis for the year ending 31 March 2022 is shown below:

| As at 31 March 2022 | Change in net assets | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-----------|----------|--|
| | Value | +100 bps | -100 bps | |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 163,402 | - | - | |
| Multi Asset Credit | 315,433 | (9,403) | 9,403 | |
| Risk Management Strategy | 1,119,140 | (181,860) | 181,860 | |
| Total | 1,597,976 | (191,263) | 191,263 | |

Currency Risk

Currency risk represents the risk that the fair value of financial instruments when expressed in Sterling will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Fund is exposed to currency risk on investments denominated in a currency other than Sterling. A significant proportion of the Fund's equity portfolio is invested in overseas equities, overseas property funds, infrastructure funds and hedge funds (where the shares are denominated in US dollars). The Multi Asset Credit (MAC) portfolio also holds some assets originally denominated in foreign currencies, but as this is fully hedged at the underlying manager level a breakdown of exposures by currency was not provided for 2022/23. When sterling depreciates the sterling value of foreign currency denominated investments will rise and when sterling appreciates the sterling value for foreign denominated investments will fall. The Fund has a passive hedging arrangement in place which reduces the volatility of returns over the longer term (the hedging programme hedges the exposure to the US Dollar, Yen and Euro).

Where an investment manager chooses to hedge against foreign currency movements within their portfolio forward foreign exchange contracts are used.

The following tables summarise the Fund's currency exposures within the portfolio. For the global property funds the share class of the pooled funds held has been used.

Currency risk by asset class:

| Currency Exposure - Asset Type | Asset value as at 31st March 2023 | Asset value as at 31st March 2022 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Global Equities | 2,107,722 | 1,791,741 |
| Global Property Funds | 144,114 | 169,986 |
| Multi Asset Credit | - | 52,733 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 22,891 | 109,262 |
| Infrastructure Funds | 44,133 | 34,427 |

Currency Risk - Sensitivity Analysis

The sensitivity of the Fund's investments to changes in foreign currency rates has been analysed using the volatility which is broadly consistent with a one-standard deviation movement in the main currencies over the 3 years to 31 March 2023. The analysis reflects the Fund's passive hedging policy of a 50% hedge ratio on the global property and hedge fund assets. Therefore, there is no currency exposure on the assets that are 100% hedged. Currency exposure and risk was reported for MAC in 2021/22 as the Fund doesn't actively hedge the portfolio, however, as currency risk is hedged at the individual underlying investment manager level, the net result is no exposure for the fund. The infrastructure assets are not currently hedged due to the relatively small exposures they contain.

A strengthening / weakening of Sterling against the various currencies by one standard deviation (expressed as a percentage) at 31 March 2023 would have increased / decreased the net assets by the amount shown in the tables below and vice versa:

Currency Risk by Asset Type:

| Asset Type | Value | % Change | Value on Increase | Value on Decrease |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | £'000 | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Global Equities | 2,107,722 | 4.3% | 2,198,354 | 2,017,090 |
| Infrastructure | 44,133 | 6.8% | 47,134 | 41,132 |

The same analysis for the year ending 31 March 2022 is shown below:

Currency Risk by Asset Type:

| Asset Type | Value | % Change | Value on Increase | Value on Decrease |
|--------------------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | £'000 | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Global Equities | 1,791,741 | 4.0% | 1,863,958 | 1,719,525 |
| Multi Asset Credit | 52,733 | 5.3% | 55,552 | 49,913 |
| Infrastructure | 34,427 | 6.9% | 36,795 | 32,058 |

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument or transaction will fail to meet an obligation and cause the Fund to incur a financial loss. The market values of investments generally reflect an assessment of credit in their pricing and consequently the risk of loss is implicitly provided for in the carrying value of the Fund's financial assets and liabilities.

The entire Fund is exposed to credit risk through its underlying investments (including cash balances) and the transactions it undertakes to manage its investments. The careful selection and monitoring of counterparties including brokers, custodian and investment managers minimises credit risk that may occur though the failure to settle transactions in a timely manner.

Contractual credit risk is represented by the net payment or receipt that remains outstanding, and the cost of replacing the derivative position in the event of a counterparty default. Credit risk on exchange-traded derivative contracts is minimised by the various insurance policies held by exchanges to cover defaulting counterparties. Over-the-counter (OTC) derivative contracts are bilateral agreements where the Fund faces the credit risk of the financial counterparty directly. This is the case for forward currency contracts where a line of credit is extended to the Fund in place of a collateral posting agreement (as is the case for exchange-traded contracts). The hierarchy and replacement of an OTC contract on default of one of the counterparties is detailed in the ISDA, which is a market standard legal document governing derivative contracts.

Forward currency contracts are entered into by the Fund's managers, especially the currency hedging manager, Record. These contracts are subject to credit risk in relation to the counterparties of the contracts. The responsibility for managing these contracts and counterparty risk rests with the managers. Counterparty management is evaluated as part of the due diligence process prior to appointing a manager.

The derivative instruments held within the Risk Management Strategy are fully collateralised on a daily basis with cash and/or gilts. Management of collateral is delegated to the manager who has access to a pool of eligible collateral (gilts, cash and equities). Daily collateralisation mitigates credit risk to a large extent as in the event a counterparty defaults sufficient assets are held to re-establish any lost position at the prevailing market rate.

The Fund's bond portfolios have significant credit risk through their underlying investments. This risk is managed through diversification across sovereign and corporate entities, credit quality and maturity of bonds. The market prices of bonds incorporate an assessment of credit quality in their valuation which reflects the probability of default (the yield of a bond will include a premium that will compensate for the risk of default).

The MAC portfolio is comprised of assets with the following array of credit ratings as at 31st March 2023:

| Credit Rating | Value £'000 |
|---------------|-------------|
| AAA | 20,085 |
| AA+ to AA- | 326 |
| A+ to A- | 9,584 |
| BBB+ to BBB- | 48,066 |
| BB+ to BB- | 70,538 |
| B+ to B- | 113,738 |
| CCC+ to C- | 30,574 |
| Unrated | 11,699 |

The Fund is subject to credit risk within its general debtors although none of these would represent a material risk to the Fund. General debtors were £1.6m for 2022/23 (£3.0m for 2021/22)

Another source of credit risk is the cash balances held to meet operational requirements or by the managers at their discretion. Internally held cash is managed on the Fund's behalf by the Council's Treasury Management Team in line with the Fund's Treasury Management Policy which sets out the permitted counterparties and limits. Cash held by the Fund and managers is invested with the custodian in diversified money market funds rated AAA.

The cash held under the Treasury Management arrangements and by the custodian as at 31 March 2023 was £111.3m. This was held with the following institutions:

| | 31st March 2023 | | 31st March 2022 | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Rating | Balance £'000 | Rating | Balance £'000 |
| Custodian's Liquidity Fund | | | | |
| State Street Global Services | AAA | 89,454 | AAA | 100,279 |
| Money Market Funds | | | | |
| Goldman Sachs Global Treasury Fund | AAA | 2,519 | AAA | 1,420 |
| Aberdeen Liquidity Fund | AAA | 970 | AAA | 6,570 |
| Federated Investors | AAA | 30 | AAA | 8,840 |
| State Street Global Advisors | AAA | 950 | AAA | 950 |
| CCLA - The Public Sector Deposit Fund | AAA | 7,000 | AAA | 8,340 |
| Bank | | | | |
| NatWest Special Interest Bearing Account | A+ | 410 | A+ | 1,840 |
| Handelsbanken | AA | 10,000 | | |
| NatWest Current Account | A+ | - | A+ | 6 |

The balance on the Custodian's Liquidity Fund includes cash held across all mandates.

Brunel may conduct security lending within pooled equity portfolios. For the year ending 31 March 2023 the market value of shares on loan totalled £12.8m, which generated £0.09m in income. Lending was conducted solely through the Brunel Global High Alpha portfolio.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Fund's investment strategy and cash management policy ensure that the Fund has adequate cash to meet its working requirements including pension payments. Cash flow forecasts are prepared to manage the timing of and changes to the Fund's cash flows. The Fund has access to an overdraft facility for short term cash needs, although this is rarely utilised.

The Fund has immediate access to its cash holdings and a substantial portion of the Fund's investments consist of readily realisable securities, in particular equities even though they are held in pooled funds. In addition, the Fund invests in a range of Exchange Traded Funds that provide a similar liquidity profile to cash so that capital calls from the private market portfolios can be managed efficiently. The main liabilities of the Fund are the benefits payable as they fall due over a long period and the investment strategy reflects the long-term nature of these liabilities. As a result, the Fund is able to manage the liquidity risk that arises from its investments in less liquid asset classes such as property, infrastructure, private debt and fund of hedge funds which are subject to longer redemption periods and cannot be considered as liquid as the other investments. As at 31 March 2023 the value of the illiquid assets was £1,399m, or 26% of the total Fund assets (31 March 2022: £1,514m which represented 26% of the total Fund assets).

24 FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

Fair value is the value at which the investments could be realised within a reasonable timeframe. The Fund measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making an assessment of fair value. This hierarchy is not a measure of investment risk but a reflection of the ability to value the investments at fair value. Transfers between levels are recognised in the year in which they occur. The hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 Asset and liabilities where the fair value is derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Assets and liabilities where quoted market prices are not available but uses inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. For example where an instrument is traded in a market that is not considered to be active, or where valuation techniques based significantly on observable market data are used to determine fair value.
- Level 3 assets and liabilities where at least one unobservable input used to measure fair value could have a significant effect on the valuation and the Fund's holding in these pooled funds is not immediately realisable at the net asset value.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The basis of the valuation of each class of investment asset is set out below.

| Description of Asset | Fair Value Hierarchy | Basis of Valuation | Observable and unobservable inputs | Key sensitivities affecting the valuations provided |
|--|-------------------------|--|---|--|
| Market quoted investments | Level 1 | Published closing bid price ruling at year end. | Not required. | Not required. |
| Exchange traded futures | Level 1 | Published exchange prices at the year end. | Not required. | Not required. |
| Forward currency contracts | Level 2 | Market forward exchange rates at the year end | Price of recent transactions in identical instruments, exchange rate risk | Not required. |
| Pooled Investment vehicles including unitised insurance policies and other managed funds | Level 2 | Closing bid price where bid and offer prices are published; closing single price where single price published. | NAV based pricing set on a forward looking basis. | Not required. |
| Pooled property funds (Open Ended) | Level 2 | Closing bid price where bid and offer prices are published; closing single price where single price published. Market values are in accordance with RICS valuation standards and FV processes with IPEV guidelines. | NAV based pricing set on a forward looking basis using transactional data and cash flow forecasts. | Not required. |
| Private Debt | Level 3 | Private Debt investments are valued at the end of each quarter by the underlying fund manager and annually appraised by a 3rd party for appropriateness. The valuation method employed for each asset is at the discretion of the valuer but must fall within the standards prescribed by the relevent accounting bodies as appropriate (US GAAP and IFRS) and be in accordance with IPEV guidelines. | Initial recognition cost, principal repayments, effective interest method, impairment reductions | Valuations could be affected by material events occurring between the date of the financial statements provided and the Fund's own reporting date, by changes to expected cash flows and any differences between audited and unaudited accounts. |
| Hedge Funds | Level 3 | Closing bid price where bid and offer prices are published; closing single price where single price published. Market values are determined as of the last calendar day of each month. Where the underlying investment funds do not report a month end NAV on a timely basis, the NAV will be determined using the most recently available month end valuation as well as other relevant information available including market inputs that may impact the performance of a particular fund. | | Valuations can be affected by material events between the date of the financial accounts provided and the Fund's own reporting date, by changes to expected cash flows and by any differences between the audited and unaudited accounts. |
| Limited Partnerships and closed ended funds (Property) | Level 3 | Valued using a number of different market and income valuation methods as well as comparable market transactions prices. The market values are in accordance with IPEV guidelines. | Market transactions; market outlook; cash flow projections; last financings; multiple projections. | Valuations could be affected by material events occurring between the date of the financial statements provided and the Fund's own reporting date, by changes to expected cash flows and any differences between audited and unaudited accounts. |
| Infrastructure funds | Level 3 | Infrastructure investments are valued regularly by the underlying manager, and appraised annually by 3rd parties for appropriateness, or by independent valuation firms. The valuation method is employed for each asset at the discretion of the appointed valuer but must fall within the standards prescribed by the relavent accounting bodies as appropriate (US GAAP and IFRS) and be in accordance with IPEV guidelines. | Infrastructure investments are typically valued on a discounted cash flow approach, utilising cash flow forecasts. Valuations are cross checked with public market information and recent transactions. | Valuations could be affected by material events occurring between the date of the financial statements provided and the Fund's own reporting date, by changes to expected cash flows, significant increases and decreases in the discount rate and any differences between audited and unaudited accounts. |
| Long Term Investments - Equities | Level 3 | Brunel Share Capital is valued at the Equity value as stated in Brunel Pension Partnership Statement of Accounts | Earnings and revenue multiples; discount for lack of marketability; control premium | Valuations could be affected by material events occurring between the date of the financial statements provided and the Fund's own reporting date, by changes to expected cash flows and any differences between audited and unaudited accounts. |

The following sets out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 31 March 2023.

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Pooled Investments:- | | | | - |
| Equities | 127,009 | 1,770,247 | | 1,897,256 |
| Risk Management Strategy | - | 1,300,555 | | 1,300,555 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | - | - | 22,891 | 22,891 |
| Diversified Return Funds | - | 336,583 | - | 336,583 |
| Multi Asset Credit | - | 304,609 | | 304,609 |
| Property | - | 173,098 | 439,879 | 612,977 |
| Infrastructure | - | | 633,970 | 633,970 |
| Private Debt | - | | 128,903 | 128,903 |
| Long Term Investment | - | | 707 | 707 |
| Cash | 113,597 | - | | 113,597 |
| Derivatives: Forward FX | - | 16,796 | | 16,796 |
| Derivatives: Futures | 361 | | | 361 |
| Investment Debtors/Creditors | 12,450 | | | 12,450 |
| | 253,417 | 3,901,888 | 1,226,350 | 5,381,655 |

The fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2022 was:

| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
|------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Pooled Investments:- | | | | - |
| Equities | 103,102 | 2,072,932 | | 2,176,034 |
| Risk Management Strategy | - | 1,119,141 | | 1,119,141 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | - | - | 109,262 | 109,262 |
| Diversified Return Funds | - | 538,061 | - | 538,061 |
| Multi Asset Credit | - | 315,433 | | 315,433 |
| Property | - | 202,979 | 505,686 | 708,665 |
| Infrastructure | - | | 653,396 | 653,396 |
| Private Debt | - | | 42,713 | 42,713 |
| Long Term Investment | - | | 838 | 838 |
| Cash | 170,915 | - | | 170,915 |
| Derivatives: Forward FX | - | (31,203) | | (31,203) |
| Derivatives: Futures | 676 | | | 676 |
| Investment Debtors/Creditors | 23,690 | | | 23,690 |
| | 298,383 | 4,217,343 | 1,311,895 | 5,827,621 |

There were no re-classifications of assets between levels in 2022/23.

Reconciliation of Fair Value measurements within Level 3

| Level 3 | Market value 31 March 2022 £'000 | Transfer into Level 2 £'000 | Purchases during the year and derivative payments £'000 | Sales during the year and derivative receipts £'000 | Unrealised gains / losses | Realised gains / losses | Market value 31 March 2023 £'000 |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| Property | 505,686 | | 43,003 | (12,309) | (100,455) | 3,954 | 439,879 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 109,262 | | - | (126,634) | 2,509 | 37,754 | 22,891 |
| Infrastructure | 653,396 | | 82,411 | (159,235) | 57,390 | 8 | 633,970 |
| Private Debt | 42,713 | | 89,594 | (341) | (3,063) | | 128,903 |
| Long Term Investment - | 838 | | | | (131) | | 707 |
| Equities | | | | | | | |
| | 1,311,895 | - | 215,008 | (298,519) | (43,750) | 41,716 | 1,226,350 |

Sensitivity of assets valued at Level 3

Having consulted its investment advisor, and having analysed historical data and market trends, the Fund has determined that the valuation methods used for Level 3 assets are likely to be accurate to within the following ranges on the closing value of the investments held at 31 March 2023.

| | Assessed valuation range +/- | Value at 31 March 2023 | Value on increase | Value on decrease |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | range +/- | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Property | 10% | 439,879 | 483,867 | 395,891 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 10% | 22,891 | 25,180 | 20,602 |
| Infrastructure | 15% | 633,970 | 729,066 | 538,875 |
| Private Debt | 15% | 128,903 | 148,238 | 109,568 |
| Long Term Investment - Equities | 15% | 707 | 813 | 601 |
| Total | | 1,226,350 | 1,387,164 | 1,065,536 |

The same analysis for 31 March 2022:

| | Assessed valuation range +/- | Value at 31 March 2022 | Value on increase | Value on decrease |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Property | 10% | 505,686 | 556,254 | 455,117 |
| Fund of Hedge Funds | 10% | 109,262 | 120,189 | 98,336 |
| Infrastructure | 15% | 653,396 | 751,406 | 555,387 |
| Private Debt | 15% | 42,713 | 49,120 | 36,306 |
| Long Term Investment - Equities | 15% | 838 | 964 | 713 |
| Total | | 1,311,895 | 1,477,933 | 1,145,859 |

25 EMPLOYING BODIES

As at 31 March 2023 the following employing bodies had contributing scheme members in the Avon Pension Fund:

Principal Councils and Service Providers

Avon Fire & Rescue Service Bath & North East Somerset Council

Bristol City Council

Further & Higher Education Establishments

Bath College Bath Spa University City of Bristol College

Offender Learning Services (part of Weston College) Restart Employment and Skills Limited (part of Weston College) North Somerset Council South Gloucestershire Council West of England Combined Authority

South Gloucestershire & Stroud College St. Brendan's Sixth Form College University of the West of England Weston College

Academies and Schools

Abbeywood Community School Abbot Alphege Academy

All Saints East Clevedon C of E Primary School

Ashcombe Primary School Ashton Park School Ashton Vale Primary School

Aspire Academy Avanti Gardens School Backwell C of E Junior School Backwell School

Badock's Wood E-ACT Academy Bannerman Road Community Academy

Banwell Primary School Barton Hill Academy Bathampton Primary School Batheaston Church School Bathford Church School Bathwick St Mary Church School Becket Primary School Bedminster Down School Beechen Cliff School

Begbrook Primary Academy Birdwell Primary School Bishop Sutton Primary School Blagdon Primary School Blaise High School Bournville Primary School

Bradley Stoke Community School Bridge Farm Primary School Bridge Learning Campus Bristol Cathedral School Trust

Bristol Free School Broadlands Academy Broadoak Academy Brook Academy

Burrington C of E Primary School Cabot Learning Federation Cabot Primary School Callicroft Primary School

Cameley CEVC Primary School Castle Batch Primary School
Castle Primary School (Keynsham)

Chandag Infant School Chandag Junior School

Charborough Road Primary School

Charfield Primary School
Charlton Wood Primary Academy Cheddar Grove Primary School Chestnut Park Primary School Chew Magna Primary School

Chew Stoke Church School Chew Valley School

Chipping Sodbury School
Christ Church C of E Primary School (Bristol) Christ Church C of E Primary School (WSM)

Churchill Academy

Churchill C of E Primary School

City Academy Clevedon School Clutton Primary School

Combe Down C of E Primary School Compass Point South Street Primary School Corpus Christi Catholic Primary School

Cotham Gardens Primary School Cotham School

Court de Wyck Church School Crockerne C of E Primary School Minerva Primary Academy Montpelier High School Moorlands Infant School Moorlands Junior School

Mulberry Park Educate Together Primary

Nailsea School New Siblands School North Star 240° North Star 82° Northleaze C of E Primary School

Norton Hill Primary School Notton House Academy Oasis Academy Bank Leaze Oasis Academy Brightstowe Oasis Academy Brislington Oasis Academy Connaught Oasis Academy John Williams Oasis Academy Long Cross Oasis Academy Marksbury Road Oasis Academy New Oak Oldfield Park Infant School Oldfield Park Junior School Oldfield School

Oldmixon Primary School

Olympus Academy Trust (Central Functions)

Orchard School Bristol

Parklands Educate Together Primary Parson Street Primary School Patchway Community School Paulton Infant School

Peasedown St John Primary School Pensford Primary School
Perry Court E-ACT Academy Portishead Primary School Priory Community School Ralph Allen School

Redfield Educate Together Primary Academy

Roundhill Primary School Saltford C of E Primary School Sandford Primary School Severn Beach Primary School SGS Pegasus School Shoscombe Church School Sir Bernard Lovell Academy

Snowdon Vilage Somerdale Educate Together Primary Academy

Soundwell College

St Andrews C of E Primary School St Andrew's Church School St Anne's C of E VA Primary School St Bede's Catholic College

St Bernard's Catholic Primary School St Francis Catholic Primary School St Georges Church School St John The Evangelist Church School

St John's C of E Primary School (Keynsham) St John's C of E Primary School (MSN) St Julian's C of E Primary School St Katherine's School

St Mark's C of E School (Bath)

St Mark's Ecumenical Anglican/Methodist Primary School

St Martin's C of E Primary School St Martin's Garden Primary School St Mary Redcliffe C of E Primary School St Marys C of E Primary School (Timsbury) St Marys C of E Primary School (Writhlington)

St Mary's C of E VA Primary School

PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS 2022/23

CST Trinity Academy Culverhill School Digitech Studio School

Diocese of Bristol Academy Trust (Central Functions)

Downend School

Dundry C of E Primary School E-Act (Central Functions) East Harptree Primary School Easton C of E Academy Elmlea Infant School Elmlea Schools' Trust

Endeavour Academy Trust (Central Functions)

Evergreen Primary Academy Fairfield High School Fairlawn Primary School

Farmborough Church Primary School Farrington Gurney C of E Primary School

Filton Avenue Primary School
Filton Hill Primary School

Fishponds Church of England Academy Flax Bourton C of E Primary School

Fonthill Primary School Fosse Way School Four Acres Academy Freshford Church School Frome Vale Academy

Gatehouse Green Learning Trust Golden Valley Primary School

Gatehouse Green Learning Trust (Central Functions)

Gordano School

Greenfield E-ACT Primary Academy

Grove Junior School
Hanham Woods Academy
Hannah More Infant School
Hans Price Academy
Hareclive E-ACT Academy
Hayesfield Girls School
Haywood Village Academy
Headley Park Primary School
Henbury Court Primary Academy

Henleaze Junior School
Heron's Moor Academy
High Down Infant School
High Down Junior School

High Littleton C of E Primary School

Hotwells Primary School Hutton C of E Primary School

IKB Academy

Ilminster Avenue E-ACT Academy

Kings Oak Academy
Kingshill Church School
Knowle DGE Academy
Lansdown Park Academy
Lime Hills Academy
Little Mood Primary Academy

Little Mead Primary Academy Locking Primary School Longvernal Primary School Luckwell Primary School Lyde Green Primary School Mangotsfield School

Marksbury C of E Primary School

Marlwood School
Mary Elton Primary School
May Park Primary School

Mead Vale Community Primary School Meadowbrook Primary School Mendip Green Primary School Merchants' Academy

Midsomer Norton Primary School
Midsomer Norton Schools Partnership

Milton Park Primary School

St Matthias Academy

St Michael's C of E Junior Church School St Nicholas Chantry C of E VC Primary School

St Nicholas Church School

St Nicholas of Tolentine Catholic School St Patrick's Catholic Primary School (Bristol)

St Patrick's Catholic Primary School (Brist St Peter's C of E Primary School St Philip's C of E Primary School (Bath) St Saviours Infant Church School St Saviours Junior Church School St Stephen's Primary Church School

St Teresa's Catholic Primary School (Bristol)
St Ursula's E-ACT Primary Academy
St Werburghs Primary School
Stanton Drew Primary School
Stoke Bishop C of E Primary School
Stoke Lodge Primary School

Stoke Lodge Primary School Stoke Park Primary School Summerhill Academy Swainswick Church School The Castle School The Dolphin School The Kingfisher School

The Meadows Primary School

The Mendip Studio School The Sky Academy Three Ways School

Tickenham C of E Primary School Trinity Anglican Methodist Primary School

Trinity Church School

Trust in Learning (Academies) (Central Functions)

Two Rivers C of E Primary School

Tyndale Primary School Ubley Primary School Uphill Village Academy Venturers' Academy

Venturers' Academy
Venturers' Trust (Central Functions)
Victoria Park Primary School
Walliscote Primary School
Wallscourt Farm Academy
Wansdyke Primary School
Waycroft Academy
Wellsway School
Welton Primary School
West Leigh Infant School
West Town Lane Academy

Westbury-on-Trym C of E Academy Westfield Primary School

Westbury Park Primary School

Weston All Saints C of E Primary School

Weston All Saints C of E Primary Scr
Whitchurch Primary School
Wicklea Academy
Widcombe C of E Junior School
Widcombe Infant School
Windwhistle Primary School
Winford C of E Primary School
Winscombe Primary School
Winscombe Primary School
Winterbourne International Academy

Winterstoke Hundred Academy
Woodlands Academy
Woodlands Primary School
Worle Community School
Worle Village Primary School
Wraxall C of E VA Primary School
Wrington C of E Primary School

Yate Academy Yatton C of E Junior School Yatton Infant School Yeo Moor Primary School

Writhlington School

PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS 2022/23

Designating Bodies

Aeguus Developments Limited Almondsbury Parish Council Backwell Parish Council Bitton Parish Council Bradley Stoke Town Council Bristol Waste Company

Charter Trustees of the City of Bath

Churchill Parish Council Clevedon Town Council Congresbury Parish Council **Dodington Parish Council**

Downend and Bromley Heath Parish Council

Emersons Green Town Council

Filton Town Council

Frampton Cotterell Parish Council Hanham Abbots Parish Council Hanham Parish Council Keynsham Town Council Midsomer Norton Town Council Nailsea Town Council

Community Admission Bodies

Adoption West Alliance Homes Ashley House Hostel Bristol Music Trust

Clifton Suspension Bridge Trust

Destination Bristol

Merlin Housing Society Ltd (New Staff Since 2007)

Merlin Housing Society Ltd (SGC)

Oldland Parish Council Patchway Town Council Paulton Parish Council

Peasedown St John Parish Council Pill & Easton in Gordano Parish Council

Portishead Town Council Radstock Town Council Saltford Parish Council Sodbury Parish Council Stoke Gifford Parish Council

Stoke Lodge & the Common Parish Council

Thornbury Town Council

Futura Commercial Services Limited

Westerleigh Parish Council Westfield Parish Council

Weston Super Mare Town Council Whitchurch Parish Council Winterbourne Parish Council

Yate Town Council Yatton Parish Council

Play Station Nursery Ltd - Barley Close (SGC) Sirona Care & Health (Telecare Service)

The Care Quality Commission The Park Community Trust Ltd

University of Bath Writhlington Trust

Transferee Admission Bodies

Campus Schools

ABM Catering Limited - Athelstan Trust

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Mary's C of E Primary School, Writhlington

ABM Catering Limited - SGC Schools

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Patrick's Catholic Primary School

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Westbury Park Primary School

Access Your Care Ltd (North Somerset Council)

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Teresa's Catholic Primary School

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Werburgh's Primary School (BCCfw)

Active Nation UK Limited (Filton Town Council)

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Waycroft MAT (BCCfw)

Adapt Business Services Limited - North Somerset Council

Agilisys Limited (North Somerset Council)

Creative Youth Network - South Gloucestershire Council Youth Service

Agilisys Limited 2015 (North Somerset Council)

Direct Cleaning Services (South West) Limited - DBAT MAT

Alliance Homes - Ebdon Court Direct Cleaning Services (South West) Limited - Palladian MAT

Alliance in Partnership Limited - Beacon Rise (SGC) Direct Cleaning Services (South West) Limited - St Gregory's Catholic College

Alliance in Partnership Limited - Bowsland Green Primary School Dolce Ltd - Mangotsfield C of E Primary School

Alliance in Partnership Limited - Parkwall Primary School Edwards and Ward Ltd - Henleaze Academy

Alliance in Partnership Limited - St Anne's CEVC Primary School Edwards and Ward Ltd - Paulton Infant School

Alliance in Partnership Limited - St Mary's CE Primary School Edwards and Ward Ltd - St Keyna Primary School

Alliance in Partnership Limited - The Park Primary School
Alliance in Partnership Limited - Westbury on Trym C of E
Academy

Expedite Complete Business Solutions Ltd - Clevedon Learning Trust
Foundation for Active Community Engagement (FACE) - South Gloucestershire
Council Youth Service

Aspens Services Limited - Academies Enterprise Trust Future Stars Coaching Limited - High Down Schools

Aspens Services Limited - Blackhorse Primary School Glen Cleaning Company Limited - City of Bristol Council (2020)

Aspens Services Limited - Bristol City Council PFI Contract Glen Cleaning Company Limited - Excalibur Academies Trust

Aspens Services Limited - Cabot Learning Federation Greenwich Leisure Ltd - Bath & North East Somerset Council
Aspens Services Limited - Castle Primary School (Keynsham) HCRG Care Services Limited (Bath & North East Somerset Council)

Aspens Services Limited - Cathedral Schools Trust Home Life Carers Limited (North Somerset Council)

Aspens Services Limited - Culverhill School Imperial Cleaning Services - The Tynings Primary School

Aspens Services Limited - E-ACT Innovate Services Ltd - Cathedral Schools Trust

Aspens Services Limited - Elmlea Schools Trust Innovate Services Ltd - Gatehouse Green Learning Trust

Aspens Services Limited - Extend Learning Academies Network KGB Cleaning (South West) Ltd - Cathedral Schools Trust

Aspens Services Limited - Hanham Primary Federation
Aspens Services Limited - Kaleidoscope MAT

KGB Cleaning South West Ltd - Cabot Learning Federation
Lex Leisure C.I.C. (Bristol City Council)

Aspens Services Limited - The Tynings School Liberata UK Ltd (North Somerset Council)

Aspens Services Limited - Venturers Trust Mentoring Plus (Bath and North East Somerset Council)

Aspens Services Limited - Warmley Park Primary School Nobilis Care West Ltd (North Somerset Council)

Atalian Servest Food Company Limited - City of Bristol College Prestige Cleaning & Maintenance Limited - Circadian Trust

Ategi limited (South Gloucestershire Council) Purgo Supply Services Ltd - Castle School Education Trust

BAM Construction UK Limited (Bristol City Council) Purgo Supply Services Ltd - E-ACT

Bespoke Cleaning Services Limited - Olympus Academy Trust
Bespoke Cleaning Services Limited - South Gloucestershire &
Stroud College

Purgo Supply Services Ltd - Gatehouse Green Learning Trust
Purgo Supply Services Ltd - Lighthouse Schools Partnership

Cater Link Limited - Castle Schools Education Trust Ridge Crest Cleaning Ltd - Bristol City Council

Cater Link Limited - Cotham School Sansum Solutions Group Limited - ELAN

Churchill Contract Services Ltd - Futura Learning Partnership
Churchill Contract Services Ltd - Westhaven School
Circadian Trust (South Gloucestershire Council)
Sansum Solutions Group Limited - St Bede's Catholic College
Shaw Healthcare - The Granary
Skanska Rashleigh Weatherfoil Ltd (Bristol City Council)

City Leap Energy Partnership Limited SLM Community Leisure Trust (Bristol City Council)

Clever Chefs Limited - BAM Construction SLM Fitness & Health Ltd (Bristol City Council)

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Bath and Wells MAT Sodexo Ltd - Diocese of Bristol Academies Trust (DBAT)

PENSION FUND ACCOUNTS 2022/23

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Bristol City Council

Taylor Shaw - Olympus Academy Trust

The Brandon Trust

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - North Star Academy Trust

Weston Support Services - Ashcombe Primary School

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - Palladian Academy Trust

Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Bede's Catholic College
Compass Contract Services (UK) Ltd - St Bernards Catholic

Primary School

Taylor Shaw - Olympus Academy Trust

Weston Support Services - The Priory Learning Trust

Xerox (UK) Limited

Youth Connect (Bath & North East Somerset Council)

13. Statement of Responsibilities for Avon Pension Fund Accounts

The Council is required to:

- Make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. The Council has made the Chief Financial Officer responsible for financial administration.
- Manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets.
- · Approve the statement of accounts for the year.

Chief Financial Officer responsibilities:

The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Council's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom.

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the Chief Financial Officer has:

- Selected suitable accounting policies and then applied them consistently.
- Made judgements which were reasonable and prudent.
- Complied with the local authority Code of Practice.

The Chief Financial Officer has also:

- Kept proper and up to date accounting records.
- Taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of the Chief Financial Officer

I hereby certify that this statement of accounts presents a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council at the accounting date and the income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Andy Rothery
Chief Financial Officer (S151)

14. Auditors report

Independent auditor's report to the members of Bath & North East Somerset Council on the pension fund financial statements of Avon Pension Fund by Grant Thornton UK LLP

Opinion on financial statements

We have audited the financial statements of Avon Pension Fund (the 'Pension Fund') administered by Bath & North East Somerset Council (the 'Authority') for the year ended 31 March 2023, which comprise the Fund Account, the Net Assets Statement and notes to the pension fund accounts, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Pension Fund during the year ended 31 March 2023 and of the amount and disposition at that date of the fund's assets and liabilities;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law, as required by the Code of Audit Practice (2020) ("the Code of Audit Practice") approved by the Comptroller and Auditor General. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Authority in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Pension Fund's financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We are responsible for concluding on the appropriateness of the Chief Financial Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the auditor's opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Pension Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.

In our evaluation of the Chief Financial Officer's conclusions, and in accordance with the expectation set out within the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23 that the Pension Fund's financial statements shall be prepared on a going concern basis, we considered the inherent risks associated with the continuation of services provided by the Pension Fund. In doing so we had regard to the guidance provided in Practice Note 10 Audit of financial statements and regularity of public sector bodies in the United Kingdom (Revised 2022) on the application of ISA (UK) 570 Going Concern to public sector entities. We assessed the reasonableness of the basis of preparation used by the Authority in the Pension Fund financial statements and the disclosures in the Pension Fund financial statements over the going concern period.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Chief Financial Officer's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the Pension Fund financial statements is appropriate.

105 Grant Thornton UK LLP.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Chief Financial Officer with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Statement of Accounts, other than the Pension Fund Accounts and our auditor's report thereon, and our auditor's report on the Authority's and group's financial statements. The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the Pension Fund Accounts does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Pension Fund financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters required by the Code of Audit Practice (2020) published by the National Audit Office on behalf of the Comptroller and Auditor General (the Code of Audit Practice)

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit of the Pension Fund's financial statements, the other information published together with the Pension Fund's financial statements in the Statement of Accounts for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the Pension Fund financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Code of Audit Practice, we are required to report to you if:

- we issue a report in the public interest under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or
- we make a written recommendation to the Authority under section 24 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or
- we make an application to the court for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law under Section 28 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or;
- we issue an advisory notice under Section 29 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 in the course
 of, or at the conclusion of the audit; or
- we make an application for judicial review under Section 31 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, in the course of, or at the conclusion of the audit.

| We have nothing to report in respect of the above mat | atters in relation to the Pension Fund |
|---|--|
|---|--|

Responsibilities of the Authority and the Chief Financial Officer

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities for the accounts the Authority is required to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. In this authority, that officer is the Chief Financial Officer. The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the Pension Fund's financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Chief Financial Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Pension Fund's financial statements, the Chief Financial Officer is responsible for assessing the Pension Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they have been informed by the relevant national body of the intention to dissolve the Pension Fund without the transfer of its services to another public sector entity.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Pension Fund's financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

- We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the Pension Fund and determined that the most significant which are directly relevant to specific assertions in the financial statements are those related to the reporting frameworks (the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2022/23, the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014, the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 the Public Service Pensions Act 2013, The Local government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 and the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016.
- We enquired of management and the Corporate Audit Committee, concerning the Authority's policies and procedures relating to:
 - the identification, evaluation and compliance with laws and regulations;
 - the detection and response to the risks of fraud; and
 - the establishment of internal controls to mitigate risks related to fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations.
- We enquired of management, internal audit and the Corporate Audit Committee, whether they were aware
 of any instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations or whether they had any knowledge of actual,
 suspected or alleged fraud.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Pension Fund's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by evaluating management's incentives and opportunities for manipulation of the financial statements. This included the evaluation of the risk of management override of controls. We determined that the principal risks were in relation to the valuation of level 3 investments.
- Our audit procedures involved:
 - evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls that management has in place to prevent and detect fraud,
 - journal entry testing, with a focus on large and unusual entries,

- challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in its significant accounting estimates in respect of level 2 and level 3 Investments and IAS 26 pensions liability valuations, and
- assessing the extent of compliance with the relevant laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement item.
- These audit procedures were designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free from fraud or error. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error and detecting irregularities that result from fraud is inherently more difficult than detecting those that result from error, as fraud may involve collusion, deliberate concealment, forgery or intentional misrepresentations. Also, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we would become aware of it.
- We communicated relevant laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members, including the risk of management override. We remained alert to any indications of non-compliance with laws and regulations, including fraud, throughout the audit.
- Our assessment of the appropriateness of the collective competence and capabilities of the engagement team included consideration of the engagement team's.
 - understanding of, and practical experience with audit engagements of a similar nature and complexity through appropriate training and participation
 - knowledge of the local government pensions sector
 - understanding of the legal and regulatory requirements specific to the Pension Fund including:
 - the provisions of the applicable legislation
 - guidance issued by CIPFA/LASAAC and SOLACE
 - the applicable statutory provisions
- In assessing the potential risks of material misstatement, we obtained an understanding of:
 - the Pension Fund's operations, including the nature of its income and expenditure and its services
 and of its objectives and strategies to understand the classes of transactions, account balances,
 expected financial statement disclosures and business risks that may result in risks of material
 misstatement.
 - the Authority's control environment, including the policies and procedures implemented by the Authority to ensure compliance with the requirements of the financial reporting framework.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the members of the Authority, as a body, in accordance with Part 5 of the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 [and as set out in paragraph 44 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies published by Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited].

Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Authority's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Authority and the Authority's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Peter Barber

Peter Barber, Key Audit Partner for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP, Local Auditor

Bristol

28 November 2023

15. Summary of Financial Statistics.

See overleaf.

| SUMMARY REVENUE FUND ACCOUNT | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Year Ended 31 March | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
| Revenue Account | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Income | | | | | |
| Net Contributions | 202.8 | 185.7 | 211.2 | 161.6 | 153.9 |
| Investment Income | 61.9 | 25.7 | 21.0 | 32.5 | 37.0 |
| Net Cash Transfer | 0.5 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 7.7 | -0.7 |
| Total | 265.2 | 215.9 | 235.8 | 201.8 | 190.2 |
| Expenditure | | | | | |
| Pension & Benefits | 197.8 | 192.4 | 183.2 | 181.2 | 171.9 |
| Investment Management Expenses | 19.7 | 32.2 | 19.4 | 26.9 | 19.3 |
| Administration Costs | 5.6 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 3.5 |
| Total | 223.1 | 229.3 | 206.9 | 212.3 | 194.7 |
| Surplus for the Year | 42.1 | -13.4 | 28.9 | -10.5 | -4.5 |
| Revaluation of Investments | -474.9 | 526.7 | 808.0 | -335.5 | 221.4 |
| Change in Fund Value | -432.8 | 513.3 | 836.9 | -346.0 | 216.9 |
| Total Fund Value | 5389.2 | 5822.0 | 5308.7 | 4471.8 | 4817.8 |
| | Investment managen | osts in compliance | | | |

Pension Scheme Costs.

| Analysis of Fund's Investment Assets | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|--|--|--|
| _ | Total | | | |
| Equities | 2,479 | | | |
| Bonds | 1,026 | | | |
| Property | 628 | | | |
| Diversified Strategies | 337 | | | |
| Infrastructure | 634 | | | |
| Cash & Other | 279 | | | |
| | 5,383 | | | |

An analysis of the movement in the Fund's non-investment assets is included in Note 12 and Note 12a to the Final Accounts

| Analysis of Investment Income accrued during the reporting period | | | | |
|---|-------|--|--|--|
| | Total | | | |
| Equities | - | | | |
| Bonds | 3.1 | | | |
| Property | 32.6 | | | |
| Diversified Strategies | - | | | |
| Infrastructure | 2.5 | | | |
| Cash & Other | 23.7 | | | |
| | 61.9 | | | |

| BUDGET v OUTTURN REPORT ON THE CO | STS TO THE FUND | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | Budget | Actual |
| | 2023/24 | 2022/23 | 22/23 | 2021/22 | 21/22 |
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m |
| Administrative Costs | | | | | |
| Management Costs | 3,397 | 2,351 | 2,143 | 2,207 | 1,926 |
| Administration and Processing | 1,087 | 945 | 891 | 701 | 606 |
| Service from Administrating Body | 479 | 512 | 508 | 483 | 491 |
| Fees and income | (420) | (402) | (316) | (221) | (277) |
| | 4,543 | 3,406 | 3,226 | 3,170 | 2,746 |
| Investment Management Expenses | | | | | |
| Fund Manager Base Fees | 19,467 | 23,165 | 18,473 | 19,339 | 19,842 |
| Custody & Transaction costs | 46 | 44 | 55 | 44 | 51 |
| | 19,513 | 23,209 | 18,528 | 19,383 | 19,893 |
| Oversight & Governance costs | | | | | |
| Management Costs | 980 | 878 | 872 | 785 | 765 |
| Specialist advice and Governance | 1,641 | 1,753 | 1,642 | 1,528 | 1,439 |
| Actuarial recharges | (273) | (246) | (177) | (192) | (317) |
| Audit fees | 88 | 63 | 69 | 56 | 54 |
| | 2,436 | 2,448 | 2,406 | 2,177 | 1,941 |
| | 26,492 | 29,063 | 24,160 | 24,730 | 24,580 |

Figures do not include investment transaction costs that are deducted at source, transistion costs or performance fees that relate to previous years. Budget figures include any adjustments made during the year.

| | | FULL YEAR 2 | 2022/23 |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------|
| FUND CASH FLOW | | Forecast Per | |
| | | Service Plan | Out-turn |
| | | £'000 | £'000 |
| Outflows | | | |
| Benefits | Pensions | (167,388) | (164,599) |
| | Lump sums | (23,919) | (25,364) |
| Administration costs | | (8,767) | (9,897) |
| Total Outflows | | (195,944) | (196,490) |
| Inflows | | | |
| Deficit recovery | | 5,000 | 4,689 |
| Deficit recovery - paid in advar | nce | 7,542 | 8,225 |
| Future service Contributions | | 103,597 | 122,480 |
| Future service Contributions - | paid in advance | 62,765 | 51,373 |
| Total Contributions | | 178,904 | 186,767 |
| Net Cash Flow (excluding In | vestment Income and Transfers) | (21,170) | (13,093) |
| Net Transfers In & Out (budge | tted as zero) | | 221 |
| Investment income received a | s cash | 21,500 | 7,239 |
| Net Cash In-Flow (Out-Flow) | | 330 | (6,075) |

Future Service contributions paid in advance were lower than expected when an employer elected to not pay their contributions in advance after the budget was set. This did not have a detrimental effect on cashflows for the year.

| Timeliness Analysis of Contributions Payments | |
|---|---------|
| | £'000 |
| Total Contributions due in year | 202,854 |
| | |
| Total contributions received late by: | £'000 |
| 1 day | - |
| 2 days | - |
| 3 days | 0 |
| Over 3 days | 453 |
| | 453 |
| Percentage of contributions received late | 0.22% |

Regulations permit the Fund to charge interest on contributions that are paid over one month late at 1% above base rate. No such interest was charged during the year.

Pension Overpayments by financial year

The table below shows an analysis of the pension benefits overpaid compared to the total retirement pensions paid for the year. Pension overpayments mainly relate to overpayment of pensioners between the date of their death and notification.

| | Overpayments | | |
|---------|-------------------------|---------|--------------|
| | invoiced Annual Payroll | | % of payroll |
| | £000s | £000s | |
| 2018/19 | 350 | 142,405 | 0.25% |
| 2019/20 | 111 | 149,862 | 0.07% |
| 2020/21 | 94 | 155,356 | 0.06% |
| 2021/22 | 146 | 159,686 | 0.09% |
| 2022/23 | 125 | 168,770 | 0.07% |

16. Pension increase

Deferred Pensions & Pensions in Payment

Deferred pensions and pensions in payment are increased each year in line with the annual Statutory Pensions Increase (Review) Orders. This is currently based on the change in the published Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the 12 months to 30 September of the previous year. The full increase for 2022/23, which came into effect from the first Monday following the new tax year on 10 April 2023, was 10.1%. The full increase for the previous year 2021/22, which came into effect from 11 April 2022, was 3.1%.

Active Members - CARE Pension Accounts

Career average pensions that have been built up by active fund members since 1 April 2014 are also subject to annual increases. These increases are in line with the Public Service Pensions Revaluation Orders which are also currently based on CPI for the 12 months to 30 September of the previous year. The full increase for 2022/23, which came into effect from *6 April 2023 was 10.1%, with the full increase for the previous year 2021/22, which came into effect from 1 April 2022, being 3.1%.

* On 9 March 2023, the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) laid the LGPS (Amendment) Regulations 2023 ('the regulations'). The regulations moved the annual revaluation date for active members from 1 April to 6 April. The regulations are effective from 31 March 2023.

Currently in the LGPS, the scheme year runs from 1 April to 31 March. The scheme's revaluation was previously applied on 1 April each year, which is the first day of the LGPS scheme year. The change to the regulations means that the revaluation will now happen on 6 April each year to take account of the impact of inflation over the previous scheme year. The new regulations will remove the impact of high inflation on the annual allowance and reduce the number of members incurring a tax charge.

The State Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP) Indexation

The public service schemes were previously required to provide full CPI pension increases on GMP benefits for members who reach State Pension Age between 6 April 2016 and 5 April 2021. This has been extended for all members reaching State Pension Age from 6 April 2021 onwards.

17. Contacts

For further information on investments, accounts, benefits and administration of the Avon Pension Fund email us at: avonpensionfund@bathnes.gov.uk

Or you can write to us at: Avon Pension Fund, Bath and North East Somerset Council Lewis House Manvers Street Bath BA1 1JG

Telephone: 01225 395100

Fax: 01225 395258

General information about the Avon Pension Fund can be found at:

www.avonpensionfund.org.uk

18. Glossary of terms

Actuary An independent consultant who advises the Fund and reviews the financial position of the Fund every three years. The Actuary produces a report, known as the actuarial valuation report, which compares the Fund's assets with its liabilities and prescribes the rates at which the employing bodies must contribute.

Brunel Pension Partnership A partnership of 10 Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) funds who pool the management of their investment assets. The individual funds will retain responsibility for setting investment strategy; Brunel Pension Partnership Ltd, a company owned by the 10 administering authorities, implements the strategies on behalf of the funds. The funds in the partnership are Avon, Buckinghamshire, Cornwall, Devon, Dorset, Environment Agency, Gloucestershire, Oxfordshire, Somerset and Wiltshire.

Consumer Price Index (CPI) CPI is a measure of inflation based on the change in the price of a fixed basket of goods and services. The difference between CPI and Retail Price Index (RPI) is that CPI excludes some items used in RPI such as mortgage interest payments and Council Tax, and includes other items not used in RPI.

CPIH is a broader measure of inflation based on CPI including owner occupiers' housing costs.

Community Admission Bodies Bodies which either have sufficient links with a Scheme employer, and provide a public service in the United Kingdom otherwise than for the purposes of gain or are approved by the Secretary of State for the purposes of admission to the Scheme; a body, other than the governors or managers of a voluntary school, to the funds of which a Scheme employer contributes. Such a body can become a member of the Avon Pension Fund subject to Pension Committee approval.

Corporate Bonds Fixed interest securities and index-linked securities issued by companies registered either in the UK or overseas. They represent 'loans' to the companies which are repayable on a stated future date (for definitions of 'fixed interest' and 'index-linked' see 'Fixed Interest Government Securities' and 'Index-linked Government Securities'). In the annual accounts, these are included in 'Sterling Bonds'.

Deferred Pension The pension benefit held in the Fund for a member who has ceased to contribute as a result of leaving employment or opting out of the pension scheme before retirement age. A deferred pension may normally be claimed at any time between the ages of 55 and 75, but will be reduced if paid before the member's Normal Pension Age or increased if paid after.

Equities Ordinary shares in UK and overseas companies traded on a recognised stock exchange. Shareholders have an interest in the profits of the company and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings.

Fund Benchmark The Fund benchmark reflects the asset mix determined by the Fund. It is expressed in terms of asset proportions and market indices (e.g. 45% UK Equities invested in the FTSE-Actuaries All Share Index). On this basis a benchmark return can

be calculated. The significance of this benchmark is that it represents 'normal fund policy'.

Guaranteed Minimum Pension The LGPS guarantees to pay you a pension that is at least as high as you would have earned had you not been contracted out of the State Earning Related Pension Scheme (SERPS) at any time between 6 April 1978 and 5 April 1997. This is called the Guaranteed Minimum Pension (GMP).

Hedge Funds Also known as 'absolute return funds', these funds have as their objective a performance target expressed as a margin above the return which can be achieved on cash deposits. The advantage of these funds is that they should achieve a positive return even when the stock market falls.

Independent Members Voting members of the Avon Pension Fund Committee who are not councillors and who have no political attachments. There are three such members on the Committee, appointed principally because of the financial/investment expertise which they have acquired in the course of their professional careers.

Indexed-Linked Government Securities Investments in government stocks (UK and overseas) where both the annual interest payment and the capital sum repayable by the government are adjusted to allow for inflation. Investments in government which are repayable on a stated future date.

Liability Risk Management Framework An approach to investing which seeks to match the cashflows generated by the pension payments in the future, by increasing the exposure to the factors that determine the value of those payments, namely market derived bond yields and inflation expectations. Physical instruments, such as index linked bonds, or synthetic instruments, such as derivatives, can be used when implementing the strategy.

Local government The term 'local government' in this document also covers police and fire civilian staff, a coroner, civil servants engaged in probation provision, a Mayoral development corporation, a conservation board, a valuation tribunal, a passenger transport authority, the Environment Agency, and non-teaching employees of an Academy employer, an Education Action Forum, a sixth form college corporation or a Further or Higher Education Corporation

Market Value The price at which an investment can be bought or sold at a given date.

Passive Investing (Indexation) An investment strategy whereby the manager replicates an index in order to generate a rate of return in line with the index. The manager has no discretion over stock selection within the index. If it is a multi-asset portfolio, the asset proportions are prescribed within the mandate.

Pension account Each scheme year the amount of pension you have built up during the year is worked out and this amount is added to your active *pension account*.

Pooled Funds Pooled Funds are funds which manage the investments of more than one investor on a collective basis. Each investor is allocated units in the fund which are

revalued at regular intervals. Income from these investments is normally reinvested in the pooled fund automatically which increases the value of the units.

Retail Price Index (RPI) A measure of the general level of inflation based on the change in the price of a fixed basket of goods and services, such as food, energy, petrol, travelling costs, mortgage interest payments and Council Tax.

Transferee Admission Bodies (Scope Body) A body that provides, by means of a contract, a service in connection with the exercise of a function of a Scheme employer, can become an admitted body within the Avon Pension Fund. The Scheme Employer transferring must act as guarantor for such bodies.

A full A-Z of pension terminology can be found at http://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/glossary

19. Appendices

Appendix A – Avon Pension Fund Pension Board Annual Report 2022 https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/pension-board

Appendix B - Terms of Reference for the Avon Pension Fund Committee and Investment Panel

https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/how-avon-pension-fund-works https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/finance-and-investments

Appendix C – Terms of Reference for the Local Pension Board https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/pension-board

Appendix D - Governance Compliance Statement https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/finance-and-investments

Appendix E – Administration Strategy https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/pensions-administration

Appendix F - Communications Policy Statement https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/pensions-administration

Appendix G – Investment Strategy Statement https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/finance-and-investments

Appendix H - Funding Strategy Statement https://www.avonpensionfund.org.uk/finance-and-investments

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Alternative formats of this document can be made available on request.

